

**PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT**  
**(To Prospectus dated January 22, 2018)**

**SIT RISING RATE ETF**  
**18,150,000 Shares**

This supplement is to the prospectus (the “Prospectus”) of ETF Managers Group Commodity Trust I (the “Trust”) dated January 22, 2018, which relates to shares (the “Shares”) issued by the Sit Rising Rate ETF (the “Fund”), a series of the Trust. The Shares have previously been registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, on a registration statement bearing File No. 333-222379. Capitalized terms used but not defined herein shall have the meanings assigned to them by the Prospectus. This Prospectus supplement should be read in its entirety and kept together with your Prospectus for future reference.

\* \* \* \* \*

**Size of Creation and Redemption Baskets**

As of the date of this supplement, the size of Creation Baskets has been changed and the Shares will only be sold in blocks of 25,000 Shares to “Authorized Participants.” The size of Redemption Baskets has also changed such that Shares may only be redeemed in blocks of 25,000 Shares. Each reference to the size of Creation Baskets and Redemption Baskets in the Prospectus is hereby revised to be 25,000 Shares.

Additionally, the Prospectus is revised as follows:

**The table included in the section titled “Breakeven Analysis” is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:**

Assumed initial selling price per Share	\$23.74
Management and CTA Fee <sup>(1)</sup>	\$0.05
Creation Basket Fee <sup>(2)</sup>	\$(0.02)
Estimated Brokerage Fee <sup>(3)</sup>	\$0.02
Rebalancing Costs (0.012%)	\$0.003
Other Expenses <sup>(4)</sup>	\$0.19
Interest Income (1.33%) <sup>(5)</sup>	\$(0.30)
Amount of trading income (loss) required for the Fund’s NAV to break even	\$0.00
Percentage of initial selling price per share <sup>(6)</sup>	0.00%

- (1) The Fund pays the Sponsor a management fee (the “Sponsor Fee”), calculated daily and paid monthly, equal to the greater of 0.15% of its average daily net assets, or \$75,000. The Fund also pays Sit a license and services fee, paid monthly in arrears, in an amount equal to 0.20% per annum of the value of the Fund’s average daily net assets. The amount presented is based on the Fund’s total assets as of December 26, 2017 and incorporates the Sponsor’s contractual agreement to waive its management fee and/or assume Fund expenses (excluding brokerage fees, interest expense, and extraordinary expenses) to cap Total Annual Fund Expenses at 1.00% (see note 6 below).

- (2) Authorized Participants are required to pay a Creation Basket fee of \$500 for each order they place to create one or more baskets. An order must be at least one basket, which is 25,000 shares. This breakeven analysis assumes a hypothetical investment in a single share so the Creation Basket fee is \$0.02 (\$500/\$25,000).
- (3) This amount is based on estimated brokerage fees for the Fund calculated on an annualized basis.
- (4) Other Expenses are based on estimated amounts for the twelve-month period beginning on January 1, 2018, including the Sponsor's contractual agreement to waive its management fee and/or assume Fund expenses (excluding brokerage fees, interest expense, and extraordinary expenses) to cap Total Annual Fund Expenses at 1.00% (see note 6 below). The Sponsor has paid all of the expenses related to the organization of the Fund and offering of the shares in this prospectus.
- (5) The Fund earns interest on its investments and funds it deposits with the futures commission merchant and the custodian and it estimates that the interest rate will be 1.33% based on the interest rate on three-month Treasury Bills as of December 22, 2017. The actual rate may vary and not all assets of the Fund will earn interest.
- (6) The Sponsor has contractually agreed to waive the Sponsor Fee and/or assume the Fund's Other Expenses (which term excludes brokerage fees, interest expense, and extraordinary expenses) so that the Fund's Total Annual Fund Expenses do not exceed 1.00% per annum through January 31, 2019. After that date, the expense limitation may be terminated and Fund shareholders may incur expenses higher than 1.00% annually, perhaps significantly higher. The Fund may also be responsible for certain non-recurring or extraordinary fee and expenses. For the period from the inception of the Fund through December 31, 2017, Sit had agreed to waive its CTA Fee and the Sponsor had contractually agreed to waive the Sponsor Fee and/or assume the Fund's Other Expenses (which term excludes brokerage fees, interest expense, and extraordinary expenses) so that the Fund's Total Annual Fund Expenses did not exceed 1.50% per annum.

\* \* \* \* \*

In addition, the following changes to the Prospectus are effective as of the date of this supplement:

**The seventh paragraph of the cover page is deleted and replaced with the following:**

The offering of the Fund's shares is registered with the SEC in accordance with the Securities Act of 1933 (the "1933 Act"). The offering is intended to be a continuous offering and is not expected to terminate until all of the registered shares have been sold or three years from the date of the original offering, whichever is earlier, although the offering may be temporarily suspended if and when no suitable investments for the Fund are available or practicable. The Fund is not a mutual fund registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 ("1940 Act") and is not subject to regulation under such act. See "The Fund is not a registered investment company so shareholders do not have the protections of the 1940 Act" on page 9.

**The paragraph of the section titled "Other Risks -- The Fund is not a registered investment company so shareholders do not have the protections of the 1940 Act." is deleted and replaced with the following:**

The Fund is not an investment company subject to the 1940 Act. Accordingly, investors do not have the protections afforded by that statute. The 1940 Act is designed to protect investors by preventing: insiders from managing investment companies to their benefit and to the detriment of public investors; the issuance of securities having inequitable or discriminatory provisions; the management of investment companies by irresponsible persons; the use of unsound or misleading methods of computing earnings and asset value; changes in the character of investment companies without the consent of investors; and investment companies from engaging in excessive leveraging. To accomplish these ends, the 1940 Act requires the safekeeping and proper valuation of fund assets, restricts greatly transactions with affiliates, limits leveraging, and imposes governance requirements as a check on fund management.

**The first paragraph of the section titled “Incorporation By Reference of Certain Information” is deleted and replaced with the following:**

We are a smaller reporting company, as defined in Rule 405 (17 CFR 230, 405) and file annual, quarterly and current reports and other information with the SEC. The rules of the SEC allow us to “incorporate by reference” information that we file with them, which means that we can disclose important information to you by referring you to those documents. The information incorporated by reference is an important part of this prospectus. The documents listed below and all documents subsequently filed by us with the SEC pursuant to Sections 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act before the termination or completion of this offering of our shares shall be deemed to be incorporated by reference in this prospectus and to be a part of it from the filing dates of such documents. This includes but is not limited to the documents set forth below that have been previously filed with the SEC:

- Our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, filed with the SEC on September 28, 2017;
- Our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly periods ended September 30, 2017, filed with the SEC on November 13, 2017, December 31, 2017, filed with the SEC on February 13, 2018, and March 31, 2018, filed with the SEC on May 15, 2018; and
- The Sponsor’s Audited Statements of Financial Condition as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 30, 2018.

**The date of this prospectus supplement is August 17, 2018**

PROSPECTUS

SIT RISING RATE ETF

18,150,000 Shares

\*Principal U.S. Listing Exchange: NYSE Arca, Inc.

The Sit Rising Rate ETF (the “Fund”), a series of the ETF Managers Group Commodity Trust I (the “Trust”), is an exchange traded fund that issues shares that trade on the NYSE Arca stock exchange (“NYSE Arca”). The Fund’s investment objective is to profit from rising interest rates by tracking the performance of a portfolio (the “Benchmark Portfolio”) consisting of exchange traded futures contracts and options on futures on 2, 5 and 10-year U.S. Treasury securities (“Treasury Instruments”) weighted to achieve a targeted negative 10 year average effective portfolio duration (the “Benchmark Component Instruments”). The Benchmark Portfolio is maintained by Sit Fixed Income Advisors II, LLC (“Sit”), which also serves as the Fund’s commodity trading advisor.

The Fund and the Trust are managed and controlled by their sponsor and investment manager, ETF Managers Capital LLC (the “Sponsor”). The Fund pays the Sponsor a management fee (the “Sponsor Fee”), calculated daily and paid monthly, equal to the greater of 0.15% of its average daily net assets, or \$75,000. The Fund also pays Sit a license and service fee, paid monthly in arrears, for the use of the Benchmark Portfolio in an amount equal to 0.20% per annum of the value of the Fund’s average daily net assets (the “CTA Fee” and, together with the Sponsor Fee, the “Management Fee”). The Fund is responsible for paying all of the routine operational, administrative and other ordinary expenses of the Fund, (collectively, “Other Expenses”). The Sponsor has agreed to waive its receipt of the Sponsor Fee and/or assume the Fund’s expenses (excluding brokerage fees, interest expenses, and extraordinary expenses) so that the Fund’s total annual expenses (“Total Expenses”) (i.e., the Management Fee plus Other Expenses) do not exceed 1.00% per annum through January 31, 2019 (the “Expense Cap”). The Fund may also be responsible for certain non-recurring or extraordinary fees and expenses.

In order for a hypothetical investment in shares to break even over the next 12 months, assuming a selling price of \$23.74 (the closing price per share as of December 26, 2017), the investment would have to generate a 0.00% return or \$0.00 (\$23.74 price per share).

The Fund is an exchange traded fund. This means that most investors who decide to buy or sell shares of the Fund place their trade orders through their brokers and may incur customary brokerage commissions and charges. Shares trade on the NYSE Arca under the ticker symbol “RISE” and are bought and sold throughout the trading day at bid and ask prices like other publicly traded securities.

Shares trade on the NYSE Arca after they are initially purchased by “Authorized Participants,” institutional firms that purchase shares in blocks of 50,000 shares called “baskets” through the Fund’s distributor, ETFMG Financial LLC (the “Distributor”). The price of a basket is equal to the net asset value of 50,000 shares on the day that the order to purchase the basket is accepted by the Distributor. The net asset value is calculated by taking the current market value of the Fund’s total assets (after close of NYSE Arca) subtracting any liabilities and dividing that total by the total number of outstanding shares. The offering of the Fund’s shares is a “best efforts” offering, which means that neither the Distributor nor any Authorized Participant is required to purchase a specific number or dollar amount of shares. The Fund pays a distribution fee consisting of an asset-based fee on the amount of the Fund’s annual net assets, subject to a minimum dollar amount. Authorized Participants will not receive from the Fund, the Sponsor or any of their affiliates any fee or other compensation in connection with the sale of shares.

Investors who buy or sell shares during the day from their broker may do so at a premium or discount relative to the Net Asset Value (as defined below) of the Fund’s total net assets due to supply and demand forces at work in the secondary trading market for shares that are closely related to, but not identical to, the same forces influencing the prices of the futures and options on Treasury Instruments in which the Fund invests and the Treasury Instruments and other cash equivalents that the Fund holds. Investing in the Fund involves significant risks. See “**Risk Factors Involved with an Investment in the Fund**” beginning on page 5.

The offering of the Fund’s shares is registered with the SEC in accordance with the Securities Act of 1933 (the “1933 Act”). The offering is intended to be a continuous offering and is not expected to terminate until all of the registered shares have been sold or three years from the date of the original offering, whichever is earlier, although the offering may be temporarily suspended if and when no suitable investments for the Fund are available or practicable. The Fund is not a mutual fund registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (“1940 Act”) and is not subject to regulation under such act.

**NEITHER THE SEC NOR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION HAS APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED OF THE SECURITIES OFFERED IN THIS PROSPECTUS, OR DETERMINED IF THIS PROSPECTUS IS TRUTHFUL OR COMPLETE. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.**

The Fund is a commodity pool and the Sponsor is a commodity pool operator subject to regulation by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission (“CFTC”) and the National Futures Association (“NFA”) under the Commodity Exchange Act, as amended. The Sponsor is registered with the CFTC as a commodity pool operator and is a member of the NFA.

**THE COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION HAS NOT PASSED UPON THE MERITS OF PARTICIPATING IN THIS POOL NOR HAS THE COMMISSION PASSED ON THE ADEQUACY OR ACCURACY OF THIS DISCLOSURE DOCUMENT.**

The date of this prospectus is January 22, 2018

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**COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION RISK DISCLOSURE STATEMENT**

**YOU SHOULD CAREFULLY CONSIDER WHETHER YOUR FINANCIAL CONDITION PERMITS YOU TO PARTICIPATE IN A COMMODITY POOL. IN SO DOING, YOU SHOULD BE AWARE THAT COMMODITY INTEREST TRADING CAN QUICKLY LEAD TO LARGE LOSSES AS WELL AS GAINS. SUCH TRADING LOSSES CAN SHARPLY REDUCE THE NET ASSET VALUE OF THE POOL AND CONSEQUENTLY THE VALUE OF YOUR INTEREST IN THE POOL. IN ADDITION, RESTRICTIONS ON REDEMPTIONS MAY AFFECT YOUR ABILITY TO WITHDRAW YOUR PARTICIPATION IN THE POOL.**

**FURTHER, COMMODITY POOLS MAY BE SUBJECT TO SUBSTANTIAL CHARGES FOR MANAGEMENT, AND ADVISORY AND BROKERAGE FEES. IT MAY BE NECESSARY FOR THOSE POOLS THAT ARE SUBJECT TO THESE CHARGES TO MAKE SUBSTANTIAL TRADING PROFITS TO AVOID DEPLETION OR EXHAUSTION OF THEIR ASSETS. THIS DISCLOSURE DOCUMENT CONTAINS A COMPLETE DESCRIPTION OF EACH EXPENSE TO BE CHARGED THIS POOL AT PAGE 32 AND A STATEMENT OF THE PERCENTAGE RETURN NECESSARY TO BREAK EVEN, THAT IS, TO RECOVER THE AMOUNT OF YOUR INITIAL INVESTMENT, AT PAGE 33.**

**THIS BRIEF STATEMENT CANNOT DISCLOSE ALL THE RISKS AND OTHER FACTORS NECESSARY TO EVALUATE YOUR PARTICIPATION IN THIS COMMODITY POOL. THEREFORE, BEFORE YOU DECIDE TO PARTICIPATE IN THIS COMMODITY POOL, YOU SHOULD CAREFULLY STUDY THIS DISCLOSURE DOCUMENT, INCLUDING THE DESCRIPTION OF THE PRINCIPAL RISK FACTORS OF THIS INVESTMENT, AT PAGE 5.**

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## Prospectus Summary

*This is only a summary of the prospectus and, while it contains material information about the Fund and its shares, it does not contain or summarize all of the information about the Fund and the shares contained in this prospectus that is material and/or which may be important to you. You should read this entire prospectus, including “Risk Factors Involved with an Investment in the Fund” beginning on page 5, before making an investment decision about the shares. For a glossary of defined terms, see Appendix A.*

The Fund is a series of ETF Managers Group Commodity Trust I (the “Trust”), a Delaware statutory trust formed on July 23, 2014. The Trust is a series trust formed pursuant to the Delaware Statutory Trust Act, and the Trust is currently organized into two separate series. The Fund is the first series of the Trust and is a commodity pool that continuously issues common shares of beneficial interest that may be purchased and sold on the NYSE Arca, Inc. stock exchange (“NYSE Arca”). The Fund is currently the Trust’s only publicly offered series. However, the second series of the Trust, the Breakwave Dry Bulk Shipping ETF, may be publicly offered in the future. The Fund is managed and controlled by ETF Managers Capital LLC (the “Sponsor”), a Delaware limited liability company. The Sponsor is registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission (“CFTC”) as a commodity pool operator (“CPO”) and is a member of the National Futures Association (“NFA”). Sit Fixed Income Advisors II, LLC (“Sit”) is registered as a “commodity trading advisor” (“CTA”) with the CFTC and serves as the Fund’s commodity trading advisor.

The principal office of the Sponsor, Trust and Fund is located at 30 Maple Street, Suite 2, Summit, NJ 07901. The telephone number for each is (908) 897-0518.

## The Fund’s Investment Objective and Strategy

The Fund’s investment objective is to profit from rising interest rates by tracking the performance of a portfolio (the “Benchmark Portfolio”) consisting of exchange traded futures contracts and options on futures on 2, 5 and 10-year U.S. Treasury securities (“Treasury Instruments”) weighted to achieve a targeted negative 10 year average effective portfolio duration (the “Benchmark Component Instruments”). The Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing in the Benchmark Component Instruments currently constituting the Benchmark Portfolio. The Benchmark Portfolio is maintained by Sit and will be rebalanced, reconstituted, or both, monthly (typically on the 15th of each month and on the next business day if the 15th is a holiday, weekend, or other day on which the national exchanges are closed) to maintain a negative 10 year average effective duration. The Benchmark Portfolio and the Fund will each maintain a short position in Treasury Instruments. The Fund does not use futures contracts or options to obtain leveraged investment results. The Benchmark Component Instruments currently constituting the Benchmark Portfolio and anticipated rebalancing dates, as well as the daily holdings of the Fund, are available on the Fund’s website at [www.risingrateetf.com](http://www.risingrateetf.com).

The weighting of the Treasury Instruments constituting the Benchmark Component Instruments will be based on each maturity’s duration contribution. The expected range for the duration weighted percentage of the 2 year and 5 year maturity Treasury Instruments will be from 30% to 70%. The expected range for the duration weighted percentage of the 10 year maturity Treasury Instruments will be from 5% to 25%.

The relative weightings of the Benchmark Component Instruments will be shifted between maturities when there are material changes in the shape of the yield curve, for example, if the Federal Reserve began raising short term interest rates more than long term interest rates. In such an instance, Sit, which maintains the Benchmark Portfolio, will increase the weightings of the 2 year and reduce the weighting in the 10 year maturity Treasury Instruments. Conversely, Sit will do the opposite if the Federal Reserve began raising long term interest rates more than short term interest rates. Reconstitution and rebalancing each will occur monthly, on the 15th, except for as noted above or if there are radical changes in the yield curve such that effective duration is outside of a range from negative nine to negative 11-year average effective duration, in which case Sit will adjust the maturities of the Treasury Instruments before the next expected monthly reconstitution.

The Sponsor anticipates that approximately 5% to 15% of the Fund's assets will be used as payment for or collateral for Treasury Instruments. The Fund will post margin from such assets to its futures commission merchant ("FCM"), SG Americas Securities, LLC, in an amount equal to the margin required by the relevant exchange, and transfer to its FCM any additional amounts that may be separately required by the FCM. When establishing positions in Treasury Instruments, the Fund will be required to deposit initial margin with a value of approximately 3% to 10% of the value of each Treasury Instrument position at the time it is established. These margin requirements are subject to change from time to time by the exchange or the FCM. On a daily basis, the Fund will be obligated to pay, or entitled to receive, variation margin in an amount equal to the change in the daily settlement level of its Treasury Instruments positions. Any assets not required to be posted as margin with the FCM will be held at the Fund's custodian in cash or cash equivalents.

The Benchmark Portfolio will consist of the Benchmark Component Instruments and rebalanced, reconstituted, or both to maintain a negative average effective portfolio duration of approximately 10 years. Duration is a measure of estimated price sensitivity relative to changes in interest rates. Portfolios with longer durations are typically more sensitive to changes in interest rates. For example, if interest rates rise by 1%, the market value of a security with an effective duration of 5 years would decrease by 5%, with all other factors being constant, and likewise, if interest rates decline by 1%, the market value of a security with an effective duration of negative 5 years would increase by 5%, with all other factors being constant. Duration estimates are based on assumptions by Sit and are subject to a number of limitations. Duration is a more accurate estimate of price sensitivity provided interest rate changes are small and occur equally in short-term and long-term securities. Investments in debt securities typically decrease in value when interest rates rise. The risk of a decrease in value is usually greater for longer-term debt securities.

The Fund incurs certain expenses in connection with its operations. The Fund holds cash or cash equivalents such as U.S. Treasuries or other high credit quality, short-term fixed-income or similar securities for direct investment or as collateral for the Treasury Instruments and for other liquidity purposes and to meet redemptions that may be necessary on an ongoing basis. These expenses and income from the cash and cash equivalent holdings may cause imperfect correlation between changes in the Fund's net asset value per share and changes in the Benchmark Portfolio, because the Benchmark Portfolio does not reflect expenses or income.

### **Principal Investment Risks of an Investment in the Fund**

An investment in the Fund involves risk. As with any investment, you could lose all or part of your investment in the Fund, and the Fund's performance could trail that of other investments. The Fund is subject to the principal risks noted below which may adversely affect the Fund's net asset value per share ("NAV"), trading price, yield, total return and ability to meet its investment objective. Some of the risks you may face are summarized below. A more extensive discussion of these risks appears beginning on page 5.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Investments in debt securities typically decrease in value when interest rates rise. However, the Fund attempts to maintain a negative effective duration and therefore anticipates that an increase in interest rates will increase the Fund's net asset value, and a decrease in rates will reduce the Fund's net asset value.

#### **Political and Governmental Action Risk**

Interest rate movements are heavily influenced by the actions of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System and other central banks. Their actions are based on judgments and policies that involve numerous political and economic factors which are unpredictable. Recent interest rate and monetary policies have been unprecedented and may continue to be so. Interest rates have been at historic lows since the 2008 market disruptions and may continue to be low.

#### **Yield Curve Risk**

The Fund will invest in U.S. Treasuries and Treasury Instruments with exposure to different maturity dates. Generally, the Fund's exposure to securities with maturities of 2 and 5 years will be greater than its exposure to securities with maturities of 10 years. Interest rates do not change uniformly for U.S. Treasuries of different maturities and therefore if interest rates rise, the investment performance of the Fund will be impacted by the Fund's current maturity exposure, which may be different from the expectations of the Sponsor and investors in the Fund.



#### Tracking Risk

As with all funds that track a benchmark, the performance of the Fund may not closely track the performance of the benchmark for a variety of reasons.

#### Short Sale Risk

The risk of loss of a short futures position is potentially unlimited. While that risk is somewhat mitigated by the current low interest rate environment, the potential for loss will increase if rates rise and then fall.

#### Futures and Options Market Risk

Futures and options contracts have expiration dates. Before or upon the expiration of a contract, the Fund may be required to enter into a replacement contract that is priced higher or that have less favorable terms than the contract being replaced.

#### Tax Risk

The Trust is organized as a Delaware statutory trust, but taxed as a partnership in accordance with the provisions of the governing trust agreement and applicable state law and, therefore, has a more complex tax treatment than conventional mutual funds. The Fund will furnish shareholders each year with tax information on IRS Schedule K-1 (Form 1065) and each U.S. shareholder is required to report on its U.S. federal income tax return its allocable share of income, gain, loss and deduction of the Fund. The tax reporting of a partnership interest can be complex and shareholders are advised to consult a tax expert.

#### Market Trading Risk

Shares of the Fund trade on the NYSE Arca and are bought and sold throughout the trading day at bid and ask prices like other publicly traded securities. Such secondary market trading creates risk for investors in Fund shares, including, but not limited to, the potential lack of an active market for Fund shares, losses from trading in secondary markets, and periods of high volatility and disruption in the process through which shares of the Fund are sold and redeemed. During periods of unusual volatility or market disruptions, market prices of Fund shares may deviate significantly from the market value of the Fund's portfolio investments or the NAV of Fund shares. Any of these factors may lead to the Fund's shares trading at a premium or discount to its NAV.

#### Management Risk

The investment strategy used by the Sponsor or its implementation may not produce the intended results.

#### Other Risks

The Fund pays fees and expenses that are incurred regardless of whether it is profitable. In order for an investor making an investment in shares of the Fund to break even over the 12 month period following the date of this prospectus, assuming a selling price of \$23.74 (the closing price per share as of December 26, 2017), the investment would have to generate a 0.00% return or \$0.00 (\$23.74 price per share) for the investor not to lose money.

Unlike mutual funds, commodity pools and other investment pools that manage their investments in an attempt to realize income and gains and distribute such income and gains to their investors, the Fund generally does not distribute cash to shareholders. You should not invest in the Fund if you will need cash distributions from the Fund to pay taxes on your share of income and gains of the Fund, if any, or for any other reason.

You will have no rights to participate in the management of the Fund and will have to rely on the duties and judgment of the Sponsor to manage the Fund.

The Fund is subject to actual and potential inherent conflicts involving the Sponsor and its principals, various commodity futures brokers and Authorized Participants. The Sponsor's officers, directors and employees do not devote their time exclusively to the Fund. The Sponsor's directors, officers or employees may serve in the same or different functions with other entities that may compete with the Fund for their services, including other commodity pools that the Sponsor or its trading principal manages or may manage in the future (these pools are referred to in this prospectus as the "Related Pools" and are identified in the Glossary). These persons could have a conflict between their responsibilities to the Fund and to those other entities.

There can be no assurance that the Fund will grow to or maintain an economically viable size, in which case the Sponsor may liquidate the Fund. Investors could lose part or all of their investment.

### The Fund's Fees and Expenses

**This table describes the net fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold Shares of the Fund. The percentages are based on estimated expenses for the twelve-month period beginning on January 1, 2018 and the Fund's total assets as of December 26, 2017. You should note that you may pay brokerage commissions on purchases and sales of the Fund's Shares, which are not reflected in the table; however, the Fund's brokerage fees and commissions are included (those costs associated with rolling futures). Authorized Participants will pay applicable creation and redemption fees. See "Creation and Redemption of Shares-Creation and Redemption Transaction Fee," page 66.**

**Annual Fund Operating Expenses** (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Sponsor Fee <sup>(1)</sup>	0.23%
CTA Fee <sup>(2)</sup>	0.20%
Other Expenses	1.26%
Brokerage Commissions	0.09%
<b>Total Annual Fund Expenses</b>	<b>1.78%</b>
Expense Waiver/Assumption <sup>(3)</sup>	(0.69)%
<b>Total Annual Fund Expenses after Expense Waiver/Assumption<sup>(3)</sup></b>	<b>1.09%</b>

(1) The Fund pays the Sponsor a management fee (the "Sponsor Fee"), calculated daily and paid monthly, equal to the greater of 0.15% of its average daily net assets, or \$75,000.

(2) The Fund pays Sit a license and service fee, paid monthly in arrears, for the use of the Benchmark Portfolio in an amount equal to 0.20% per annum of the value of the Fund's average daily net assets (the "CTA Fee" and, together with the Sponsor Fee, the "Management Fee"). For the period from the inception of the Fund through December 31, 2017, the Fund paid Sit a license and service fee for the use of the Benchmark Portfolio in an amount equal to 0.50% per annum of the value of the Fund's average daily net assets.

(3) The Sponsor has contractually agreed to waive the Sponsor Fee and/or assume the Fund's Other Expenses (which term excludes brokerage fees, interest expense, and extraordinary expenses) so that the Fund's Total Annual Fund Expenses do not exceed 1.00% per annum through January 31, 2019. After that date, the expense limitation may be terminated and Fund shareholders may incur expenses higher than 1.00% annually, potentially significantly higher. As the Fund's assets increase, Other Expenses may decrease as a percentage of the Fund's assets. Above a certain size the Other Expenses may be less than 1.26%. The Fund may also be responsible for certain non-recurring or extraordinary fees and expenses. For the period from the inception of the Fund through December 31, 2017, Sit had agreed to waive its CTA Fee and the Sponsor had contractually agreed to waive the Sponsor Fee and/or assume the Fund's Other Expenses (which term excludes brokerage fees, interest expense, and extraordinary expenses) so that the Fund's Total Annual Fund Expenses did not exceed 1.50% per annum. The audited financial statements in the Annual Report differ, as the fees and expenses in the Annual Report reflect the expense limitation in effect through December 31, 2017.

The table below shows the total dollar amount of fees and expenses paid by the Fund for the twelve-month period ended September 30, 2017.

Sponsor Fee	\$	39,710
CTA Fee	\$	81,823
Other Expenses <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	367,145
Brokerage Commissions	\$	29,039
Expenses Waived/Assumed by Sponsor or CTA <sup>(2)</sup>	\$	(243,207)
Total Annual Fund Expenses after Waivers/Assumptions <sup>(2)</sup>	\$	274,510

(1) Other Expenses include, but are not limited to, auditing, legal, accounting and administrative, tax-preparation, regulatory reporting, wholesale support, and insurance costs, as well as professional and distribution fees.

(2) For the period from the inception of the Fund through December 31, 2017, Sit had agreed to waive its CTA Fee and the Sponsor had contractually agreed to waive the Sponsor Fee and/or assume the Fund's Other Expenses (which term excludes brokerage fees, interest expense, and extraordinary expenses) so that the Fund's Total Annual Fund Expenses did not exceed 1.50% per annum. The fees and expenses in the table above reflect the expense limitation in effect through December 31, 2017.

#### Risk Factors Involved with an Investment in the Fund

*You should consider carefully the risks described below before making an investment decision. You should also refer to the other information included in this prospectus and in our periodic and current reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission that are incorporated by reference. Such information includes the Fund's, the Trust's and the Sponsor's financial statements and the related notes. See "Incorporation by Reference of Certain Information."*

An investment in the Fund involves risks. You could lose all or part of your investment in the Fund, and the Fund's performance could trail that of other investments. The Fund is subject to the principal risks noted below which may adversely affect the Fund's NAV, trading price, yield, total return and ability to meet its investment objective.

***The value of the Shares of the Fund relates directly to the value of, and realized profit or loss from, the Treasury Instruments and other assets held by the Fund, and fluctuations in price could materially affect the Shares.***

The NAV of the Fund's shares relates directly to the value of the U.S. Treasuries, cash and cash equivalents held by the Fund and the portfolio's negative effective duration established and maintained through the Fund's investment in Treasury Instruments. Fluctuations in the prices of these assets could materially adversely affect the value and performance of an investment in the Fund's shares. Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future results; all or substantially all of an investment in the Fund could be lost. The primary types of investment-related risk are discussed below.

***The Fund's investment strategy is based upon certain movements in interest rates that may not develop or to the magnitude or at the time expected. If such movements do not occur as expected, the value of the Shares may be adversely affected.***

Investments in debt securities typically decrease in value when interest rates rise; however, the Fund attempts to maintain a portfolio with a negative effective duration and therefore anticipates that an increase in interest rates may increase the Fund's value, and a decrease in rates may lower the Fund's value. The NAV of the Fund's shares relates directly to the value of U.S. Treasuries and Treasury Instruments held by the Fund which are materially impacted by interest rate movements. The magnitude of the impact on value from a change in interest rates is often greater for longer-term fixed income securities than shorter-term securities. Interest rates have been near historic lows since the market events of 2008 and if they remain low the Fund may not be able to achieve its investment objective through its investment strategy.

***Interest rates are heavily influenced by political and governmental bodies and their actions may be unpredictable and may materially affect the Fund.***

Interest rate movements are heavily influenced by the actions of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System and other central banks. Their actions are based on judgments and policies which involve numerous political and economic factors which are unpredictable. Recent interest rate and monetary policies have been unprecedented and may continue to be so. Interest rates have been near historic lows since the 2008 market disruptions and may continue to be low.

***Several factors may affect the Fund's ability to consistently track the Benchmark Portfolio and achieve the Fund's investment objective.***

As with all funds that track a benchmark, the performance of the Fund may not closely track the performance of the benchmark for a variety of reasons. For example, the Fund incurs operating expenses and portfolio transaction costs not incurred by the benchmark. The Fund is also required to manage cash flows and may experience operational inefficiencies the benchmark does not. In addition, the Fund may not be fully invested in the contents of its benchmark at all times or may hold securities not included in its benchmark. As a result, there can be no assurance that the Fund will be able to achieve its investment objective.

***Interest rates may not uniformly change across maturities and the Benchmark Portfolio's weighting may not be optimal for the yield curve.***

The Fund will invest in Treasury Instruments and U.S. Treasuries with exposure to different maturity dates. Generally, the Fund's exposure to securities with maturities of 2 and 5 years will be greater than its exposure to securities with maturities of 10 years. Interest rates do not change uniformly for U.S. Treasuries of different maturities and therefore if interest rates rise, the investment performance of the Fund will be impacted by the Fund's current maturity exposure which may be different from the expectations of the Sponsor and investors in the Fund. At any time, the Fund's maturity exposure may not be optimal with respect to a movement in interest rates which would negatively impact the value of the shares.

***Short sale exposure can be unlimited and if interest rates decrease investors may lose their investment.***

The risk of loss of a short futures position is potentially unlimited. While that risk is somewhat mitigated by the current low interest rate environment, the potential for loss will increase if interest rates rise and then fall.

***The futures markets are highly volatile and price movements can be rapid and substantial.***

Futures contracts have a high degree of price variability and are subject to occasional rapid and substantial changes. Consequently, you could lose all or substantially all of your investment in the Fund.

***The Fund will not take defensive positions to protect against declining interest rates, which could cause a decline to the value of the Fund's shares.***

The Fund will maintain a portfolio with a targeted average effective duration of approximately negative 10 years regardless of the Sponsor's views on expected interest rate movements. The Fund will not take a defensive position if interest rates decline or if the Sponsor expects rates to decline. The Fund's performance will be highly sensitive to interest rate changes due to the negative effective duration target and the value of the Fund's shares will decrease as interest rates fall.

***Unlike a mutual fund, the market price at which investors buy or sell shares may be significantly more or less than NAV.***

The market price at which investors buy or sell shares may be significantly less or more than NAV. The Fund's per share NAV will change throughout the day as fluctuations occur in the market value of the Fund's portfolio assets. The public trading price at which an investor buys or sells shares during the day from their broker may be different from the NAV of the shares. Price differences may relate primarily to supply and demand forces at work in the secondary trading market for the Fund's shares that are closely related to, but not identical to, the same forces influencing the prices of the Treasury Instruments and U.S. Treasuries, cash and cash equivalents that constitute the Fund's assets.

The NAV of the Fund's shares may also be influenced by non-concurrent trading hours between the NYSE Arca and the exchanges on which U.S. Treasuries and Treasury Instruments are traded (primarily exchanges within the CME Group of exchanges, collectively "CME"), where the Fund expects most of its trading transactions to occur. While the Fund's shares trade on the NYSE Arca from 9:30 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time, the trading hours for the CME do not coincide during all of this time. As a result, trading spreads and the resulting premium or discount on the shares may widen and, therefore, increase the difference between the price of the shares and the NAV of the shares.

***The Trust is taxed as a partnership and the applicable tax laws are complex and burdensome on investors and may cause investors to incur tax liabilities in excess of any distributions they may receive with respect to the shares.***

An investor's tax liability may exceed the amount of distributions, if any, on its shares. Cash or property will be distributed at the sole discretion of the Sponsor. The Sponsor has not and does not currently intend to make cash or other distributions with respect to the shares. Investors will be required to pay U.S. federal income tax and, in some cases, state, local, or foreign income tax, on their allocable share of the Fund's taxable income, without regard to whether they receive distributions or the amount of any distributions. Therefore, the tax liability of an investor with respect to its shares is likely to exceed the amount of cash or value of property (if any) distributed.

An investor's allocable share of taxable income or loss may differ from its economic income or loss on its shares.

Due to the application of the assumptions and conventions applied by the Fund in making allocations for tax purposes and other factors, an investor's allocable share of the Fund's income, gain, deduction or loss may be different than its economic profit or loss from its shares for a taxable year. This difference could be temporary or permanent and, if permanent, could result in a shareholder being taxed on amounts in excess of its economic income.

Items of income, gain, deduction, loss and credit with respect to shares could be reallocated if the U.S. Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") does not accept the assumptions and conventions applied by the Fund in allocating those items, with potential adverse consequences for an investor.

The U.S. tax rules pertaining to entities taxed as partnerships are complex and their application to large, publicly traded partnership treated entities such as the Fund is in many respects uncertain. The Fund applies certain assumptions and conventions in an attempt to comply with the intent of the applicable rules and to report taxable income, gains, deductions, losses and credits in a manner that properly reflects shareholders' economic gains and losses. These assumptions and conventions may not fully comply with all aspects of the Internal Revenue Code (the "Code") and applicable Treasury Regulations, however, and it is possible that the IRS could successfully challenge the Fund's allocation methods and require the Fund to reallocate items of income, gain, deduction, loss or credit in a manner that adversely affects investors. If this occurs, investors may be required to file an amended tax return and to pay additional taxes plus deficiency interest.

***The Fund could be treated as a corporation for federal income tax purposes, which may substantially reduce the value of the shares.***

The Fund has obtained an opinion of counsel that, under current U.S. federal income tax laws, the Fund will be treated as a trust that is not taxable as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes, provided that (i) at least 90 percent of the Fund's annual gross income consists of "qualifying income" as defined in the Code, (ii) the Fund is organized and operated in accordance with its governing agreements and applicable law and (iii) the Fund does not elect to be taxed as a corporation for federal income tax purposes. Although the Sponsor anticipates that the Fund will satisfy the "qualifying income" requirement for all of its taxable years, that result cannot be assured. The Fund has not requested and will not request any ruling from the IRS with respect to its classification as a trust not taxable as a corporation for federal income tax purposes. If the IRS were to successfully assert that the Fund is taxable as a corporation for federal income tax purposes in any taxable year, rather than passing through its income, gains, losses and deductions proportionately to shareholders, the Fund would be subject to tax on its net income for the year at corporate tax rates. In addition, although the Sponsor does not currently intend to make distributions with respect to shares, any distributions would be taxable to shareholders as dividend income. Taxation of the Fund as a corporation could materially reduce the after-tax return on an investment in shares and could substantially reduce the value of the shares.

***The Fund is organized and operated as a Delaware statutory trust in accordance with the provisions of the declaration of trust and applicable state law, and therefore, the Fund has a more complex tax treatment than traditional mutual funds.***

The Fund is organized and operated as a trust in accordance with the provisions of the governing trust agreement (the “Trust Agreement”) and applicable state law. No U.S. federal income tax is paid by the Fund on its income. Instead, the Fund will furnish shareholders each year with tax information on IRS Schedule K-1 (Form 1065) and each U.S. shareholder is required to report on its U.S. federal income tax return its allocable share of the income, gain, loss and deduction of the Fund. This must be reported without regard to the amount (if any) of cash or property the shareholder receives as a distribution from the Fund during the taxable year. The tax reporting of a partnership interest can be complex and shareholders may be advised to consult a tax expert. A shareholder, therefore, may be allocated income or gain by the Fund but receive no cash distribution with which to pay the tax liability resulting from the allocation, or may receive a distribution that is insufficient to pay such liability.

In addition to federal income taxes, shareholders may be subject to other taxes, such as state and local income taxes, unincorporated business taxes, business franchise taxes and estate, inheritance or intangible taxes that may be imposed by the various jurisdictions in which the Fund does business or owns property or where the shareholders reside. Although an analysis of those various taxes is not presented here, each prospective shareholder should consider their potential impact on its investment in the Fund. It is each shareholder’s responsibility to file the appropriate U.S. federal, state, local and foreign tax returns.

#### **Other Risks**

***Certain of the Fund’s investments could be illiquid, which could cause large losses to investors at any time or from time to time.***

Futures and option positions cannot always be liquidated at the desired price. It is difficult to execute a trade at a specific price when there is a relatively small volume of buy and sell orders in a market. A market disruption can also make it difficult to liquidate a position. The large size of the positions that the Fund may acquire increases the risk of illiquidity both by making its positions more difficult to liquidate and by potentially increasing losses while trying to do so.

***The NYSE Arca may halt trading in the Fund’s shares, which would adversely impact an investor’s ability to sell shares.***

The Fund’s shares are listed for trading on the NYSE Arca under the market symbol “RISE.” Trading in shares may be halted due to market conditions or, in light of NYSE Arca rules and procedures, for reasons that, in the view of the NYSE Arca, make trading in shares inadvisable. In addition, trading is subject to trading halts caused by extraordinary market volatility pursuant to “circuit breaker” rules that require trading to be halted for a specified period based on a specified market decline. Additionally, there can be no assurance that the requirements necessary to maintain the listing of the Fund’s shares will continue to be met or will remain unchanged. NYSE Arca listing rules require a minimum of 50,000 shares to be outstanding for continued listing and will be the Fund’s minimum.

***The lack of an active trading market for the Fund’s shares may result in losses on an investor’s investment in the Fund at the time the investor sells the shares.***

Although the Fund’s shares are listed and traded on the NYSE Arca, there can be no guarantee that an active trading market for the shares will be maintained. If an investor needs to sell shares at a time when no active trading market for them exists, the price the investor receives upon sale of the shares, assuming they were able to be sold, likely would be lower than if an active market existed.

***During periods of unusual volatility or market disruptions, market prices of Fund shares may deviate significantly from the market value of the Fund's portfolio investments or the NAV of Fund shares.***

The NAV of Fund shares will generally fluctuate with changes in the market value of the Fund's securities holdings. The market prices of shares will generally fluctuate in accordance with changes in the Fund's NAV and supply and demand of shares on the NYSE Arca. It cannot be predicted whether Fund shares will trade below, at or above their NAV. During periods of unusual volatility or market disruptions, market prices of Fund shares may deviate significantly from the market value of the Fund's securities holdings or the NAV of Fund shares.

***The Sponsor is leanly staffed and relies heavily on key personnel to manage the Fund and other funds.***

In managing and directing the day-to-day activities and affairs of the Fund, the Sponsor relies heavily on the services of its CEO, Samuel Masucci, III, its CCO, Reshma J. Amin, and its CFO, John A. Flanagan. If any of the group were to leave or be unable to carry out his or her present responsibilities, it may have an adverse effect on the management of the Fund.

***There is a risk that the Fund will not earn trading gains sufficient to compensate for the fees and expenses that it must pay and as such the Fund may not earn any profit.***

As discussed in more detail in the section of this prospectus entitled "Breakeven Analysis" on page 33, the Fund has estimated that in order for a hypothetical investment in shares to break even over the next 12 months, assuming a selling price of \$23.74 (the closing price per share as of December 26, 2017), the investment would have to generate a 0.00% return or \$0.00 (\$23.74 price per share). The breakeven amount may be higher than estimated. The Fund's Management Fee and Other Expenses must be paid in all cases regardless of whether the Fund's activities are profitable. Accordingly, the Fund must earn trading gains sufficient to compensate for these fees and expenses before it can earn any profit.

***Regulation of the futures and options markets is extensive and constantly changing; future regulatory developments are impossible to predict but may significantly and adversely affect the Fund.***

The futures markets are subject to comprehensive statutes, regulations, and margin requirements. In addition, the CFTC and futures exchanges are authorized to take extraordinary actions in the event of a market emergency, including, for example, the retroactive implementation of speculative position limits or higher margin requirements, the establishment of daily price limits and the suspension of trading.

Regulation of commodity interest transactions in the United States is a rapidly changing area of law and is subject to ongoing modification by governmental and judicial action. Considerable regulatory attention has been focused on non-traditional investment pools that are publicly distributed in the United States. The effect of any future regulatory change on the Fund is impossible to predict, but it could be substantial and adverse.

***An investment in the Fund may provide little or no diversification benefits.***

Interest rates historically have experienced a correlation with other asset classes. Accordingly, if interest rates decline, an investor in Fund shares will experience a loss at the same time the investor may suffer losses with respect to other investments.

***The Fund is not a registered investment company so shareholders do not have the protections of the 1940 Act.***

The Fund is not an investment company subject to the 1940 Act. Accordingly, investors do not have the protections afforded by that statute, which, for example, requires investment companies to have a majority of disinterested directors and regulates the relationship between the investment company and its investment manager.

***The Fund and the Sponsor may have conflicts of interests.***

The Fund is subject to actual and potential inherent conflicts involving the Sponsor, various commodity futures brokers and Authorized Participants. The Sponsor's officers, directors and employees do not devote their time exclusively to the Fund. These persons are directors, officers or employees of other entities that may compete with the Fund for their services. They could have a conflict between their responsibilities to the Fund and to those other entities.

The Fund may also be subject to certain conflicts of interest with respect to its FCM through which it places trades in certain Treasury Instruments, including, but not limited to, conflicts that result from receiving greater amounts of compensation from other clients, or purchasing opposite or competing positions on behalf of third party accounts traded through the FCM.

***Shareholders have only very limited voting rights and have the power to replace the Sponsor only under specific circumstances. Shareholders do not participate in the management of the Fund and do not control the Sponsor, so they do not have any influence over basic matters that affect the Fund.***

Shareholders have very limited voting rights with respect to the Fund's affairs and have none of the statutory rights normally associated with the ownership of shares of a corporation (including, for example, the right to bring "oppression" or "derivative" actions). Shareholders may elect a replacement sponsor only if the Sponsor resigns voluntarily or loses its limited liability company charter. Shareholders are not permitted to participate in the management or control of the Fund or the conduct of its business. Shareholders must therefore rely upon the duties and judgment of the Sponsor to manage the Fund's affairs.

***The Fund could terminate at any time and cause the liquidation and potential loss of an investor's investment and could upset the overall maturity and timing of an investor's investment portfolio.***

The Fund may terminate at any time, regardless of whether the Fund has incurred losses, subject to the terms of the Trust Agreement. In particular, unforeseen circumstances, including the death, adjudication of incompetence, bankruptcy, dissolution, or removal of the Sponsor as the manager of the Fund could cause the Fund to terminate unless a majority interest of the security holders within 90 days of the event elects to continue the Fund. However, no level of losses will require the Sponsor to terminate the Fund. The Fund's termination would cause the liquidation and potential loss of an investor's investment. Termination could also negatively affect the overall maturity and timing of an investor's investment portfolio.

***The Fund does not expect to make cash distributions.***

Unlike mutual funds, commodity pools or other investment pools that actively manage their investments in an attempt to realize income and gains from their investing activities and distribute such income and gains to their investors, the Fund generally does not expect to distribute cash to security holders. An investor should not invest in the Fund if the investor will need cash distributions from the Fund to pay taxes on its share of income and gains of the Fund, if any, or for any other reason. Nonetheless, although the Fund does not intend to make cash distributions, the income earned from its investments held directly or posted as margin may reach levels that merit distribution, e.g., at levels where such income is not necessary to support its underlying investments and investors adversely react to being taxed on such income without receiving distributions that could be used to pay such tax. If this income becomes significant then cash distributions may be made.

***An unanticipated number of redemption requests during a short period of time could have an adverse effect on the Fund's NAV.***

If a substantial number of requests for redemptions are received by the Fund during a relatively short period of time, the Fund may not be able to satisfy the requests from the Fund's assets not committed to trading. As a consequence, it could be necessary to liquidate positions in the Fund's trading positions before the time that the trading strategies would otherwise dictate liquidation.



***The financial markets are currently in a slow period of recovery and the financial markets are still relatively fragile.***

Since 2008, the financial markets have experienced very difficult conditions and volatility as well as significant adverse trends. Although the financial markets have recovered somewhat, the financial markets are still fragile. A poor financial recovery could adversely affect the financial condition and results of operations of the Fund's service providers and Authorized Participants, which would impact the ability of the Sponsor to achieve the Fund's investment objective.

***The failure or bankruptcy of a clearing broker or the Fund's Custodian could result in a substantial loss of the Fund's assets and could impair the Fund in its ability to execute trades.***

Under CFTC regulations, a clearing broker maintains customers' assets in a bulk segregated account. If a clearing broker fails to do so, or even if the customers' funds are segregated by the clearing broker but the clearing broker is unable to satisfy a substantial deficit in a customer account, the clearing broker's other customers may be subject to risk of a substantial loss of their funds in the event of that clearing broker's bankruptcy. In that event, the clearing broker's customers, such as the Fund, are entitled to recover, even in respect of property specifically traceable to them, only a proportional share of all property available for distribution to all of that clearing broker's customers. The bankruptcy of a clearing broker could result in the complete loss of the Fund's assets posted with the clearing broker. The Fund may also be subject to the risk of the failure of, or delay in performance by, any exchanges and markets and their clearing organizations, if any, on which commodity interest contracts are traded.

In addition, to the extent the Fund's clearing broker is required to post the Fund's assets as margin to a clearinghouse, the margin will be maintained in an omnibus account containing the margin of all the clearing broker's customers. If the Fund's clearing broker defaults to a clearinghouse because of a default by one of the clearing broker's other customers or otherwise, then the clearinghouse can look to all of the margin in the omnibus account, including margin posted by the Fund and any other non-defaulting customers of the clearing broker to satisfy the obligations of the clearing broker.

From time to time, clearing brokers may be subject to legal or regulatory proceedings in the ordinary course of their business. A clearing broker's involvement in costly or time-consuming legal proceedings may divert financial resources or personnel away from the clearing broker's trading operations, which could impair the clearing broker's ability to successfully execute and clear the Fund's trades.

In addition, the majority of the Fund's assets are held in Treasury Instruments, cash and/or cash equivalents with U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC (the "Custodian"). The insolvency of the Custodian could result in a complete loss of the Fund's assets held by that Custodian, which, at any given time, could comprise a substantial portion of the Fund's total assets.

***Although the Shares of the Fund are limited liability investments, certain circumstances such as bankruptcy or indemnification could increase a shareholder's liability.***

The Shares of the Fund are limited liability investments; shareholders may not lose more than they invest plus any profits recognized on their investment. However, shareholders could be required, as a matter of bankruptcy law, to return to the estate of the Fund any distribution they received at a time when the Fund was in fact insolvent or in violation of its Trust Agreement. Shareholders also agree in the Trust Agreement that they will indemnify the Fund for any harm suffered by the Fund as a result of the shareholders actions unrelated to the business of the Fund.

#### **Forward-Looking Statements**

This prospectus includes "forward-looking statements" which generally relate to future events or future performance. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as "may," "will," "should," "expect," "plan," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "predict," "potential" or the negative of these terms or other comparable terminology. All statements (other than statements of historical fact) included in this prospectus that address activities, events or developments that will or may occur in the future, including such matters as movements in the futures markets and indexes that track such movements, the Fund's operations, the Sponsor's plans and references to the Fund's future success and other similar matters, are forward-looking statements. These statements are only predictions. Actual events or results may differ materially. These statements are based upon certain assumptions and analyses the Sponsor has made based on its perception of historical trends, current conditions and expected future developments, as well as other factors deemed appropriate in the circumstances. Whether or not actual results and developments will conform to the Sponsor's expectations and predictions, however, is subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, including the special considerations discussed in this prospectus, general economic, market and business conditions, changes in laws or regulations, including those concerning taxes, made by governmental authorities or regulatory bodies, and other world economic and political developments. Consequently, all the forward-looking statements made in this prospectus are qualified by these cautionary statements, and there can be no assurance that actual results or developments the Sponsor anticipates will be realized or, even if substantially realized, that they will result in the expected consequences to, or have the expected effects on, the Fund's operations or the value of its shares.

### **Additional Information About the Fund, Its Investment Objective and Investments**

The Trust is a Delaware statutory trust formed on July 23, 2014. The Trust is a series trust formed pursuant to the Delaware Statutory Trust Act, and the Trust is currently organized into two separate series. The Fund is the first series of the Trust and is a commodity pool that continuously issues common shares of beneficial interest that may be purchased and sold on NYSE Arca. The Fund is currently the Trust's only publicly offered series. However, the second series of the Trust, the Breakwave Dry Bulk Shipping ETF, may be publicly offered in the future. Additional series of the Trust may be created in the future. The Trust and the Fund operate pursuant to the Trust Agreement. The Fund is managed and controlled by the Sponsor. The Sponsor is registered with the CFTC as a CPO and is a member of the NFA. Sit is registered with the CFTC as a CTA and will act as such for the Fund.

### **The Fund's Investment Objective and Strategy**

The Fund's investment objective is to profit from rising interest rates by tracking the performance of a portfolio (the "Benchmark Portfolio") consisting of exchange traded futures contracts and options on futures on 2, 5 and 10-year U.S. Treasury securities ("Treasury Instruments") weighted to achieve a targeted negative 10 year average effective portfolio duration (the "Benchmark Component Instruments"). The Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing in the Benchmark Component Instruments currently constituting the Benchmark Portfolio. The Benchmark Portfolio is maintained by Sit and will be rebalanced, reconstituted, or both, monthly (typically on the 15th of each month and on the next business day if the 15th is a holiday, weekend, or other day on which the national exchanges are closed) to maintain a negative 10 year average effective duration. The Benchmark Portfolio and the Fund will each maintain a short position in Treasury Instruments. The Fund does not use futures contracts or options to obtain leveraged investment results. The Fund will not invest in swaps or other over-the-counter derivative instruments. The Benchmark Component Instruments currently constituting the Benchmark Portfolio and anticipated rebalancing dates, as well as the daily holdings of the Fund are available on the Fund's website at [www.risingrateetf.com](http://www.risingrateetf.com).

The weighting of the Treasury Instruments constituting the Benchmark Component Instruments will be based on each maturity's duration contribution. The expected range for the duration weighted percentage of the 2 year and 5 year maturity Treasury Instruments will be from 30% to 70%. The expected range for the duration weighted percentage of the 10 year maturity Treasury Instruments will be from 5% to 25%.

The relative weightings of the Benchmark Component Instruments will be shifted between maturities when there are material changes in the shape of the yield curve, for example, if the Federal Reserve began raising short term interest rates more than long term interest rates. In such an instance, Sit, which maintains the Benchmark Portfolio, will increase the weightings of the 2 year and reduce the weighting in the 10 year maturity Treasury Instruments. Conversely, Sit will do the opposite if the Federal Reserve began raising long term interest rates more than short term interest rates. Reconstitution and rebalancing, or both, each will occur monthly, as discussed above or if there are radical changes in the yield curve such that effective duration is outside of a range from negative nine to negative 11-year average effective duration, in which case Sit will adjust the maturities of the Treasury Instruments before the next expected monthly reconstitution.

The Sponsor anticipates that approximately 5% to 15% of the Fund's assets will be used as payment for or collateral for Treasury Instruments. The Fund will post margin from such assets to its futures commission merchant ("FCM"), in an amount equal to the margin required by the relevant exchange, and transfer to its FCM any additional amounts that may be separately required by the FCM. When establishing positions in Treasury Instruments, the Fund will be required to deposit initial margin with a value of approximately 3% to 10% of the value of each Treasury Instrument position at the time it is established. These margin requirements are subject to change from time to time by the exchange or the FCM. On a daily basis, the Fund will be obligated to pay, or entitled to receive, variation margin in an amount equal to the change in the daily settlement level of its Treasury Instruments positions. Any assets not required to be posted as margin with the FCM will be held at the Fund's custodian in cash or cash equivalents.

The Benchmark Portfolio will consist of the Benchmark Component Instruments and rebalanced, reconstituted, or both to maintain a negative average effective portfolio duration of approximately 10 years. Duration is a measure of estimated price sensitivity relative to changes in interest rates. Portfolios with longer durations are typically more sensitive to changes in interest rates. For example, if interest rates rise by 1%, the market value of a security with an effective duration of 5 years would decrease by 5%, with all other factors being constant, and likewise the market value of a security with an effective duration of negative 5 years would increase by 5%, with all other factors being constant. Duration estimates are based on assumptions by Sit and are subject to a number of limitations. Duration is a more accurate estimate of price sensitivity provided interest rate changes are small and occur equally in short-term and long-term securities. Investments in debt securities typically decrease in value when interest rates rise. The risk is usually greater for longer-term debt securities.

The Fund will incur certain expenses in connection with its operations. The Fund will hold cash or cash equivalents such as U.S. Treasuries or other high credit quality, short-term fixed-income or similar securities for direct investment or as collateral for the Treasury Instruments and for other liquidity purposes and to meet redemptions that may be necessary on an ongoing basis. These expenses and income from the cash and cash equivalent holdings may cause imperfect correlation between changes in the Fund's NAV and changes in the Benchmark Portfolio, because the Benchmark Portfolio does not reflect expenses or income.

Sit expects that it will generally seek to close out its positions in Treasury futures contracts prior to such contracts maturing and enter into new positions in Treasury futures contracts. In connection with this process, natural market forces may affect the Fund's NAV positively or negatively. This is because each time the Fund seeks to rebalance or reconstitute its positions, even absent movement in the underlying Treasury securities, the prices of new futures and option prices may be higher or lower than the prices of those that were closed out. Such differences in price, barring a movement in the price of the underlying security, will constitute "roll yield" and may inhibit the Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective.

#### **Impact of Futures Roll and Time Decay of Options on Total Returns**

Several factors may determine the total return from investing in a futures contract position. One factor that impacts the total return, which will result from investing in near month futures contracts and "rolling" those contracts forward each month is the price relationship between the current near month contract and the next month contract.

Among other such factors, when the Fund purchases an option that expires "out of the money," the Fund will realize a loss. Additionally, the Fund may not be able to invest its assets in futures and options contracts having an aggregate notional amount exactly equal to that which is required to achieve a negative 10 year average effective duration. For example, as standardized contracts, U.S. Treasury futures contracts are denominated in specific dollar amounts, and the Fund's NAV and the proceeds from the sale of a block of 50,000 shares referred to as a "creation basket" ("Creation Basket") are unlikely to be an exact multiple of the amounts of those contracts. As a result, in such circumstances, the Fund may be better able to achieve the exact amount of exposure desired through the use of other investments.

Sit will close existing positions when it determines it would be appropriate to do so and reinvest the proceeds in other positions. Positions may also be closed out to meet orders for Redemption Baskets.

## Market Price of Shares

The Fund's shares have traded on the NYSE Arca under the symbol "RISE" since February 19, 2015. The following table sets forth the range of reported high and low sales prices of the shares as reported on the NYSE Arca, for the periods indicated below. The Fund made no distributions to its shareholders during the periods indicated below.

### **Fiscal year 2015 - 2016**

First quarter	\$	24.43	\$	23.50
Second quarter	\$	24.61	\$	23.37
Third quarter	\$	24.25	\$	20.67
Fourth quarter	\$	23.28	\$	22.28

### **Fiscal year 2016 - 2017**

First quarter	\$	22.79	\$	22.17
Second quarter	\$	24.09	\$	22.60
Third quarter	\$	23.97	\$	23.33
Fourth quarter	\$	23.42	\$	22.80

### **Fiscal year 2017 - 2018**

First quarter	\$	23.15	\$	22.59
Second quarter (through December 22, 2017)	\$	23.81	\$	22.94

As of December 28, 2017, the Fund had approximately 175 holders of shares.

## Prior Performance of the Fund

### PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE RESULTS

The table below shows the relationship between the trading prices of the shares and the daily NAV of Fund, since inception through December 22, 2017. The first row shows the average amount of the variation between the Fund's closing market price and NAV, computed on a daily basis since inception, while the second and third rows depict the maximum daily amount of the end of day premiums and discounts to NAV since inception, on a percentage basis.

UPDATE	Fund
Average Difference	\$ 0.02
Max Premium %	2.07%
Max Discount %	1.75%

For more information on the performance of the Fund, see the Performance Tables below.

### PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE RESULTS

#### PERFORMANCE DATA FOR THE FUND

Name of Commodity Pool: Sit Rising Rate ETF

Type of Commodity Pool: Exchange traded security

Inception of Trading: February 19, 2015

Aggregate Subscriptions (from inception through November 30, 2017): \$38,934,390

Aggregate Redemptions (from inception through November 30, 2017): \$16,056,030

Total Net Assets as of November 30, 2017: \$27,095,099

NAV per Share as of November 30, 2017: \$23.56

Worst Monthly Percentage Draw-down: January 1, 2016– January 31, 2016 (3.98%)

Worst Peak-to-Valley Draw-down: February 19, 2015 –June 30, 2016 (10.68%)

Number of shareholders (as of December 28, 2017): 175

**PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE RESULTS.**

**Rates of Return:\***

<b>Month</b>	<b>2015</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2017</b>
<b>January</b>	-	-3.98%	-0.42%
<b>February</b>	-1.23%**	-0.67%	-0.64%
<b>March</b>	-1.71%	-0.64%	-0.26%
<b>April</b>	-0.17%	0.23%	-1.03%
<b>May</b>	-0.43%	0.74%	-0.82%
<b>June</b>	0.49%	-3.62%	0.93%
<b>July</b>	-0.97%	0.41%	-0.67%
<b>August</b>	-0.17%	1.07%	-1.14%
<b>September</b>	-2.01%	-0.43%	1.71%
<b>October</b>	1.29%	1.07%	0.60%
<b>November</b>	1.24%	3.65%	1.29%
<b>December</b>	0.54%	0.18%	-
<b>Annual Rate of Return</b>	<b>-3.15%</b>	<b>-2.21%</b>	<b>-0.50%</b>

\* The monthly rate of return is calculated by dividing the ending NAV of a given month by the ending NAV of the previous month, subtracting 1 and multiplying this number by 100 to arrive at a percentage increase or decrease.

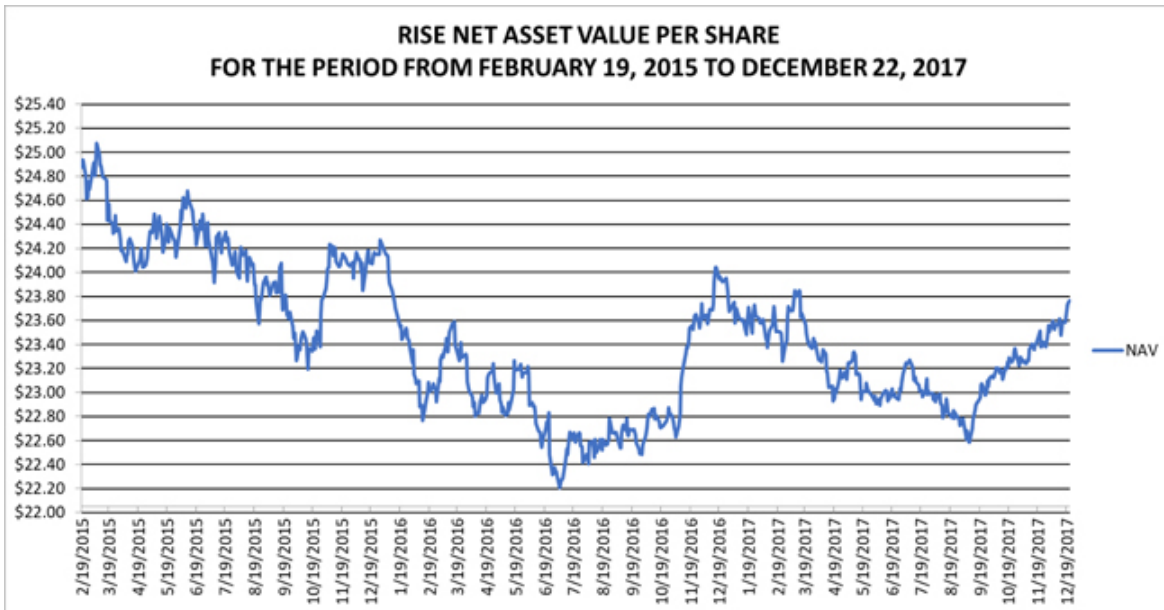
\*\* Partial from February 19, 2015.

Draw-down: Losses experienced over a specified period. Draw-down is measured on the basis of monthly returns only and does not reflect intra-month figures.

Worst Monthly Percentage Draw-down: The largest single month loss sustained since inception of trading.

Worst Peak-to-Valley Draw-down: The largest percentage decline in the NAV per share over the history of the Fund. This need not be a continuous decline, but can be a series of positive and negative returns where the negative returns are larger than the positive returns. Worst Peak-to-Valley Draw-down represents the greatest cumulative percentage decline in month-end per share NAV that is not equaled or exceeded by a subsequent month-end per share NAV.

The graph below reflects the change in net asset value (“NAV”) per share from the initial price at the commencement of operations to the price on December 22, 2017.



**PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE RESULTS.**

**Fund Trading Policies**

**Liquidity**

The Fund invests principally in exchange traded futures and options on futures on U.S. Treasuries that, in the opinion of the Sponsor, are traded in sufficient volume to permit the ready taking of orders and liquidation of positions in these financial interests.

**Borrowings**

Borrowings are not used by the Fund.

**The Fund's Operations**

**The Sponsor and its Management and Trading Principal**

The Sponsor is a single member limited liability company that was formed in the state of Delaware on June 12, 2014. The Sponsor maintains its main business office at 30 Maple Street, Suite 2, Summit, NJ 07901. The Sponsor is registered as a commodity pool operator with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission ("CFTC"). The Sponsor is a member of the National Futures Association ("NFA"). The Sponsor registered as a CPO with the CFTC and became a member of the NFA on September 23, 2014. The Sponsor's registration as a commodity trading advisor was approved on May 16, 2017.

The Sponsor is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Exchange Traded Managers Group LLC ("ETFMG"), a single member limited liability company domiciled and headquartered in New Jersey. The Sponsor maintains its main business office at 30 Maple Street, Suite 2, Summit, NJ 07901.

Neither the Trust nor the Fund has executive officers. Pursuant to the terms of the Trust Agreement, the Fund's affairs are managed by the Sponsor. The business and affairs of the Sponsor are managed by its chief executive officer, Samuel Masucci, III.

The following are individual Principals, as that term is defined in CFTC Rule 3.1, for the Sponsor: Samuel R. Masucci, III, John A. Flanagan, Reshma J. Amin and Timothy J. Collins. These individuals are principals due to their positions; however, Mr. Masucci is also a principal due to his controlling stake in Exchange Traded Managers Group LLC.

**Samuel R. Masucci, III.** Mr. Masucci is the founder of ETFMG and has been its Managing Owner since its formation in November 2013. Mr. Masucci was listed as a principal, as that term is defined in CFTC Rule 3.1, of the Sponsor on September 23, 2014. Mr. Masucci serves as Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of ETFMG with responsibilities for managing all ETF listed products and related service activities. Mr. Masucci became the Chief Executive Officer of Factor Advisors, LLC (“Factor Advisors”) in June 2012, a financial services company, and became the Chairman in March 2013; in this position Mr. Masucci was listed as a principal of Factor Capital Management LLC (“Factor Capital”) on June 20, 2012 and deregistered as a principal on September 23, 2014. Mr. Masucci became the Chief Executive Officer of GENCAP Ventures, LLC, a financial services company, in May 2012 and was responsible for managing all ETF issues and related service activities. Gencap was the parent of Factor Capital and Factor Advisors. ETFMG acquired Gencap in November 2013.

Mr. Masucci was out of the job market from January to May 2012. Mr. Masucci worked as Chief Executive Officer for MacroMarkets LLC, a financial services company, from April 2005 to December 2011, with responsibility for running the day to day operations of an issuer of public securities and a registered broker-dealer. From April 2005 to December 2011, Mr. Masucci also worked as the Chief Executive Officer, managing partner and Chief Compliance Officer of Macro Financial LLC, which as its main business was a registered broker-dealer. From July 2001 to April 2005, Mr. Masucci worked as an owner and manager of The Cobblestone Group. The main business of The Cobblestone Group was fixed income consulting to the investment banking and commercial banking industries. From March 1999 to June 2001, Mr. Masucci worked in mortgage trading as a Managing Director for Bear Stearns Inc., a financial institution. Mr. Masucci was out of the job market from December 1998 to February 1999. From June 1996 to November 1998, Mr. Masucci worked at SBC Warburg/UBS, a financial institution, as an Executive Director managing an asset backed securities group. From January 1992 to June 1996, Mr. Masucci worked in structured products (specifically, structuring mortgage derivatives and hedge funds), at Merrill Lynch, a financial institution, as a Vice President. From January 1990 to January 1992, Mr. Masucci worked as a financial consultant for Merrill Lynch, a financial institution, in the private client group in connection with retail investors. From November 1987 to January 1990, Mr. Masucci worked at MetLife Insurance Company, an insurance company, as a retail salesperson qualified to sell financial and insurance products to retail clients. From August 1984 to October 1987, Mr. Masucci worked as a manager of jobsites for Forestdale Inc., which is a residential property developer. Mr. Masucci received his B.S. from Penn State University in Finance in July 1984.

**John A. Flanagan.** Mr. Flanagan serves as the Principal Financial Officer of the Sponsor and the Trust. Mr. Flanagan was listed as a principal, as that term is defined in CFTC Rule 3.1, of the Sponsor on January 8, 2015. Since October 2016, Mr. Flanagan has served as the Principal Financial Officer of ForceShares LLC (“ForceShares”), a registered commodity pool operator; Mr. Flanagan was listed as a principal of ForceShares on October 20, 2016. Since June 2014, Mr. Flanagan has served as an Independent Trustee of Absolute Shares Trust, a multi-series exchange traded fund. Mr. Flanagan has been the President and sole owner of John A Flanagan CPA, LLC since December 2010. Mr. Flanagan was Chief Financial Officer of MacroMarkets LLC, an exchange traded fund issuer, from January 2007 to December 2010.

**Reshma J. Amin.** Ms. Amin serves as the Chief Compliance Officer of the Sponsor and the Trust. Ms. Amin was listed as a principal of the Sponsor on July 27, 2016. Prior to joining the Sponsor from October 2007 to July 2016, Ms. Amin was a Partner at the law firm Crow & Cushing where she counseled clients in the financial services and money management industry focusing on SEC, CFTC, NFA and FINRA regulatory compliance. From September 2006 to September 2007, Ms. Amin clerked for the Honorable Philip L. Paley, Superior Court of New Jersey, Law Division. Ms. Amin received her B.S. in Economics from The George Washington University in May 2000 and a J.D. from Case Western Reserve University School of Law in May 2006.

**Timothy J. Collins.** Mr. Collins has been a portfolio manager of the Sponsor since July 2016. Mr. Collins has been listed as a principal, associated person, swap associated person and NFA associate member of the Sponsor since July 2016. Since July 2016, Mr. Collins has been the portfolio manager for ForceShares, a registered commodity pool operator. Mr. Collins has been listed as a principal of ForceShares since July 2016, as an associated person and NFA associate member effective September 2016 and as a swap associated person effective March 2017. From January 2003 until July 2016, Mr. Collins served as the founding partner and Managing Director of Fairfield Advisors, LLC (“Fairfield”), an investment management firm, where he developed sophisticated trading strategies with an emphasis on ETFs and commodities. Mr. Collins was registered as an associated person and NFA associate member with Fairfield from April 2014 to January 2016. Mr. Collins received a Masters of Business Administration from the Stern School of Business at New York University with a dual major in Finance and International Business. He also has a Bachelor of Science degree in Finance from Fairfield University.

For information on the performance of the Sit Rising Rate ETF, see “Prior Performance of the Fund” beginning on page 14.

**Performance of Related Public Funds**

Factor Capital Management LLC was the sponsor of the FactorShares exchange-traded funds noted below (the “FactorShares funds”) and Mr. Masucci was a principal. Each of these funds was a “commodity pool” and therefore although the funds were liquidated in November 2013, in conformity with regulatory requirements, the performance of the FactorShares funds is shown below. Investors should be aware that there are significant differences between the Fund and the related pools below; principally, the FactorShares funds were leveraged funds seeking investment exposure to equities and commodities. The Fund has an investment objective of seeking to profit from rising interest rates by tracking the performance of a portfolio of Treasury Instruments weighted to achieve a targeted negative 10 year average effective portfolio duration. Given the significantly different investment objectives of the Fund and the FactorShares funds, the performance of the Fund is not expected to have any relationship to that of the FactorShares funds.

**PERFORMANCE OF FACTORSHARES 2X: OIL BULL/S&P500 BEAR (TICKER: FOL)**

*Name of Pool:* Factorshares 2X: Oil Bull/S&P500 Bear  
*Type of Pool:* Public, Exchange-Listed Commodity Pool  
*Inception of Trading:* February 22, 2011  
*Cessation of Operations:* November 21, 2013  
*Aggregate Gross Capital Subscriptions as of November 30, 2017:* \$10,998,571  
*Net Asset Value as of November 30, 2017:* \$0.00  
*Net Asset Value per Share as of November 30, 2017:* \$0.00  
*Worst Monthly Drawdown:* (25.51)% May 2012  
*Worst Peak-to-Valley Drawdown:* (85.84)% April 2011 – November 2013

**PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE RESULTS.**

	2013(%)	2012(%)	2011(%)
Annual Rate of Return	(58.92)	(54.81)	(13.33)

\* The fund commenced investment operations on February 22, 2011. The fund ceased investment operations on November 21, 2013

**PERFORMANCE OF FACTORSHARES 2X: TBOND BULL/S&P500 BEAR (TICKER: FSA)**

*Name of Pool:* Factorshares 2X: TBond Bull/S&P500 Bear  
*Type of Pool:* Public, Exchange-Listed Commodity Pool  
*Inception of Trading:* February 22, 2011  
*Cessation of Operations:* November 21, 2013  
*Aggregate Gross Capital Subscriptions as of November 30, 2017:* \$9,239,791  
*Net Asset Value as of November 30, 2017:* \$0.00  
*Net Asset Value per Share as of November 30, 2017:* \$0.00  
*Worst Monthly Drawdown:* (29.18)% November 2013  
*Worst Peak-to-Valley Drawdown:* (86.12)% September 2011 – November 2013



**PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE RESULTS.**

	2013(%)	2012(%)	2011(%)
Annual Rate of Return	(71.72)	(35.05)	19.77

\* The fund commenced investment operations on February 22, 2011. The fund ceased investment operations on November 21, 2013

**PERFORMANCE OF FACTORSHARES 2X: S&P500 BULL/TBOND BEAR (TICKER: FSE)**

*Name of Pool:* Factorshares 2X: S&P500 Bull/TBond Bear  
*Type of Pool:* Public, Exchange-Listed Commodity Pool  
*Inception of Trading:* February 22, 2011  
*Cessation of Operations:* November 21, 2013  
*Aggregate Gross Capital Subscriptions as of November 30, 2017:* \$5,000,000  
*Net Asset Value as of November 30, 2017:* \$0.00  
*Net Asset Value per Share as of November 30, 2017:* \$0.00  
*Worst Monthly Drawdown:* (27.43)% August 2011  
*Worst Peak-to-Valley Drawdown:* (60.86)% April 2011 – November 2012

**PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE RESULTS.**

	2013(%)	2012(%)	2011(%)
Annual Rate of Return	18.65	(14.67)	(51.45)

\* The fund commenced investment operations on February 22, 2011. The fund ceased investment operations on November 21, 2013

**PERFORMANCE OF FACTORSHARES 2X: GOLD BULL/S&P500 BEAR (TICKER: FSG)**

*Name of Pool:* Factorshares 2X: Gold Bull/S&P500 Bear  
*Type of Pool:* Public, Exchange-Listed Commodity Pool  
*Inception of Trading:* February 22, 2011  
*Cessation of Operations:* November 21, 2013  
*Aggregate Gross Capital Subscriptions as of November 30, 2017:* \$41,776,771  
*Net Asset Value as of November 30, 2017:* \$0.00  
*Net Asset Value per Share as of November 30, 2017:* \$0.00  
*Worst Monthly Drawdown:* (24.04)% December 2011  
*Worst Peak-to-Valley Drawdown:* (87.32)% August 2011 – November 2013

**PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE RESULTS.**

	2013(%)	2012(%)	2011(%)
Annual Rate of Return	(74.20)	(21.71)	5.85

\* The fund commenced investment operations on February 22, 2011. The fund ceased investment operations on November 21, 2013

**PERFORMANCE OF FACTORSHARES 2X: S&P500 BULL/USD BEAR (TICKER: FSU)**

*Name of Pool:* Factorshares 2X: S&P500 Bull/USD Bear  
*Type of Pool:* Public, Exchange-Listed Commodity Pool  
*Inception of Trading:* February 22, 2011  
*Cessation of Operations:* November 21, 2013  
*Aggregate Gross Capital Subscriptions as of November 30, 2017:* \$5,000,000  
*Net Asset Value as of November 30, 2017:* \$0.00  
*Net Asset Value per Share as of November 30, 2017:* \$0.00  
*Worst Monthly Drawdown:* (24.10)% September 2011  
*Worst Peak-to-Valley Drawdown:* (43.31)% April 2011 – September 2011

**PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE RESULTS.**

	2013(%)	2012(%)	2011(%)
Annual Rate of Return	30.60	10.52	(23.65)

\* The fund commenced investment operations on February 22, 2011. The fund ceased investment operations on November 21, 2013

**Commodity Trading Advisor**

The Commodity Trading Advisor (“CTA”) for the Fund is Sit Fixed Income Advisors II, LLC (“Sit”). Sit Fixed Income Advisors II, LLC is a Delaware limited liability company and a subsidiary of Sit Investment Associates, Inc. Sit Investment Associates, Inc. was founded in July 1981 by Eugene C. Sit. Sit Investment Associates, Inc. is an employee owned Minnesota corporation with a staff in excess of 70 persons including 36 full-time investment professionals.

Sit Investment Associates, Inc. and its affiliates manage \$13.8 billion in assets as of October 31, 2017 in portfolios with a variety of investment objectives. Sit Investment Associates, Inc. manages the assets of separate accounts, private investment funds, and the Sit Mutual Funds, a family of 14 no-load mutual funds. Sit is registered as a CTA with the CFTC and is a member of the NFA. Sit registered as a CTA and became a member of the NFA on November 21, 2014.

The Sponsor has also entered into a Licensing and Services Agreement with Sit. Under this agreement, Sit has agreed to compose and maintain the Benchmark Portfolio and license to the Sponsor the use of the Benchmark Portfolio. For this license and services, the Fund pays a fee to Sit of 0.20% (20 basis points) of average daily net assets of the Fund.

For the period from the inception of the Fund through December 31, 2017, Sit had agreed to be responsible for the payment of certain expenses in excess of the expense limitation although the Sponsor retains the ultimate obligation to the Fund to waive and/or reimburse such expenses.

The following are individual Principals, as that term is defined in CFTC Rule 3.1, for Sit Fixed Income Advisors II, LLC: Roger J. Sit, Michael, C. Brilley, Paul J. Jungquist, Paul E. Rasmussen, Carla J. Rose, Mark H. Book, Bryce A. Doty, and Chris M. Rasmussen. These individuals are principals due to their positions. The following individuals serve as investment professionals and senior management in regards to the Fund:

**Roger J. Sit.** Roger Sit is the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. Mr. Sit was listed as a principal of Sit on November 4, 2014. Mr. Sit joined the organization in January 1998. Mr. Sit directs the overall investment management activities for Sit Investment Associates, Inc.

**Michael C. Brilley.** Michael Brilley is the President and Chief Fixed Income Officer. Mr. Brilley joined Sit Investment Associates, Inc. in April 1984. Mr. Brilley was listed as a principal of Sit on October 29, 2014 and was listed as an associated person on February 10, 2015.

**Bryce A. Doty.** Bryce Doty is a Senior Vice President and Senior Portfolio Manager. Mr. Doty joined Sit Investment Associates, Inc. in November 1995. Mr. Doty was listed as a principal of Sit on October 29, 2014 and was listed as an associated person on November 21, 2014. He has been responsible for the taxable bond portfolio management group since joining Sit.

**Mark H. Book, CFA, CMA.** Mark Book is a Vice President and Portfolio Manager. Mr. Book joined Sit Investment Associates, Inc. in August 2000 as a Portfolio Manager and Fixed Income Analyst. Mr. Book was listed as a principal of Sit on October 31, 2014 and was listed as an associated person on February 9, 2015. He is responsible for taxable bond portfolio management and credit research.

**Christopher M. Rasmussen, CFA.** Chris Rasmussen is a Vice President and Portfolio Manager. Mr. Rasmussen joined Sit Investment Associates, Inc. in February 1999. Mr. Rasmussen was listed as a principal of Sit on October 29, 2014 and listed as an associated person on November 21, 2014. He is responsible for taxable bond portfolio management and credit research. Mr. Rasmussen has worked in the Sit mutual fund group as well as the client administration area, and moved to fixed income in August 2002.

## Sit's Trading Program

Sit uses its "Rising Interest Rate Strategy" trading program to invest in commodities on behalf of the Fund. The objective of the strategy is to achieve a superior risk-adjusted return to the Barclays U.S. Treasury Bellwether 30-Year Index. Sit attempts to maintain the account's average effective duration at approximately -11 to -9 years by investing 5 to 15% of its total assets in futures and options on 2, 5, and 10-year U.S. Treasury futures contracts.

Sit offers additional commodities trading programs to other clients. The performance of Sit's client accounts has been provided below in accordance with applicable regulatory requirements.

### PERFORMANCE OF RISING INTEREST RATE STRATEGY

*Name of Trading Program:* Rising Interest Rate  
*Inception of Trading:* July 31, 2011  
*Number of Accounts Traded Pursuant to Program:* 1  
*Total Assets Traded Pursuant to Strategy as of November 30, 2017:* \$35,538,499  
*Total Assets Traded Pursuant to Program as of November 30, 2017:* \$8,409,020  
*Worst Monthly Drawdown:* September 2013 (3.47%)  
*Worst Peak-to-Valley Drawdown:* June '12 to November '13 (8.98%)  
*Worst Drawdown YTD:* December '16 to May '17 (1.73%)

### PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE RESULTS.

Monthly Rate of Return	2017(%)	2016 (%)	2015(%)	2014(%)	2013(%)	2012(%)
January	(0.59)	(1.33)	(1.07)	(2.17)	(0.62)	(0.80)
February	0.41	1.27	1.51	0.16	(0.58)	2.31
March	(0.59)	(0.15)	0.25	2.63	(0.30)	1.20
April	(0.33)	0.80	(0.13)	(0.07)	(0.91)	0.50
May	(0.63)	0.84	(0.41)	(3.12)	1.01	(0.05)
June	0.61	(2.40)	0.15	2.21	(0.52)	0.86
July	(0.34)	0.38	(0.40)	2.22	(0.40)	(1.49)
August	0.10	0.80	(0.01)	0.22	(0.15)	(0.47)
September	1.13	(0.85)	(1.24)	0.90	(3.47)	1.63
October	0.44	1.18	0.97	(1.52)	(2.05)	0.19
November	0.79	1.57	0.98	(0.01)	(0.77)	(0.79)
December		0.28	0.69	1.31	2.79	0.41
Annual Rate of Return	0.97	2.34	1.26	2.61	(5.94)	3.51

\* Performance is net of commissions, exchange fees, regulatory fees, management fees (1.25%), trading advisor fees (0.32%), and performance fees, which for capsule purposes are accrued at a rate of 30% on returns in excess of the benchmark.

*Name of Trading Program:* Rising Interest Rate II  
*Inception of Trading:* June 30, 2012  
*Cessation of Operations:* December 31, 2014  
*Number of Accounts Traded Pursuant to Program:* 0  
*Total Assets Traded Pursuant to Strategy as of November 30, 2017:* \$35,538,499  
*Total Assets Traded Pursuant to Program as of November 30, 2017:* \$0  
*Worst Monthly Drawdown:* September 2013 (3.05%)  
*Worst Peak-to-Valley Drawdown:* October '12 to May '14 (9.83%)

**PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE RESULTS.**

Monthly Rate of Return	2017(%)	2016(%)	2015(%)	2014 (%)	2013 (%)	2012 (%)
January	Closed	Closed	Closed	(2.36)	(0.56)	
February				(0.39)	(0.62)	
March				1.94	(0.56)	
April				(0.02)	(0.51)	
May				(2.94)	0.82	
June				1.89	0.17	
July				1.80	(0.77)	(0.09)
August				0.29	(0.47)	0.07
September				1.06	(3.05)	1.95
October				(1.78)	(2.28)	0.49
November				(0.14)	(0.47)	(0.93)
December				0.73	2.74	0.15
Annual Rate of Return				(0.07)	(5.54)	1.63

\* Performance is net of commissions, exchange fees, regulatory fees, management fees (1.63%), trading advisor fees (0.32%), and performance fees, which for capsule purposes are accrued at a rate of 30% on returns in excess of the benchmark.

**PERFORMANCE OF INTEREST RATE HEDGING STRATEGY**

*Name of Trading Program:* Taxable Short Duration Hedged Composite

*Inception of Trading:* March 31, 2010

*Number of Accounts Traded Pursuant to Program:* 5

*Total Assets Traded Pursuant to Strategy as of November 30, 2017:* \$1,577,343,341

*Total Assets Traded Pursuant to Program as of November 30, 2017:* \$489,354,943

*Worst Monthly Drawdown:* November 2016 (0.79%)

*Worst Peak-to-Valley Drawdown:* April '13 to October '13 (1.40%)

*Worst Drawdown YTD:* August '17 to November '17 (0.30%)

**PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE RESULTS.**

Monthly Rate of Return	2017(%)	2016(%)	2015(%)	2014(%)	2013(%)	2012(%)
January	0.12	0.64	0.24	0.07	(0.29)	0.40
February	0.38	0.53	0.13	0.21	0.39	0.61
March	(0.12)	0.10	0.44	0.06	0.09	0.14
April	0.31	0.04	0.00	0.19	0.18	0.76
May	0.24	(0.05)	(0.08)	(0.07)	(0.35)	0.36
June	(0.08)	0.55	(0.05)	0.40	(0.60)	0.03
July	0.13	0.09	0.31	0.48	(0.02)	0.52
August	0.50	(0.13)	0.01	0.36	(0.34)	0.22
September	(0.18)	0.22	0.34	0.12	(0.03)	0.47
October	(0.06)	(0.10)	(0.09)	(0.44)	(0.07)	(0.03)
November	(0.05)	(0.79)	0.03	0.19	0.08	(0.27)
December		(0.00)	0.02	0.29	0.25	(0.03)
Annual Rate of Return	1.18	1.10	1.32	1.86	(0.72)	3.78

\* Performance is net of commissions, exchange fees, regulatory fees, and management fees (0.40%).

*Name of Trading Program:* Quality Income Hedged Composite

*Inception of Trading:* December 31, 2012

*Number of Accounts Traded Pursuant to Program:* 2

*Total Assets Traded Pursuant to Strategy as of November 30, 2017:* \$1,577,343,341

*Total Assets Traded Pursuant to Program as of November 30, 2017:* \$192,797,573

*Worst Monthly Drawdown:* June 2013 (0.36%)

*Worst Peak-to-Valley Drawdown:* April '13 to June '13 (0.49%)

*Worst Drawdown YTD:* October '17 to November '17 0.06%

**PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE RESULTS.**

Monthly Rate of Return	2017(%)	2016(%)	2015(%)	2014(%)	2013(%)
January	0.11	(0.19)	0.04	0.12	0.18
February	0.11	0.04	0.05	0.11	0.09
March	0.11	0.25	(0.05)	0.09	0.22
April	0.17	0.17	0.06	0.15	0.34
May	0.16	0.19	0.02	0.15	(0.14)
June	0.14	0.05	(0.03)	0.14	(0.36)
July	0.12	0.27	0.03	0.06	0.04
August	0.13	0.16	(0.03)	0.13	0.15
September	0.21	0.16	(0.04)	0.01	0.03
October	0.09	0.07	(0.01)	(0.01)	0.14
November	0.06	(0.11)	0.06	0.08	(0.01)
December		0.10	0.07	0.05	0.22
Annual Rate of Return	1.42	1.17	0.15	1.08	0.89

\* Performance is net of commissions, exchange fees, regulatory fees, and management fees (0.40%).

*Name of Trading Program:* Custom Alpha Bond Portfolio Hedged Composite  
*Inception of Trading:* March 31, 2008  
*Number of Accounts Traded Pursuant to Program:* 2  
*Total Assets Traded Pursuant to Strategy as of November 30, 2017:* \$1,577,343,341  
*Total Assets Traded Pursuant to Program as of November 30, 2017:* \$249,842,726  
*Worst Monthly Drawdown:* November 2016 (2.47%)  
*Worst Peak-to-Valley Drawdown:* September '12 to November '13 (8.04%)  
*Worst Drawdown YTD:* August '17 to October '17 (0.77%)

**PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE RESULTS.**

Monthly Rate of Return	2017(%)	2016(%)	2015(%)	2014(%)	2013(%)	2012(%)
January	0.09	2.37	3.02	(0.31)	(1.43)	0.61
February	1.02	1.73	(0.66)	0.44	0.42	1.64
March	(0.68)	0.06	1.88	0.89	(0.28)	0.60
April	0.50	0.16	0.28	0.89	0.22	2.65
May	0.16	(0.04)	(0.13)	(1.44)	(1.28)	0.97
June	(0.26)	1.24	(0.54)	1.69	(1.79)	0.23
July	0.18	(0.03)	0.80	1.25	(0.08)	0.38
August	1.22	(0.38)	0.04	1.71	(1.50)	(0.20)
September	(0.56)	(0.21)	0.58	0.11	(1.05)	1.66
October	(0.21)	(0.12)	(0.15)	0.58	(1.25)	(0.16)
November	0.12	(2.47)	0.03	1.40	(0.28)	0.15
December		0.04	(0.04)	0.33	0.42	(0.01)
Annual Rate of Return	1.57	2.28	5.17	7.76	(7.63)	8.80

\* Performance is net of commissions, exchange fees, regulatory fees, management fees (1.50%), and trading advisor fees (0.07%).

*Name of Trading Program:* Client Directed Custom Alpha Bond Portfolio Hedged Composite  
*Inception of Trading:* February 12, 2010  
*Number of Accounts Traded Pursuant to Program:* 1  
*Total Assets Traded Pursuant to Strategy as of November 30, 2017:* \$1,577,343,341  
*Total Assets Traded Pursuant to Program as of November 30, 2017:* \$53,512,338  
*Worst Monthly Drawdown:* November 2016 (2.28%)  
*Worst Peak-to-Valley Drawdown:* November '12 to November '13 (7.04%)  
*Worst Drawdown YTD:* August '17 to October '17 (1.18%)

**PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE RESULTS.**

Monthly Rate of Return	2017(%)	2016(%)	2015(%)	2014(%)	2013(%)	2012(%)
January	0.30	2.29	2.80	(0.37)	(1.32)	0.79
February	0.70	1.52	(0.53)	0.13	0.51	1.76
March	(0.68)	0.26	1.82	0.67	(0.34)	0.76
April	0.30	(0.30)	0.71	0.88	0.42	2.62
May	0.13	(0.36)	(0.02)	(1.25)	(1.26)	1.02
June	(0.15)	1.37	(0.63)	1.38	(1.46)	0.29
July	0.37	(0.02)	0.99	1.05	(0.15)	0.36
August	1.57	(0.40)	(0.13)	1.78	(1.48)	(0.13)
September	(0.89)	(0.18)	0.64	0.23	(0.81)	2.03
October	(0.29)	(0.07)	(0.02)	0.39	(1.23)	0.05
November	0.02	(2.28)	(0.09)	1.40	(0.11)	0.11
December		0.09	0.11	0.27	0.55	(0.01)
Annual Rate of Return	1.36	1.86	5.74	6.71	(6.52)	10.04

\* Performance is net of commissions, exchange fees, regulatory fees, management fees (1.50%), and trading advisor fees (0.07%).

*Name of Trading Program:* U.S. Government Securities Hedged

*Inception of Trading:* May 31, 1987

*Number of Accounts Traded Pursuant to Program:* 1

*Total Assets Traded Pursuant to Strategy as of November 30, 2017:* \$1,577,343,341

*Total Assets Traded Pursuant to Program as of November 30, 2017:* \$591,835,761

*Worst Monthly Drawdown:* November 2016 (0.97%)

*Worst Peak-to-Valley Drawdown:* November '12 to October '13 (2.18)

*Worst Drawdown YTD:* February '17 to March '17 (0.23%)

**PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE RESULTS.**

Monthly Rate of Return	2017(%)	2016(%)	2015(%)	2014(%)	2013(%)	2012(%)
January	0.05	0.58	0.32	0.38	(0.40)	0.22
February	0.51	0.36	(0.01)	0.16	0.25	0.51
March	(0.23)	0.06	0.46	0.09	(0.12)	0.25
April	0.28	0.04	(0.06)	0.15	0.23	0.60
May	0.24	0.08	0.06	(0.05)	(0.91)	0.24
June	(0.07)	0.59	(0.09)	0.26	(0.81)	(0.10)
July	0.05	0.10	0.22	0.21	0.10	0.40
August	0.31	(0.02)	0.06	0.21	(0.40)	0.16
September	(0.15)	0.10	0.23	0.18	(0.04)	0.29
October	0.07	(0.24)	(0.09)	0.08	(0.03)	(0.05)
November	0.06	(0.97)	0.13	0.23	0.15	0.18
December		0.01	0.18	0.31	(0.11)	(0.06)
Annual Rate of Return	1.11	0.69	1.42	2.22	(2.08)	2.67

\* Performance is net of commissions, exchange fees, regulatory fees, and management fees (0.80%).

**PERFORMANCE OF CUSTOM ALPHA STRATEGY**

*Name of Trading Program:* Custom Alpha – S&P 500

*Inception of Trading:* March 31, 2008

*Number of Accounts Traded Pursuant to Program:* 1

*Total Assets Traded Pursuant to Strategy as of November 30, 2017:* \$95,211,587

*Total Assets Traded Pursuant to Program as of November 30, 2017:* \$27,577,941

*Worst Monthly Drawdown:* August 2015 (5.73%)

*Worst Peak-to-Valley Drawdown:* July '15 to September '15 (7.47)

*Worst Drawdown YTD:* February '17 to March '17 (0.42%)

**PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE RESULTS.**

Monthly Rate of Return	2017(%)	2016(%)	2015(%)	2014(%)	2013(%)	2012(%)
January	1.55	(2.46)	(0.28)	(3.56)	3.76	4.54
February	4.77	1.66	5.14	5.18	1.70	5.38
March	(0.42)	6.71	0.29	2.03	3.42	3.73
April	1.53	0.81	0.73	1.52	1.85	1.53
May	1.36	1.64	1.27	0.89	1.09	(5.16)
June	0.20	1.57	(2.31)	3.56	(3.59)	4.12
July	2.27	3.52	2.61	0.09	5.09	1.49
August	1.23	(0.31)	(5.73)	5.38	(4.14)	1.83
September	1.34	(0.53)	(1.85)	(1.27)	1.64	3.85
October	2.14	(1.97)	8.34	2.93	3.58	(2.18)
November	2.80	1.11	0.14	4.07	2.61	0.64
December		2.10	(1.69)	(0.16)	2.84	0.85
Annual Rate of Return	20.35	14.40	6.12	22.26	21.25	22.07

\* Performance is net of commissions, exchange fees, regulatory fees, management fees (1.50%), and trading advisor fees (0.32%).

*Name of Trading Program:* Custom Alpha – 5-Year Treasury

*Inception of Trading:* March 31, 2008

*Number of Accounts Traded Pursuant to Program:* 1

*Total Assets Traded Pursuant to Strategy as of November 30, 2017:* \$95,211,587

*Total Assets Traded Pursuant to Program as of November 30, 2017:* \$838,582

*Worst Monthly Drawdown:* November 2016 (4.10%)

*Worst Peak-to-Valley Drawdown:* September '12 to December '13 (10.55%)

*Worst Drawdown YTD:* August '17 to November '17 (2.25%)

**PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE RESULTS.**

Monthly Rate of Return	2017(%)	2016(%)	2015(%)	2014(%)	2013(%)	2012(%)
January	0.08	4.55	4.96	1.00	(1.95)	0.93
February	1.24	2.10	(1.54)	0.96	0.94	0.71
March	(0.36)	0.42	2.74	0.73	(0.16)	0.07
April	1.24	0.32	(0.15)	1.29	0.45	3.45
May	0.48	(0.24)	0.16	(0.61)	(2.66)	1.24
June	(0.58)	2.90	(0.65)	1.55	(3.46)	0.11
July	0.64	(0.04)	1.08	1.09	0.30	0.74
August	1.71	(0.87)	0.06	2.32	(2.05)	(0.16)
September	(1.26)	(0.18)	1.59	(0.18)	(0.27)	1.44
October	(0.28)	(0.63)	(0.70)	1.67	(0.56)	(0.64)
November	(0.73)	(4.10)	(0.56)	2.21	(0.45)	0.54
December		(0.05)	(0.36)	(0.34)	(0.90)	(0.14)
Annual Rate of Return	2.16	3.98	6.64	12.27	(10.33)	8.56

\* Performance is net of commissions, exchange fees, regulatory fees, management fees (1.50%), and trading advisor fees (0.32%).

*Name of Trading Program:* Custom Alpha – 30-Year Treasury

*Inception of Trading:* March 31, 2008

*Number of Accounts Traded Pursuant to Program:* 1

*Total Assets Traded Pursuant to Strategy as of November 30, 2017:* \$95,211,587

*Total Assets Traded Pursuant to Program as of November 30, 2017:* \$1,094,080

*Worst Monthly Drawdown:* November 2016 (7.76%)

*Worst Peak-to-Valley Drawdown:* November '12 to December '13 (18.54%)

*Worst Drawdown YTD:* August '17 to November '17 (2.60%)



**PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE RESULTS.**

Monthly Rate of Return	2017(%)	2016(%)	2015(%)	2014(%)	2013(%)	2012(%)
January	0.04	7.16	7.07	4.15	(4.04)	0.72
February	2.24	4.49	(3.36)	1.47	1.63	(0.25)
March	(0.81)	0.23	3.24	1.51	0.25	(2.04)
April	1.93	(0.11)	(2.62)	2.20	2.61	6.00
May	1.33	0.80	(1.46)	1.06	(6.12)	5.33
June	(0.30)	6.27	(3.23)	1.50	(5.20)	(0.71)
July	(0.00)	1.12	3.85	1.69	(1.31)	2.00
August	3.62	(1.65)	0.19	4.55	(1.91)	(0.46)
September	(2.29)	(1.49)	2.39	(1.30)	(0.33)	0.11
October	(0.24)	(2.94)	(0.69)	2.84	0.00	(0.37)
November	(0.07)	(7.76)	(0.77)	3.45	(2.54)	1.41
December		(0.30)	(0.24)	1.33	(1.42)	(1.57)
Annual Rate of Return	5.43	4.98	3.90	27.22	(17.24)	10.28

\* Performance is net of commissions, exchange fees, regulatory fees, management fees (1.50%), and trading advisor fees (0.32%).

*Name of Trading Program:* Custom Alpha – Composite Equity Index

*Inception of Trading:* December 31, 2008

*Number of Accounts Traded Pursuant to Program:* 1

*Total Assets Traded Pursuant to Strategy as of November 30, 2017:* \$95,211,587

*Total Assets Traded Pursuant to Program as of November 30, 2017:* \$40,176,310

*Worst Monthly Drawdown:* August 2015 (6.53%)

*Worst Peak-to-Valley Drawdown:* May '15 to February '16 (10.68%)

*Worst Drawdown YTD:* May '17 to June '17 (0.67%)

**PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE RESULTS.**

Monthly Rate of Return	2017(%)	2016(%)	2015(%)	2014(%)	2013(%)	2012(%)
January	1.15	(3.23)	1.55	(3.73)	2.74	3.16
February	3.14	(1.68)	3.99	3.30	1.10	3.91
March	0.45	5.62	1.50	1.75	1.96	1.64
April	1.59	0.33	0.73	0.91	2.29	2.33
May	1.73	0.88	0.33	0.28	(2.57)	(4.14)
June	(0.67)	(0.85)	(2.61)	3.13	(4.21)	3.56
July	2.70	3.72	1.91	0.57	2.46	1.25
August	1.89	0.50	(6.53)	3.21	(4.43)	0.27
September	1.29	(0.18)	(3.03)	(0.71)	2.76	3.49
October	3.22	0.56	7.16	1.64	1.34	(1.80)
November	(0.48)	(0.54)	(0.38)	3.08	1.91	0.37
December		1.77	(2.23)	(0.54)	2.49	1.64
Annual Rate of Return	17.13	6.80	1.71	13.42	7.68	16.50

\* Performance is net of commissions, exchange fees, regulatory fees, management fees (1.50%), and trading advisor fees (0.32%).

*Name of Trading Program:* Custom Alpha – EAFE

*Inception of Trading:* May 31, 2009

*Number of Accounts Traded Pursuant to Program:* 1

*Total Assets Traded Pursuant to Strategy as of November 30, 2017:* \$95,211,587

*Total Assets Traded Pursuant to Program as of November 30, 2017:* \$7,641,358

*Worst Monthly Drawdown:* May 2012 (10.40%)

*Worst Peak-to-Valley Drawdown:* May '15 to February '16 (13.64%)

*Worst Drawdown YTD:* May '17 to June '17 (0.11%)



**PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE RESULTS.**

Monthly Rate of Return	2017(%)	2016(%)	2015(%)	2014(%)	2013(%)	2012(%)
January	2.86	(3.08)	3.25	(5.29)	2.20	5.56
February	1.86	(1.88)	5.49	6.75	(0.92)	6.04
March	2.49	6.46	0.52	0.71	1.07	0.77
April	2.84	2.50	3.21	2.30	4.56	(0.03)
May	3.29	(0.12)	0.27	0.38	(3.96)	(10.40)
June	(0.11)	(1.01)	(3.44)	2.40	(4.63)	7.11
July	2.76	3.70	2.10	(1.18)	4.91	0.18
August	0.89	0.00	(6.68)	1.85	(3.08)	2.54
September	1.64	0.83	(3.87)	(3.69)	5.99	3.75
October	1.30	(2.45)	6.27	0.41	2.16	0.95
November	0.41	(4.06)	(0.94)	1.45	(0.62)	2.93
December		2.50	(2.46)	(3.70)	3.15	4.40
Annual Rate of Return	22.13	2.92	2.89	1.80	10.60	25.12

\* Performance is net of commissions, exchange fees, regulatory fees, management fees (1.50%), and trading advisor fees (0.32%).

*Name of Trading Program:* Custom Alpha – Client Directed — A

*Inception of Trading:* August 31, 2012

*Number of Accounts Traded Pursuant to Program:* 1

*Total Assets Traded Pursuant to Strategy as of November 30, 2017:* \$95,211,587

*Total Assets Traded Pursuant to Program as of November 30, 2017:* \$12,417,462

*Worst Monthly Drawdown:* August 2015 (7.55%)

*Worst Peak-to-Valley Drawdown:* April '15 to February '16 (17.12%)

*Worst Drawdown YTD:* May '17 to June '17 0.10%

**PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE RESULTS.**

Monthly Rate of Return	2017(%)	2016(%)	2015(%)	2014(%)	2013(%)
January	3.84	(4.07)	3.12	(6.59)	0.93
February	2.10	(1.54)	4.54	6.06	(1.15)
March	2.40	7.17	(0.25)	0.68	0.10
April	2.52	1.86	4.74	1.99	4.15
May	3.37	(0.43)	(0.94)	0.08	(4.12)
June	0.10	(0.63)	(3.88)	3.13	(4.74)
July	3.06	4.25	1.20	(0.44)	3.62
August	1.21	0.12	(7.55)	2.04	(2.82)
September	1.46	1.53	(3.55)	(4.99)	7.29
October	1.57	(2.23)	6.03	0.83	1.54
November	0.40	(4.67)	(0.83)	1.18	(1.20)
December		1.82	(2.89)	(3.27)	2.02
Annual Rate of Return	24.29	2.60	(1.17)	0.01	5.08

\* Performance is net of commissions, exchange fees, regulatory fees, management fees (1.50%), and trading advisor fees (0.32%).

**PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE RESULTS.**

*Name of Trading Program:* Custom Alpha – 5-Year Treasury — B

*Inception of Trading:* August 31, 2012

*Number of Accounts Traded Pursuant to Program:* 1

*Total Assets Traded Pursuant to Strategy as of November 30, 2017:* \$95,211,587

*Total Assets Traded Pursuant to Program as of November 30, 2017:* \$2,587,322

*Worst Monthly Drawdown:* November 2016 (4.27%)

*Worst Peak-to-Valley Drawdown:* September '12 to December '13 (12.35%)

*Worst Drawdown YTD:* August '17 to November '17 (2.04%)

**PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE RESULTS.**

Monthly Rate of Return	2017(%)	2016(%)	2015(%)	2014(%)	2013(%)	2012(%)
January	0.24	3.28	4.99	0.35	(2.65)	
February	1.27	1.79	(2.37)	0.63	0.98	
March	(0.71)	0.04	1.98	(0.21)	(0.74)	
April	0.89	(0.10)	0.62	1.07	0.44	
May	0.60	0.05	(0.28)	(1.20)	(2.22)	
June	(0.65)	2.09	(1.19)	2.00	(2.90)	
July	0.18	0.06	1.30	1.13	(0.46)	
August	1.59	(0.96)	0.04	2.00	(1.60)	
September	(1.11)	0.12	1.46	(0.96)	0.80	0.93
October	(0.46)	(0.65)	(0.91)	1.80	(1.53)	(1.13)
November	(0.48)	(4.27)	(0.15)	2.18	(0.88)	0.53
December		1.82	(0.71)	0.06	(1.49)	(0.16)
Annual Rate of Return	1.32	2.60	4.68	9.14	(11.67)	0.15

\* Performance is net of commissions, exchange fees, regulatory fees, management fees (1.50%), and trading advisor fees (0.32%).

*Name of Trading Program:* Custom Alpha – Series D

*Inception of Trading:* June 30, 2010

*Number of Accounts Traded Pursuant to Program:* 1

*Total Assets Traded Pursuant to Strategy as of November 30, 2017:* \$95,211,587

*Total Assets Traded Pursuant to Program as of November 30, 2017:* \$2,878,532

*Worst Monthly Drawdown:* June 2013 (5.90%)

*Worst Peak-to-Valley Drawdown:* November '12 to December '13 (18.21%)

*Worst Drawdown YTD:* August '17 to November '17 (1.60%)

**PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE RESULTS.**

Monthly Rate of Return	2017(%)	2016(%)	2015(%)	2014(%)	2013(%)	2012(%)
January	0.60	4.33	6.20	2.00	(2.21)	0.25
February	1.30	2.72	(1.78)	1.12	0.19	0.66
March	(0.47)	1.75	1.55	0.51	(0.03)	(0.61)
April	1.17	0.65	0.63	2.06	0.76	3.86
May	(0.08)	(0.69)	(0.62)	0.74	(5.43)	2.01
June	(1.34)	3.24	(1.38)	1.83	(5.90)	(0.39)
July	0.66	0.41	0.53	1.24	0.39	1.67
August	2.02	(1.07)	(0.44)	1.75	(2.72)	(0.48)
September	(1.37)	0.15	0.08	(2.23)	0.08	1.58
October	(0.01)	(0.73)	(0.24)	1.28	(0.63)	0.43
November	(0.22)	(4.37)	(0.30)	1.47	(1.86)	0.48
December		(0.13)	(0.89)	(1.34)	(1.42)	(0.90)
Annual Rate of Return	2.22	6.14	3.14	10.84	(17.47)	8.79

\* Performance is net of commissions, exchange fees, regulatory fees, management fees (1.50%), and trading advisor fees (0.32%).

**PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE RESULTS.**

**The Fund's Service Providers**

**Administrator, Custodian, Fund Accountant, and Transfer Agent**

U.S. Bank, a national banking association, with its principal office in Milwaukee, Wisconsin, provides custody and fund accounting to the Trust and Fund. Its affiliate, U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, is the transfer agent ("Transfer Agent") for Fund shares and administrator for the Fund ("Administrator"). It performs certain administrative and accounting services for the Fund and prepares certain SEC, NFA and CFTC reports on behalf of the Fund. (U.S. Bank and U.S. Bancorp Fund Services are referred to collectively hereinafter as "U.S. Bank").

The Fund pays U.S. Bank (or U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, as the case may be) 0.05% of AUM, with a \$50,000 minimum annual fee payable for its administrative, accounting and transfer agent services; the annual minimum fee for custody services is \$4,800.

**Delaware Trustee**

Wilmington Trust, N.A. (the "Trustee") serves as the Trust's corporate trustee as required under the Delaware Statutory Trust Act ("DSTA"). The Trustee receives for its services an annual fee of \$5,000.

The Trustee is the sole trustee of the Trust. The rights and duties of the Trustee and the Sponsor with respect to the offering of the Shares and Fund management and the shareholders are governed by the provisions of the DSTA and by the Trust Agreement. The Trustee will accept service of legal process on the Trust in the State of Delaware and will make certain filings under the DSTA. The Trustee does not owe any other duties to the Trust, the Sponsor or the shareholders of the Fund. The Trustee's principal offices are located at 1100 North Market Street, Wilmington, Delaware 19890. The Trustee is unaffiliated with the Sponsor.

The Trustee is permitted to resign upon at least sixty (60) days' notice to the Trust, provided, that any such resignation will not be effective until a successor Trustee is appointed by the Sponsor. The Sponsor has the discretion to replace the Trustee.

Only the assets of the Trust and the Sponsor are subject to issuer liability under the federal securities laws for the information contained in this Prospectus and under federal securities laws with respect to the issuance and sale of the Shares. Under such laws, neither the Trustee, either in its capacity as Trustee or in its individual capacity, nor any director, officer or controlling person of the Trustee is, or has any liability as, the issuer or a director, officer or controlling person of the issuer of the Shares. The Trustee's liability in connection with the issuance and sale of the Shares is limited solely to the express obligations of the Trustee set forth in the Trust Agreement.

Under the Trust Agreement, the Sponsor has exclusive management and control of all aspects of the Trust's business. The Trustee has no duty or liability to supervise the performance of the Sponsor, nor will the Trustee have any liability for the acts or omissions of the Sponsor. The shareholders have no voice in the day to day management of the business and operations of the Funds and the Trust, other than certain limited voting rights as set forth in the Trust Agreement. In the course of its management of the business and affairs of the Funds and the Trust, the Sponsor may, in its sole and absolute discretion, appoint an affiliate or affiliates of the Sponsor as additional sponsors and retain such persons, including affiliates of the Sponsor, as it deems necessary to effectuate and carry out the purposes, business and objectives of the Trust.

Because the Trustee has no authority over the Trust's operations, the Trustee itself is not registered in any capacity with the CFTC.

**Distribution Services**

ETFMG Financial LLC (the "Distributor") provides statutory distribution services to the Fund, which are further discussed in the section titled "Plan of Distribution," below. The Fund pays an annual fee for such distribution services and related administrative services equal to the greater of \$15,000 or 0.02% of average Fund net assets, payable monthly. The Distributor's principal business address is 30 Maple Street, Suite 2, Summit, New Jersey 07901.

## **Futures Commission Merchant**

SG Americas Securities, LLC (“SGAS”) serves as the Fund’s clearing broker to execute and clear the Fund’s futures and equities transactions and provide other brokerage-related services. SGAS is a futures commission merchant and broker dealer registered with the U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission (“CFTC”) and the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”), and is a member of FINRA. SGAS is a clearing member of all principal futures exchanges located in the United States as well as a member of the Chicago Board Options Exchange, International Securities Exchange, New York Stock Exchange, Options Clearing Corporation, and Government Securities Clearing Corporation.

SGAS is headquartered at 245 Park Avenue, New York, NY 10167 with a branch office in Chicago and, as securities only branches, in Houston, Boston and Dallas.

On January 2, 2015, Newedge USA, LLC (“Newedge USA”) merged with and into SGAS, with the latter as the surviving entity.

In January 2012, Newedge USA settled, without admitting or denying the allegations, a disciplinary action brought by the CFTC alleging that Newedge USA failed to file accurate and timely reports to the CFTC and failed to report certain large trader information to the CFTC. Newedge USA paid a \$700,000 civil penalty to settle this matter. In addition, the CFTC Order required Newedge USA to timely submit accurate position reports and notices, and to implement and maintain procedures to prevent and detect reporting violations of the Commodity Exchange Act and CFTC regulations.

In July 2013, Newedge USA settled, without admitting or denying the allegations, a matter brought by FINRA, on its behalf and on behalf of NYSE/NYSE ARCA, BATS and NASDAQ exchanges, involving rules and regulations pertaining to supervision of equities direct market access and sponsored access business, Regulation SHO and books and records retention. In connection with this matter, Newedge USA paid a fine of \$9,500,000. In addition, Newedge USA agreed to retain an independent consultant to review its policies, systems, procedures and training relating to these areas and to implement the recommendation of such consultant based on its review and written reports.

In February 2015, SGAS, as successor to Newedge USA, settled, without admitting or denying the allegations, a matter brought by CME Group alleging that on multiple occasions between 2010 and 2012, Newedge USA employees executed certain customers’ orders as EFRPs, instead of on CME Group’s GLOBEX platform. The settlement also included allegations that EFRPs were non bona fide and/or inadequately documented. In connection with this matter, SGAS paid a fine of \$1,100,000 to Comex and \$650,000 to NYMEX.

In October 2015, SGAS, as successor to Newedge USA, settled, without admitting or denying the allegations, a matter brought by ICE Futures U.S. that was based on alleged failures by Newedge USA to report an open interest in three energy futures contracts in accordance with the rules of the exchange over a period of approximately twenty-two business days in May and June 2014. In connection with this matter, SGAS paid a fine of \$100,000.

Beginning in late 2013, the SEC reviewed transactions by SGAS’s Non-Agency Mortgage Desk in which SGAS bought baskets of securities from a counterparty and sold the securities back to the same counterparty, and also reviewed communications with counterparties regarding certain riskless principal trades. The SEC reviewed transactions that occurred between approximately December 2011 and June 2013. SGAS cooperated with the investigation and disciplined the trader involved and her supervisor. In December 2015, SGAS paid \$1,011,093 to settle the matter, consisting of a \$800,000 fine and \$211,093 in disgorgement including interest.

In June 2016, SGAS, as successor to Newedge USA, settled, without admitting or denying the allegations, a matter brought by the Chicago Board of Trade alleging that on six days between November 2013 and January 2014, three traders for Newedge (one employed by Newedge and two by its Canadian affiliate) entered into separate transactions with third parties prior to consummating the block trade with the counterparty in violation of CBOT Rules 432.W. and 526. The settlement included a fine in the amount of \$100,000 and a disgorgement of profits in the amount of \$19,502.50.

In September 2016, SGAS, as successor to Newedge USA, settled, without admitting or denying the allegations, a matter brought by the CFTC alleging Newedge USA violated Section 4C(A) of the Commodity Exchange Act and Regulations 1.38 and 166.3 by executed and confirming numerous exchange for physical transactions in agricultural and soft commodities for and on behalf of its clients that were for the same contract, quantity and same or similar price with the buyer and seller for each transaction under the same common control and ownership. The settlement includes a \$750,000 civil penalty and an undertaking to implement policies, procedures and training programs reasonably designed to prevent the execution, clearing and reporting to an exchange of non-bona fide exchange of futures for physical transactions.

Other than the foregoing proceedings, which did not have a material adverse effect upon the financial condition of SGAS, there have been no material administrative, civil or criminal actions brought, pending or concluded against SGAS or its principals in the past five years.

Neither SGAS nor any affiliate, officer, director or employee thereof have passed on the merits of this Memorandum or offering, or give any guarantee as to the performance or any other aspect of the Fund.

***Legal Counsel***

Sullivan & Worcester LLP serves as legal counsel to the Fund and the Trust.

**Other Fees and Expenses**

The Fund will be responsible for its Other Expenses, including professional services (e.g., outside auditor's fees and legal fees and expenses), shareholder tax return preparation, regulatory compliance, and other services provided by affiliated and non-affiliated service providers. The amount of such Other Expenses is estimated to be \$0.19 per share (assuming a sale price of \$23.74) annually through January 31, 2019 due to the Expense Cap. After such date, the Expense Cap may be terminated and the Fund's Other Expenses could be higher, perhaps significantly higher.

## The Fund's Fees and Expenses

This table describes the net fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold Shares of the Fund. The percentages are based on estimated expenses for the twelve-month period beginning on January 1, 2018 and the Fund's total assets as of December 26, 2017. You should note that you may pay brokerage commissions on purchases and sales of the Fund's Shares, which are not reflected in the table; however, the Fund's brokerage fees and commissions are included (those costs associated with rolling futures). Authorized Participants will pay applicable creation and redemption fees. See "Creation and Redemption of Shares-Creation and Redemption Transaction Fee," page 66.

**Annual Fund Operating Expenses** (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Sponsor Fee <sup>(1)</sup>	0.23%
CTA Fee <sup>(2)</sup>	0.20%
Other Expenses	1.26%
Brokerage Commissions	0.09%
Total Annual Fund Expenses	1.78%
Expense Waiver/Assumption <sup>(3)</sup>	(0.69)%
Total Annual Fund Expenses after Expense Waiver/Assumption <sup>(3)</sup>	1.09%

- (1) The Fund pays the Sponsor a management fee (the "Sponsor Fee"), calculated daily and paid monthly, equal to the greater of 0.15% of its average daily net assets, or \$75,000.
- (2) The Fund pays Sit a license and service fee, paid monthly in arrears, for the use of the Benchmark Portfolio in an amount equal to 0.20% per annum of the value of the Fund's average daily net assets (the "CTA Fee" and, together with the Sponsor Fee, the "Management Fee"). For the period from the inception of the Fund through December 31, 2017, the Fund paid Sit a license and service fee for the use of the Benchmark Portfolio in an amount equal to 0.50% per annum of the value of the Fund's average daily net assets.
- (3) The Sponsor has contractually agreed to waive the Sponsor Fee and/or assume the Fund's Other Expenses (which term excludes brokerage fees, interest expense, and extraordinary expenses) so that the Fund's Total Annual Fund Expenses do not exceed 1.00% per annum through January 31, 2019. After that date, the expense limitation may be terminated and Fund shareholders may incur expenses higher than 1.00% annually, potentially significantly higher. As the Fund's assets increase, Other Expenses may decrease as a percentage of the Fund's assets. Above a certain size the Other Expenses may be less than 1.26%. The Fund may also be responsible for certain non-recurring or extraordinary fees and expenses. For the period from the inception of the Fund through December 31, 2017, Sit had agreed to waive its CTA Fee and the Sponsor had contractually agreed to waive the Sponsor Fee and/or assume the Fund's Other Expenses (which term excludes brokerage fees, interest expense, and extraordinary expenses) so that the Fund's Total Annual Fund Expenses did not exceed 1.50% per annum. The audited financial statements in the Annual Report differ, as the fees and expenses in the Annual Report reflect the expense limitation in effect through December 31, 2017.

The table below shows the total dollar amount of fees and expenses paid by the Fund for the twelve-month period ended September 30, 2017.

Sponsor Fee	\$	39,710
CTA Fee	\$	81,823
Other Expenses <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	367,145
Brokerage Commissions	\$	29,039
Expenses Waived/Assumed by Sponsor or CTA <sup>(2)</sup>	\$	(243,207)
Total Annual Fund Expenses after Waivers/Assumptions <sup>(2)</sup>	\$	274,510

- (1) Other Expenses include, but are not limited to, auditing, legal, accounting and administrative, tax-preparation, regulatory reporting, wholesale support, and insurance costs, as well as professional and distribution fees.
- (2) For the period from the inception of the Fund through December 31, 2017, Sit had agreed to waive its CTA Fee and the Sponsor had contractually agreed to waive the Sponsor Fee and/or assume the Fund's Other Expenses (which term excludes brokerage fees, interest expense, and extraordinary expenses) so that the Fund's Total Annual Fund Expenses did not exceed 1.50% per annum. The fees and expenses in the table above reflect the expense limitation in effect through December 31, 2017.

### Breakeven Analysis

The breakeven analysis below indicates the approximate dollar returns and percentage returns required for the redemption value of a hypothetical initial investment in a single share of the Fund to equal the amount invested twelve months after the investment was made. For purposes of this breakeven analysis, the price of \$23.74 per share, which was the price per share at the close of trading on December 26 2017, is assumed. In order for a hypothetical investment in shares to break even over the next 12 months, assuming a selling price of \$23.74 per share, the investment would have to generate a 0.00% or \$0.00 return.

This breakeven analysis refers to the redemption of baskets by Authorized Participants and is not related to any gains an individual investor would have to achieve in order to break even. The breakeven analysis is an approximation only.

Assumed initial selling price per Share	\$	23.74
Management and CTA Fees <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	0.05
Creation Basket Fee <sup>(2)</sup>	\$	(0.01)
Estimated Brokerage Fee <sup>(3)</sup>	\$	0.02
Rebalancing Costs (0.012%)	\$	0.003
Other Expenses <sup>(4)</sup>	\$	0.19
Interest Income (1.33%) <sup>(5)</sup>	\$	(0.30)
Amount of trading income (loss) required for the Fund's NAV to break even	\$	0.00
Percentage of initial selling price per share <sup>(6)</sup>		0.00%

- (1) The Fund pays the Sponsor a management fee (the "Sponsor Fee"), calculated daily and paid monthly, equal to the greater of 0.15% of its average daily net assets, or \$75,000. The Fund also pays Sit a license and services, paid monthly in arrears, in an amount equal to 0.20% per annum of the value of the Fund's average daily net assets. The amount presented is based on the Fund's total assets as of December 26, 2017 and incorporates the Sponsor's contractual agreement to waive its management fee and/or assume Fund expenses (excluding brokerage fees, interest expense, and extraordinary expenses) to cap Total Annual Fund Expenses at 1.00% (see note 6 below).
- (2) Authorized Participants are required to pay a Creation Basket fee of \$500 for each order they place to create one or more baskets. An order must be at least one basket, which is 50,000 shares. This breakeven analysis assumes a hypothetical investment in a single share so the Creation Basket fee is \$0.01 (\$500/\$50,000).
- (3) This amount is based on estimated brokerage fees for the Fund calculated on an annualized basis.

- (4) Other Expenses are based on estimated amounts for the twelve-month period beginning on January 1, 2018, including the Sponsor's contractual agreement to waive its management fee and/or assume Fund expenses (excluding brokerage fees, interest expense, and extraordinary expenses) to cap Total Annual Fund Expenses at 1.00% (see note 6 below). The Sponsor has paid all of the expenses related to the organization of the Fund and offering of the shares in this prospectus.
- (5) The Fund earns interest on its investments and funds it deposits with the futures commission merchant and the custodian and it estimates that the interest rate will be 1.33% based on the interest rate on three-month Treasury Bills as of December 22, 2017. The actual rate may vary and not all assets of the Fund will earn interest.
- (6) The Sponsor has contractually agreed to waive the Sponsor Fee and/or assume the Fund's Other Expenses (which term excludes brokerage fees, interest expense, and extraordinary expenses) so that the Fund's Total Annual Fund Expenses do not exceed 1.00% per annum through January 31, 2019. After that date, the expense limitation may be terminated and Fund shareholders may incur expenses higher than 1.00% annually, perhaps significantly higher. The Fund may also be responsible for certain non-recurring or extraordinary fee and expenses. For the period from the inception of the Fund through December 31, 2017, Sit had agreed to waive its CTA Fee and the Sponsor had contractually agreed to waive the Sponsor Fee and/or assume the Fund's Other Expenses (which term excludes brokerage fees, interest expense, and extraordinary expenses) so that the Fund's Total Annual Fund Expenses did not exceed 1.50% per annum.

## **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

### ***Critical Accounting Policies***

The Fund's critical accounting policies are as follows:

Preparation of the financial statements and related disclosures in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires the application of appropriate accounting rules and guidance, as well as the use of estimates. The Fund's application of these policies involves judgments and the use of estimates. Actual results may differ from the estimates used and such differences could be material. The Fund holds a significant portion of its assets in futures contracts and a money market fund, which are held at fair value.

The Fund calculates its net asset value as of the NAV Calculation Time as described in the section "Calculating NAV" on page 62.

The values which are used by the Fund for its Treasury Instruments are provided by its commodity broker who uses market prices when available. In addition, the Fund estimates interest income on a daily basis using prevailing rates earned on its cash and cash equivalents. These estimates are adjusted to the actual amount received on a monthly basis and the difference, if any, is not considered material.

### **Results of Operations**

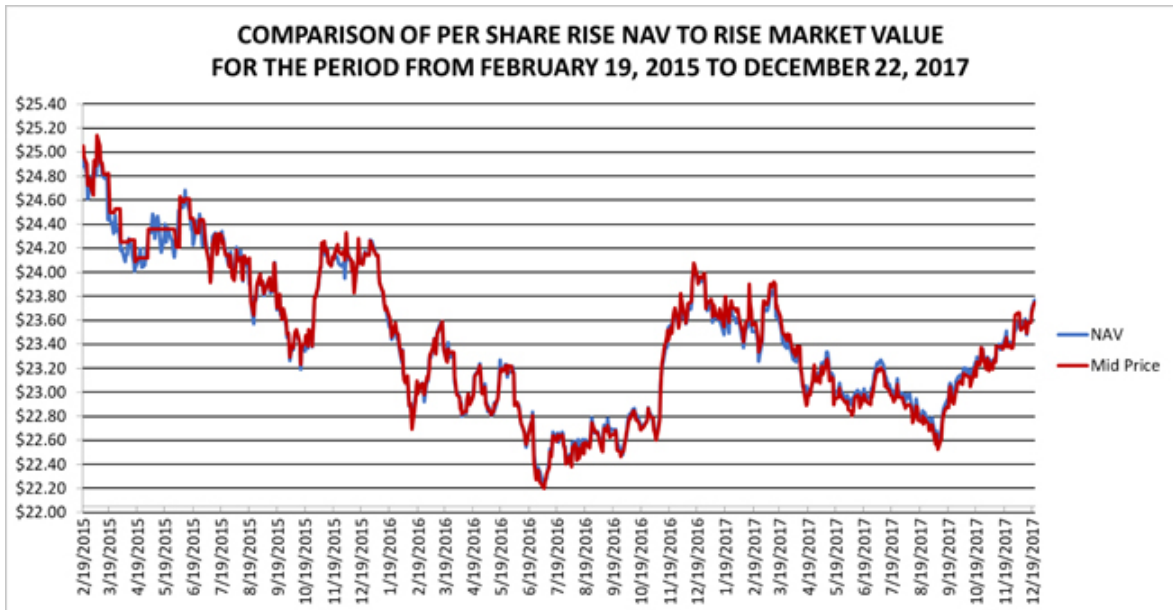
The Fund commenced investment operations on February 19, 2015 at \$25.00 per Share. The Shares have been trading on the NYSE Arca since February 19, 2015 under the symbol "RISE."

The Fund seeks to track the daily return of the Index, over time, plus the excess, if any, of the Fund's interest income from its holdings of United States Treasury Obligations, options and futures, and, if applicable, other high credit quality short-term fixed income securities over the expenses of the Fund.

The following graphs illustrate changes in (i) the price of the Shares (as reflected by the graphs "Comparison of Per Share RISE NAV to RISE Market Value For the Period from February 19, 2015 to December 22, 2017" and (ii) the Fund's NAV (as reflected by the graphs "Comparison of RISE NAV to Benchmark Index for the Period from February 19, 2015 to December 22, 2017."

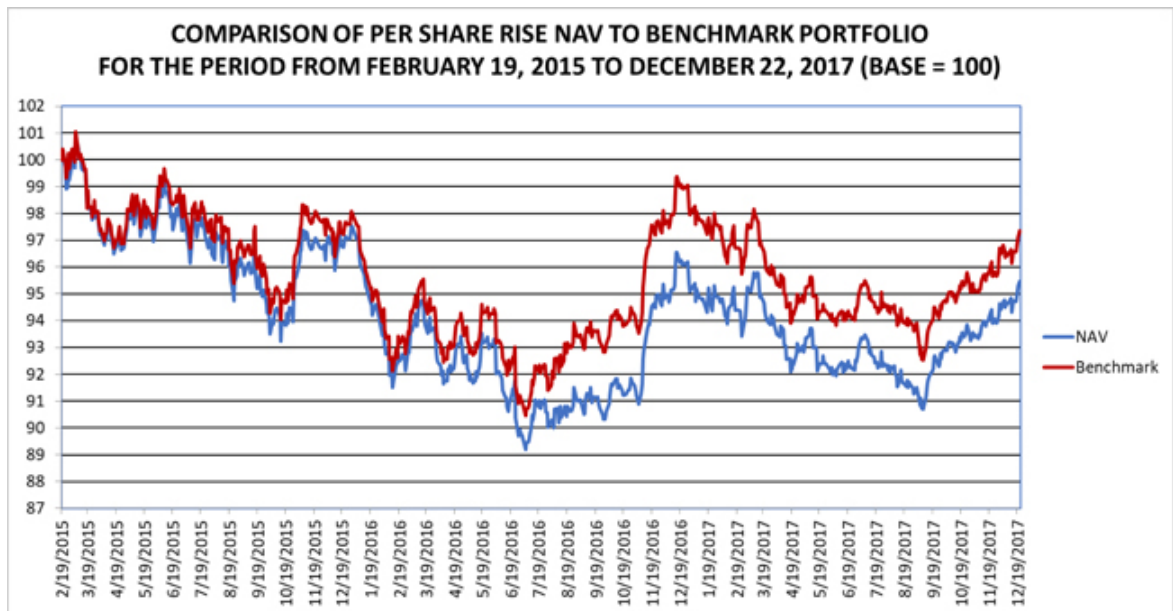
The Index is frictionless, in that it does not take into account fees or expenses associated with investing in the Fund. The performance of the Fund involves friction, in that fees and expenses impose a drag on performance.





***NEITHER THE PAST PERFORMANCE OF THE FUND NOR THE PRIOR INDEX LEVELS AND CHANGES, POSITIVE OR NEGATIVE, SHOULD BE TAKEN AS AN INDICATION OF THE FUND'S FUTURE PERFORMANCE.***

The per Share market value of RISE and its NAV tracked closely for the period from February 19, 2015 to December 22, 2017.



***NEITHER THE PAST PERFORMANCE OF THE FUND NOR THE PRIOR INDEX LEVELS AND CHANGES, POSITIVE OR NEGATIVE, SHOULD BE TAKEN AS AN INDICATION OF THE FUND'S FUTURE PERFORMANCE.***

The graph above compares the RISE NAV with the benchmark portfolio value for the period from February 19, 2015 to December 22, 2017. The difference in the NAV price and the benchmark value often results in the appearance of a NAV discount to the benchmark. The difference is related to the cumulative impact on NAV of the Fund's expenses.

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017**

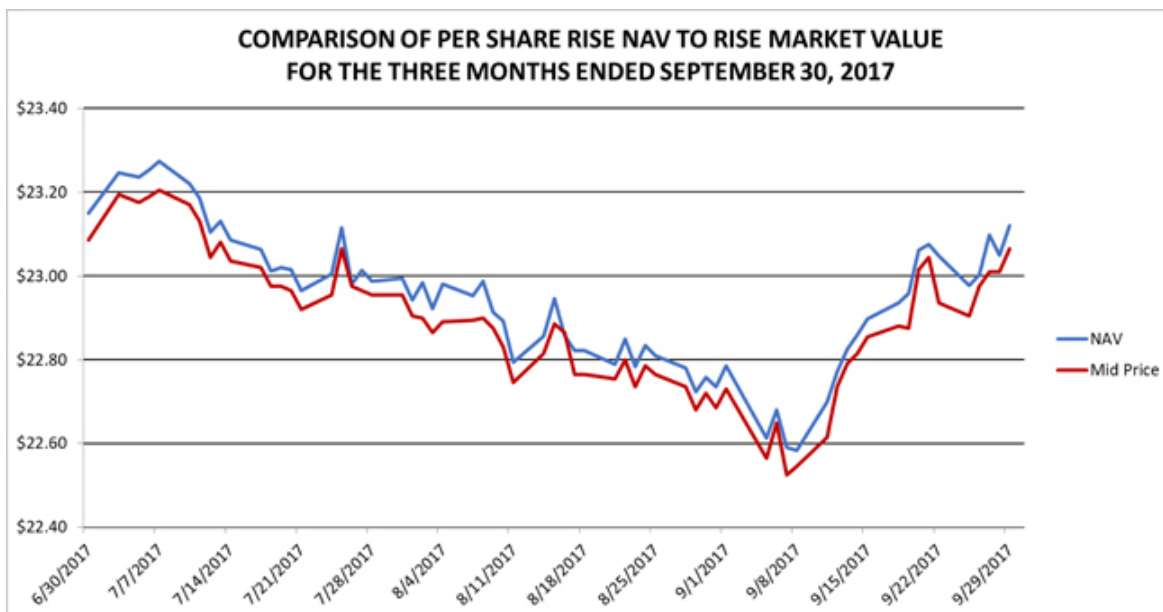
*Fund Share Price Performance*

During the year ended June 30, 2017, the NYSE Arca market value of each Share increased (+3.04%) from \$22.34 per Share, representing the closing price on June 30, 2016, to \$23.02 per Share, representing the closing price on June 30, 2017. The Share price high and low for the year ended June 30, 2017 and related change from the closing Share price on June 30, 2016 was as follows: Shares traded from a high of \$24.09 per Share (+7.83%) on December 15, 2016 and December 16, 2016 to a low of \$22.17 per Share (-0.76%) on July 5, 2016.

*Fund Share Net Asset Performance*

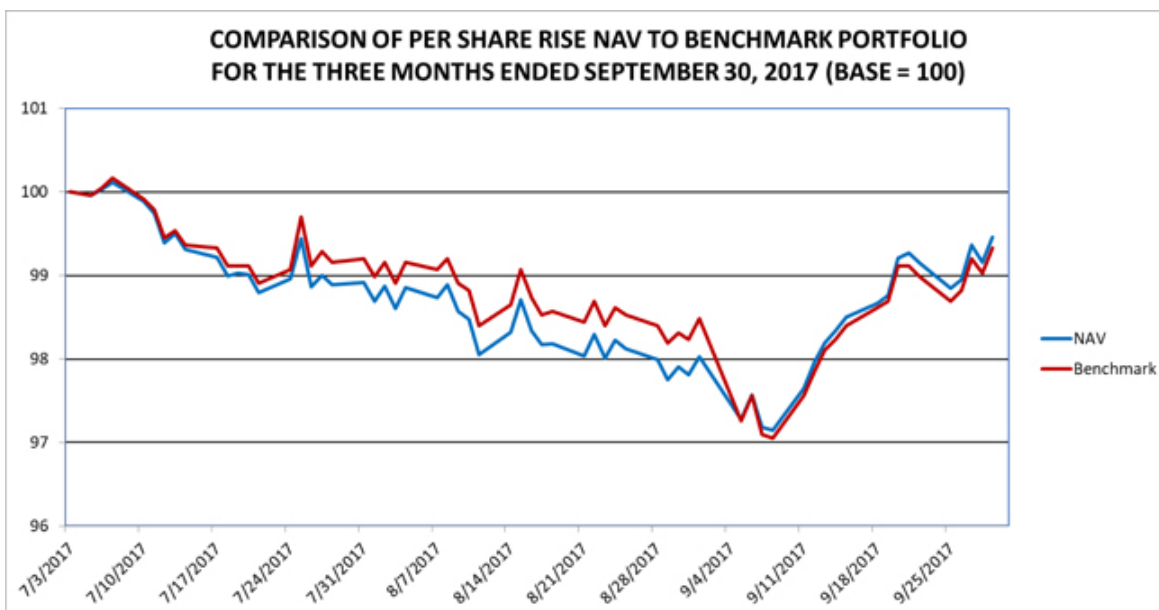
For the year ended June 30, 2017, the net asset value of each Share increased (+3.67%) from \$22.33 per Share to \$23.15 per Share. Gains in the futures and options contracts more than offset Fund expenses resulting in the overall increase in the NAV per Share during year ended June 30, 2017.

Net income for the year ended June 30, 2017, was \$234,090 resulting from net realized gains on futures and options contracts of \$52,681, net unrealized gains on futures and options contracts of \$353,864, reduced by the net investment loss of \$172,455.



***NEITHER THE PAST PERFORMANCE OF THE FUND NOR THE PRIOR INDEX LEVELS AND CHANGES, POSITIVE OR NEGATIVE, SHOULD BE TAKEN AS AN INDICATION OF THE FUND'S FUTURE PERFORMANCE.***

The per Share market value of RISE and its NAV tracked closely for the three months ended September 30, 2017.



***NEITHER THE PAST PERFORMANCE OF THE FUND NOR THE PRIOR BENCHMARK PORTFOLIO LEVELS AND CHANGES, POSITIVE OR NEGATIVE, SHOULD BE TAKEN AS AN INDICATION OF THE FUND'S FUTURE PERFORMANCE.***

The graph above compares the return of RISE with the benchmark portfolio returns for the three months ended September 30, 2017. The difference in the NAV price and the benchmark value often results in the appearance of a NAV discount to the benchmark. The difference is related to the cumulative impact on NAV of the Fund's expenses.

**FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017**

*Fund Share Price Performance*

During the three months ended September 30, 2017, the NYSE Arca market value of each Share increased (+0.04%) from \$23.02 per Share, representing the closing trade on June 30, 2017, to \$23.03 per Share, representing the closing price on September 29, 2017. The Share price high and low for the three months ended September 30, 2017 and related change from the closing Share price on June 30, 2017 was as follows: Shares traded from a high of \$23.15 per Share (+0.57%) on July 6, 2017 to a low of \$22.59 per Share (-1.87%) on August 29, 2017.

*Fund Share Net Asset Performance*

For the three months ended September 30, 2017, the net asset value of each Share decreased slightly (-0.13%) from \$23.15 per Share, representing the closing net asset value per Share on June 30, 2017, to \$23.12 per Share. While unrealized gains more than offset losses on futures and options contracts and Fund expenses, the timing of Fund Shares created and redeemed negatively impacted the otherwise positive investment performance, which resulted in the overall slight decrease in the NAV per Share during the three months ended September 30, 2017.

Net income for the three months ended September 30, 2017 was \$76,872, resulting from net unrealized gains on investments, futures and options contracts of \$221,490, net realized losses on investments, futures and options contracts of \$108,735, and the net investment loss of \$35,883.

## Credit Risk

When the Fund enters into Benchmark Component Instruments, it will be exposed to the credit risk that the counterparty will not be able to meet its obligations. For purposes of credit risk, the counterparty for the Benchmark Component Instruments traded on the CME and other futures exchanges is the clearinghouse associated with those exchanges. In general, clearinghouses are backed by their members who may be required to share in the financial burden resulting from the nonperformance of one of their members, which should significantly reduce credit risk. There can be no assurance that any counterparty, clearinghouse, or their financial backers will satisfy their obligations to the Fund.

The Sponsor will attempt to minimize certain of these market and credit risks by normally:

- executing and clearing trades with creditworthy counterparties, as determined by the Sponsor;
- limiting the outstanding amounts due from counterparties of the Fund;
- not posting margin directly with a counterparty;
- limiting the amount of margin or premium posted at the FCM; and
- ensuring that deliverable contracts are not held to such a date when delivery of an underlying asset could be called for.

The Commodity Exchange Act (“CEA”) requires all FCMs, such as the Fund’s clearing broker, to meet and maintain specified fitness and financial requirements, to segregate customer funds from proprietary funds and account separately for all customers’ funds and positions, and to maintain specified books and records open to inspection by the staff of the CFTC. The CFTC has similar authority over introducing brokers, or persons who solicit or accept orders for commodity interest trades but who do not accept margin deposits for the execution of trades. The CEA authorizes the CFTC to regulate trading by FCMs and by their officers and directors, permits the CFTC to require action by exchanges in the event of market emergencies, and establishes an administrative procedure under which customers may institute complaints for damages arising from alleged violations of the CEA. The CEA also gives the states powers to enforce its provisions and the regulations of the CFTC.

On November 14, 2013, the CFTC published final regulations that require enhanced customer protections, risk management programs, internal monitoring and controls, capital and liquidity standards, customer disclosures and auditing and examination programs for FCMs. The rules are intended to afford greater assurances to market participants that customer segregated funds and secured amounts are protected, customers are provided with appropriate notice of the risks of futures trading and of the FCMs with which they may choose to do business, FCMs are monitoring and managing risks in a robust manner, the capital and liquidity of FCMs are strengthened to safeguard the continued operations and the auditing and examination programs of the CFTC and the self-regulatory organizations are monitoring the activities of FCMs in a thorough manner.

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Fund does not anticipate making use of borrowings or other lines of credit to meet its obligations. The Fund meets its liquidity needs in the normal course of business from the proceeds of the sale of its investments or from the cash, cash equivalents and/or the collateralizing Treasury Securities that it holds. The Fund’s liquidity needs include: redeeming its shares, providing margin deposits for existing Benchmark Component Instruments, the purchase of additional Benchmark Component Instruments, and paying expenses.

The Fund generates cash primarily from (i) the sale of Creation Baskets and (ii) interest earned on cash, cash equivalents and their investments in collateralizing Treasury Securities. Generally, all of the net assets of the Fund are allocated to trading in Benchmark Component Instruments. Most of the assets of the Fund are held in Treasury Instruments, cash and/or cash equivalents that could or are used as margin or collateral for trading in Benchmark Component Instruments. The percentage that such assets bear to the total net assets will vary from period to period as the market values of the Benchmark Component Instruments change. Interest earned on interest-bearing assets of the Fund is paid to the Fund.

The investments of the Fund in Benchmark Component Instruments could be subject to periods of illiquidity because of market conditions, regulatory considerations and other reasons. Such conditions could prevent the Fund from promptly liquidating a position in Benchmark Component Instruments.

### **Market Risk**

Trading in Benchmark Component Instruments such as futures contracts will involve the Fund entering into contractual commitments to purchase or sell specific amounts of instruments at a specified date in the future. The gross or face amount of the contracts is expected to significantly exceed the future cash requirements of the Fund as the Fund intends to close out any open positions prior to the contractual expiration date. As a result, the Fund's market risk is the risk of loss arising from the decline in value of the contracts, not from the need to make delivery under the contracts. The Fund considers the "fair value" of derivative instruments to be the unrealized gain or loss on the contracts. The market risk associated with the commitment by the Fund to purchase a specific contract will be limited to the aggregate face amount of the contracts held.

The exposure of the Fund to market risk will depend on a number of factors including the markets for the specific instrument, the volatility of interest rates and foreign exchange rates, the liquidity of the instrument-specific market and the relationships among the contracts held by the Fund.

### **Regulatory Environment**

The regulation of futures markets, futures contracts, and futures exchanges has historically been comprehensive. The CFTC and the exchanges are authorized to take extraordinary actions in the event of a market emergency including, for example, the retroactive implementation of speculative position limits, increased margin requirements, the establishment of daily price limits and the suspension of trading.

The regulation of commodity interest transactions in the United States is an evolving area of law and is subject to ongoing modification by governmental and judicial action. Considerable regulatory attention has been focused on non-traditional investment pools that are publicly distributed in the United States. There is a possibility of future regulatory changes within the United States altering, perhaps to a material extent, the nature of an investment in the Fund, or the ability of the Fund to continue to implement its investment strategy. The effect of any future regulatory change on the Fund is impossible to predict but could be substantial and adverse.

The CFTC possesses exclusive jurisdiction to regulate the activities of commodity pool operators and has adopted regulations with respect to the activities of those persons and/or entities. Under the CEA, a registered CPO, such as the Sponsor, is required to make annual filings with the CFTC describing its organization, capital structure, management and controlling persons. In addition, the CEA authorizes the CFTC to require and review books and records of, and documents prepared by, registered CPOs. Pursuant to this authority, the CFTC requires CPOs to keep accurate, current and orderly records for each pool that they operate. The CFTC may suspend the registration of a commodity pool operator (1) if the CFTC finds that the operator's trading practices tend to disrupt orderly market conditions, (2) if any controlling person of the operator is subject to an order of the CFTC denying such person trading privileges on any exchange, and (3) in certain other circumstances. Suspension, restriction or termination of the Sponsor's registration as a commodity pool operator would prevent it, until that registration were to be reinstated, from managing the Fund, and might result in the termination of the Fund if a successor sponsor is not elected pursuant to the Trust Agreement.

The Fund's investors are afforded prescribed rights for reparations under the CEA. Investors may also be able to maintain a private right of action for violations of the CEA. The CFTC has adopted rules implementing the reparation provisions of the CEA, which provide that any person may file a complaint for a reparations award with the CFTC for violation of the CEA against a floor broker or an FCM, introducing broker, commodity trading advisor, CPO, and their respective associated persons.

Pursuant to authority in the CEA, the NFA has been formed and registered with the CFTC as a registered futures association. At the present time, the NFA is the only self-regulatory organization for commodity interest professionals, other than futures exchanges. The CFTC has delegated to the NFA responsibility for the registration of CPOs and FCMs and their respective associated persons. The Sponsor and the Fund's clearing broker are members of the NFA. As such, they will be subject to NFA standards relating to fair trade practices, financial condition and consumer protection. The NFA also arbitrates disputes between members and their customers and conducts registration and fitness screening of applicants for membership and audits of its existing members. Neither the Trust nor the Fund is required to become a member of the NFA.

The regulations of the CFTC and the NFA prohibit any representation by a person registered with the CFTC or by any member of the NFA, that registration with the CFTC, or membership in the NFA, in any respect indicates that the CFTC or the NFA has approved or endorsed that person or that person's trading program or objectives. The registrations and memberships of the parties described in this summary must not be considered as constituting any such approval or endorsement. Likewise, no futures exchange has given or will give any similar approval or endorsement.

Futures exchanges in the United States are subject to varying degrees of regulation under the CEA depending on whether such exchange is a designated contract market, exempt board of trade or electronic trading facility. Clearing organizations are also subject to the CEA and the rules and regulations adopted thereunder as administered by the CFTC. The CFTC's function is to implement the CEA's objectives of preventing price manipulation and excessive speculation and promoting orderly and efficient commodity interest markets. In addition, the various exchanges and clearing organizations themselves exercise regulatory and supervisory authority over their member firms.

The Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (the "Dodd-Frank Act") was enacted in response to the economic crisis of 2008 and 2009 and it significantly altered the regulatory regime to which the securities and commodities markets are subject. To date, the CFTC has issued proposed or final versions of all of the rules it is required to promulgate under the Dodd-Frank Act, and it continues to issue proposed versions of additional rules that it has authority to promulgate. The provisions of the new law include the requirement that position limits be established on a wide range of commodity interests, including agricultural, energy, and metal-based commodity futures contracts, options on such futures contracts and cleared and uncleared swaps that are economically equivalent to such futures contracts and options; new registration and recordkeeping requirements for swap market participants; capital and margin requirements for "swap dealers" and "major swap participants," as determined by the new law and applicable regulations; and the mandatory use of clearinghouse mechanisms for sufficiently standardized swap transactions that were historically entered into in the over-the-counter market.

In addition to the rules and regulations imposed under the Dodd-Frank Act, certain participants that are European banks may also be subject to European Market Infrastructure Regulation. These regulations have not yet been fully implemented.

Current rules and regulations under the Dodd-Frank Act require enhanced customer protections, risk management programs, internal monitoring and controls, capital and liquidity standards, customer disclosures and auditing and examination programs for FCMs. The rules are intended to afford greater assurances to market participants that customer segregated funds and secured amounts are protected, customers are provided with appropriate notice of the risks of futures trading and of the FCMs with which they may choose to do business, FCMs are monitoring and managing risks in a robust manner, the capital and liquidity of FCMs are strengthened to safeguard the continued operations and the auditing and examination programs of the CFTC and the self-regulatory organizations are monitoring the activities of FCMs in a thorough manner.

The effect of future regulatory change on the Fund, and the exact timing of such changes, is impossible to predict but it may be substantial and adverse. Specifically, the new law, the rules that have been promulgated thereunder, and the rules that are expected to be promulgated may negatively impact the ability of the Fund to meet its investment objectives, either through position limits or requirements imposed on it and/or on their counterparties. In particular, new position limits imposed on the Fund or any counterparties may impact the ability of the Fund to invest in a manner that most efficiently meets its investment objective. New requirements, including capital imposed on the counterparties of the Fund may increase the cost of the Fund's investments and doing business.

In addition, considerable regulatory attention has recently been focused on non-traditional publicly distributed investment pools such as the Fund. Furthermore, various national governments have expressed concern regarding the disruptive effects of speculative trading in certain commodity markets and the need to regulate the derivatives markets in general. The effect of any future regulatory change on the Fund is impossible to predict, but could be substantial and adverse.

Management believes that as of September 30, 2017 it had fulfilled in a timely manner all Dodd- Frank reporting requirements, both historical and on-going, for the categories under which the firm operates and is registered.

#### **Off Balance Sheet Financing**

As of September 30, 2017, neither the Trust nor the Fund has any loan guarantees, credit support or other off-balance sheet arrangements of any kind other than agreements entered into in the normal course of business, which may include indemnification provisions relating to certain risks service providers undertake in performing services which are in the best interests of the Fund. While the exposure of the Fund under these indemnification provisions cannot be estimated, they are not expected to have a material impact on the financial position of the Fund.

#### **Redemption Basket Obligation**

Other than as necessary to meet the investment objective of the Fund and pay the contractual obligations described below, the Fund will require liquidity to redeem Redemption Baskets. The Fund intends to satisfy this obligation through the transfer of cash of the Fund (generated, if necessary, through the sale of Treasury Instruments) in an amount proportionate to the number of Shares being redeemed.

#### **Contractual Obligations**

The Fund pays the Sponsor an annual management fee, monthly in arrears, in an amount calculated as the greater of 0.15% of its average daily net assets, or \$75,000 (the "Management Fee"). The Management Fee is paid in consideration of the Sponsor's advisory services to the Fund. Additionally, Sit receives an annual fee, monthly in arrears, for its services equal to 0.20% of the Fund's average daily net assets. The Sponsor has agreed to correspondingly assume the remaining expenses of the Fund so that Fund expenses do not exceed an annual rate of 1.00%, excluding brokerage commissions, interest expense, and extraordinary expenses, of the value of the Fund's average daily net assets. The assumption of expenses and waiver of the management fee are contractual on the part of the Sponsor through January 31, 2019. For the period from the inception of the Fund through December 31, 2017, Sit had agreed to waive its CTA Fee and the Sponsor had contractually agreed to waive the Sponsor Fee and/or assume the Fund's Other Expenses (which term excludes brokerage fees, interest expenses, and extraordinary expenses) so that the Fund's Total Annual Fund Expenses did not exceed 1.50% per annum.

The Fund's ongoing fees, costs and expenses of its operation, not subject to the Expense Cap include brokerage and other fees and commissions incurred in connection with the trading activities of the Fund, and extraordinary expenses (including, but not limited to, legal claims and liabilities and litigation costs and any indemnification related thereto). Expenses subject to the Expense Cap include (i) expenses incurred in connection with registering additional Shares of the Fund or offering Shares of the Fund; (ii) the routine expenses associated with the preparation and, if required, the printing and mailing of monthly, quarterly, annual and other reports required by applicable U.S. federal and state regulatory authorities, Trust meetings and preparing, printing and mailing proxy statements to Shareholders; (iii) the routine services of the Trustee, legal counsel and independent accountants; (iv) routine accounting, bookkeeping, custodial and transfer agency services, whether performed by an outside service provider or by affiliates of the Sponsor; (v) postage and insurance; (vi) costs and expenses associated with client relations and services; (vii) costs of preparation of all federal, state, local and foreign tax returns and any taxes payable on the income, assets or operations of the Fund.

While the Sponsor agreed to pay registration fees to the SEC and any other regulatory agency in connection with the offer and sale of the Shares offered through this prospectus, the legal, printing, accounting and other expenses associated with such registration, and the initial fee of \$7,500 for listing the Shares on the NYSE Arca, the Fund will be responsible for any registration fees and related expenses incurred in connection with any future offer and sale of Shares of the Fund in excess of the Shares offered through this prospectus.

Any general expenses of the Trust will be allocated among the Fund and any other series of the Trust as determined by the Sponsor in its sole and absolute discretion. The Trust is also responsible for extraordinary expenses, including, but not limited to, legal claims and liabilities and litigation costs and any indemnification related thereto. The Trust and/or the Sponsor may be required to indemnify the Trustee, Distributor or Administrator under certain circumstances.

The parties cannot anticipate the amount of payments that will be required under these arrangements for future periods as the NAV and trading levels to meet investment objectives for the Fund will not be known until a future date. These agreements are effective for a specific term agreed upon by the parties with an option to renew, or, in some cases, are in effect for the duration of the Fund's existence. The parties may terminate these agreements earlier for certain reasons listed in the agreements.

### **Conflicts of Interest**

There are present and potential future conflicts of interest in the Fund's structure and operation you should consider before you purchase shares. The Sponsor and Sit will use this notice of conflicts as a defense against any claim or other proceeding made. If the Sponsor or Sit is not able to resolve these conflicts of interest adequately, it may impact the Fund's ability to achieve its investment objectives. The Fund, the Sponsor and Sit may have inherent conflicts to the extent the Sponsor attempts to maintain the Fund's asset size in order to preserve its fee income.

The Sponsor's and Sit's officers, directors and employees, do not devote their time exclusively to the Fund. These persons are, or may in the future be, directors, officers or employees of other entities, including other series of the Trust, which may compete with the Fund for their services. They could have a conflict between their responsibilities to the Fund and to those other entities. The Sponsor and Sit believe that they have sufficient personnel, time, and working capital to discharge their responsibilities in a fair manner and that these persons' conflicts should not impair their ability to provide services to the Fund. The Sponsor and its principals will not invest in futures for their proprietary accounts; therefore, the Sponsor will not give preferential treatment to proprietary accounts or trade proprietary accounts ahead of or against the Fund. However, Sit and its principals may trade futures on behalf of their own accounts, other clients' accounts, and private funds, including such other parties in which Sit may have an interest. Such persons may from time-to-time take positions in their proprietary accounts which are opposite, or ahead of, the positions taken for the Fund and proprietary accounts may receive preferential treatment. Additionally, these various accounts may be deemed to be competing for the same or similar positions in the market. Depending on market liquidity and other factors, this possibility could result in Fund orders being executed at prices that are less favorable than would otherwise be the case. Moreover, the compensation terms for Sit's services may vary among client accounts, creating the potential for preferential treatment of certain accounts.

Trades for proprietary and client accounts are typically combined into one block trade for execution with all trades receiving equivalent average pricing. Notwithstanding the adoption of procedures and policies relating to proprietary trading, there is still a possibility that proprietary accounts may receive preferential treatment over the Fund. Sit and its principals will not have any obligation to shareholders to make available any information regarding other trading activities, strategies, or transactions by Sit or its principals.

The Sponsor has sole current authority to manage the investments and operations of the Fund, and this may allow it to act in a way that furthers its own interests which may create a conflict with your best interests. Security holders have limited voting control, which will limit their ability to influence matters such as amendment of the Declaration of Trust, change in the Fund's basic investment policy, dissolution of the Fund, or the sale or distribution of the Fund's assets.

The Sponsor serves as the sponsor to the Fund and the Breakwave Dry Bulk Shipping ETF, and may in the future serve as the sponsor or investment adviser to other commodity pools. The Sponsor may have a conflict to the extent that its trading decisions for the Fund may be influenced by the effect they would have on the other pools it manages.

The previous risk factors and conflicts of interest are complete as of the date of this prospectus; however, additional risks and conflicts may occur which are not presently foreseen by the Sponsor. You may not construe this prospectus as legal or tax advice. Before making an investment in this fund, you should read this entire prospectus, including the Declaration of Trust which can be found on the Fund's website at [www.risingrateetf.com](http://www.risingrateetf.com). You should also consult with your personal legal, tax, and other professional advisors.



**Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management**

<b>Series of the Trust</b>	<b>Name and Address of Beneficial Owner</b>	<b>Amount and nature of Beneficial Ownership</b>	<b>Percent of Class</b>
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To the knowledge of the management of the Fund, the following persons owned beneficially more than 5% of the Fund’s outstanding shares as of December 7, 2017. This information is based on publicly available Schedule 13D and 13G disclosures filed with the SEC.

<b>Series of the Trust</b>	<b>Name and Address of Beneficial Owner</b>	<b>Amount and nature of Beneficial Ownership</b>	<b>Percent of Class</b>
Sit Rising Rate ETF	Sit Investment Associates, Inc./ Sit Fixed Income Advisors II, LLC 3300 IDS Center 80 South Eighth Street Minneapolis, MN 55402	1,147,800 Shares	85.02%
	Childrens Hospital & Clinics US Bank NA 1555 N. Rivercenter Dr. Milwaukee, WI 53212- 3981	159,800 Shares	11.84%

**Security Ownership of Management.**

The Sponsor owns 40 shares of the Fund. As of the date of this Prospectus, none of its principals has an ownership or beneficial interest in the Fund.

**Change in Control.**

The Sponsor does not know of any arrangements which may subsequently result in a change in the control of the Trust.

**Related Party Transactions**

The Sponsor, Sit and the Distributor, who may be deemed “related persons” of the Fund under Item 404 of Regulation S-K adopted by the SEC, are entitled to receive compensation from the Fund for certain services they provide to the Fund. See “The Fund’s Service Providers – Distribution Services” and “The Fund’s Fees and Expenses” in this prospectus for a description of the services provided by the Sponsor, Sit and the Distributor and the compensation payable to them.

**Interests of Named Experts and Counsel**

The Sponsor employed Sullivan & Worcester to assist in preparing this prospectus. Neither the law firm nor any other expert hired by the Fund to give advice on the preparation of this offering document has been hired on a contingent fee basis. Nor does any such party have any present or future expectation of interest in the Sponsor, Distributor, Authorized Participants, Custodian, Administrator or other service providers to the Fund.

**Fiduciary and Regulatory Duties of the Sponsor**

The general fiduciary duties which would otherwise be imposed on the Sponsor (which would make its operation of the Trust as described herein impracticable due to the strict prohibition imposed by such duties on, for example, conflicts of interest on behalf of a fiduciary in its dealings with its beneficiaries), are replaced by the terms of the Trust Agreement (to which terms all shareholders, by subscribing to the shares, are deemed to consent).

Additionally, under the terms of the Trust Agreement, the Sponsor is required to:

- (i) Devote such of its time to the business and affairs of the Trust as it shall, in its discretion exercised in good faith, determine to be necessary to conduct the business and affairs of the Trust for the benefit of the Trust;
- (ii) Execute, file, record and/or publish all certificates, statements and other documents and do any and all other things as may be appropriate for the formation, qualification and operation of the Trust and for the conduct of its business in all appropriate jurisdictions;
- (iii) Retain independent public accountants to audit the accounts of the Trust;
- (iv) Employ attorneys to represent the Trust;
- (v) Select the Trust's Trustee, Administrator, Transfer Agent, Custodian and Commodity Broker, and any other service provider;
- (vi) Use its best efforts to maintain the status of the Trust as a "statutory trust" for state law purposes and as a "partnership" for U.S. federal income tax purposes;
- (vii) Have fiduciary responsibility for the safekeeping and use of the Trust, whether or not in the Sponsor's immediate possession or control, and the Sponsor will not employ or permit others to employ such funds or in any manner except for the benefit of the Trust, including, among other things, the utilization of any portion of the Trust Estate as compensating balances for the exclusive benefit of the Sponsor. The Sponsor shall at all times act with integrity and good faith and exercise due diligence in all activities relating to the conduct of the business of the Trust and in resolving conflicts of interest;
- (viii) Interact with the Depository, which is the Depository Trust Company, or DTC, as required;
- (ix) Delegate those of its duties hereunder as it shall determine from time to time to the Administrator or Distributor, as applicable;
- (x) Perform such other services as the Sponsor believes that the Trust may from time to time require; and
- (xi) In its sole discretion, cause the Trust to do one or more of the following: to make, refrain from making, or once having made, to revoke, the election referred to in Section 754 of the Code, and any similar election provided by state or local law, or any similar provision enacted in lieu thereof.

The Sponsor shall have no liability to the Trust or to any shareholder for any loss suffered by the Trust which arises out of any action or inaction of the Sponsor if the Sponsor, in good faith, determined that such course of conduct was in the best interest of the Trust and such course of conduct did not constitute fraud, gross negligence, bad faith, or willful misconduct of the Sponsor. Subject to the foregoing, the Sponsor shall not be personally liable for the return or repayment of all or any portion of the capital or profits of any shareholder or assignee thereof. The Sponsor shall not be liable for the conduct or misconduct of any Administrator engaged to provide administrative services to the Trust or other delegatee selected by the Sponsor with reasonable care.

Under Delaware law, a beneficial owner of a statutory trust (such as a shareholder of the Fund) may, under certain circumstances, institute legal action on behalf of himself and all other similarly situated beneficial owners (a "class action") to recover damages for violations of fiduciary duties, or on behalf of a statutory trust (a "derivative action") to recover damages from a third party where there has been a failure or refusal to institute proceedings to recover such damages. In addition, beneficial owners may have the right, subject to certain legal requirements, to bring class actions in federal court to enforce their rights under the federal securities laws and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder by the SEC. Beneficial owners who have suffered losses in connection with the purchase or sale of their beneficial interests may be able to recover such losses from the Sponsor where the losses result from a violation by the Sponsor of the anti-fraud provisions of the federal securities laws.

Under certain circumstances, shareholders also have the right to institute a reparations proceeding before the CFTC against the Sponsor (a registered commodity pool operator), an FCM, as well as those of their respective employees who are required to be registered under the CEA, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder. Private rights of action are conferred by the CEA. Investors in futures and in commodity pools may, therefore, invoke the protections provided thereunder.

The foregoing summary describing in general terms the remedies available to shareholders under federal law is based on statutes, rules and decisions as of the date of this Prospectus. As this is a rapidly developing and changing area of the law, shareholders who believe that they may have a legal cause of action against any of the foregoing parties should consult their own counsel as to their evaluation of the status of the applicable law at such time.

#### **Management; Voting by Shareholders**

The shareholders of the Fund take no part in the management or control, and have no voice in the Trust's operations or business.

The Sponsor has the right unilaterally to amend the Trust Agreement as it applies to the Trust provided that the shareholders have the right to vote only if expressly required under Delaware or federal law or rules or regulations of the NYSE Arca, or if submitted to the shareholders by the Sponsor in its sole discretion. No amendment affecting the Trustee shall be binding upon or effective against the Trustee unless consented to by the Trustee in the form of an instruction letter.

#### **Meetings**

Meetings of the Trust's shareholders may be called by the Sponsor and may be called by it upon the written request of shareholders holding at least 50% of the outstanding shares of the Trust or the Fund, as applicable. The Sponsor shall deposit in the United States mail or electronically transmit written notice to all shareholders of the Fund of the meeting and the purpose of the meeting, which shall be held on a date not less than 30 nor more than 60 days after the date of mailing of such notice, at a reasonable time and place. Where the meeting is called upon the written request of the shareholders such written notice shall be mailed or transmitted not more than 45 days after such written request for a meeting was received by the Sponsor. Any notice of meeting shall be accompanied by a description of the action to be taken at the meeting. Shareholders may vote in person or by proxy at any such meeting.

Any action required or permitted to be taken by shareholders by vote may be taken without a meeting by written consent setting forth the actions so taken. Such written consents shall be treated for all purposes as votes at a meeting. If the vote or consent of any shareholder to any action of the Trust, the Fund or any shareholder, as contemplated by the Trust Agreement, is solicited by the Sponsor, the solicitation shall be effected by notice to each shareholder given in the manner provided in accordance with the Trust Agreement. The Trust Agreement provides that shareholders are deemed to have consented to any proposals recommended by the Sponsor in the shareholder notice unless such shareholders timely object to the proposals. Therefore, a lack of a response by a shareholder will have the same effect as if that shareholder had provided affirmative written consent for the proposed action. The Sponsor and all parties dealing with the Trust may act in reliance on such deemed activity.

#### **Executive Compensation**

The Fund has no employees, officers or directors and is managed by the Sponsor. None of the directors or officers of the Sponsor receive compensation from the Fund. The Sponsor receives a management fee, paid monthly in arrears. The Sponsor's management fee is the greater of 0.15% per annum of the daily net asset value of the Fund or \$75,000.

## **Liability and Indemnification**

The Sponsor will be indemnified by the Trust against any losses, judgments, liabilities, expenses and amounts paid in settlement of any claims sustained by it in connection with its activities for the Trust, provided that (i) the Sponsor was acting on behalf of or performing services for the Trust and has determined, in good faith, that such course of conduct was in the best interests of the Trust and such liability or loss was not the result of fraud, gross negligence, bad faith, willful misconduct, or a material breach of the Trust Agreement on the part of the Sponsor and (ii) any such indemnification will only be recoverable from the Trust. All rights to indemnification permitted herein and payment of associated expenses shall not be affected by the dissolution or other cessation to exist of the Sponsor, or the withdrawal, adjudication of bankruptcy or insolvency of the Sponsor, or the filing of a voluntary or involuntary petition in bankruptcy under Title 11 of the Code by or against the Sponsor.

Notwithstanding the provisions above, the Sponsor and any broker-dealer for the Trust will not be indemnified for any losses, liabilities or expenses arising from or out of an alleged violation of U.S. federal or state securities laws unless (i) there has been a successful adjudication on the merits of each count involving alleged securities law violations as to the particular indemnitee and the court approves the indemnification of such expenses (including, without limitation, litigation costs), (ii) such claims have been dismissed with prejudice on the merits by a court of competent jurisdiction as to the particular indemnitee and the court approves the indemnification of such expenses (including, without limitation, litigation costs) or (iii) a court of competent jurisdiction approves a settlement of the claims against a particular indemnitee and finds that indemnification of the settlement and related costs should be made.

The Trust will not incur the cost of that portion of any insurance which insures any party against any liability, the indemnification of which is herein prohibited.

Expenses incurred in defending a threatened or pending civil, administrative or criminal action suit or proceeding against the Sponsor will be paid by the Trust in advance of the final disposition of such action, suit or proceeding, if (i) the legal action relates to the performance of duties or services by the Sponsor on behalf of the Trust; (ii) the legal action is initiated by a third party who is not a shareholder or the legal action is initiated by a shareholder and a court of competent jurisdiction specifically approves such advance; and (iii) the Sponsor undertakes to repay the advanced funds with interest to the Trust in cases in which it is not entitled to indemnification under this Section.

## **Termination Events**

The Trust will dissolve at any time upon the happening of any of the following events:

- The filing of a certificate of dissolution or revocation of the Sponsor's charter (and the expiration of 90 days after the date of notice to the Sponsor of revocation without a reinstatement of its charter) or upon written notice by the Sponsor of its withdrawal as Sponsor, unless (i) at the time there is at least one remaining Sponsor and that remaining Sponsor carries on the business of the Trust or (ii) within 90 days of such event of withdrawal all the remaining shareholders agree in writing to continue the business of the Trust and to select, effective as of the date of such event, one or more successor Sponsors. If the Trust is terminated as the result of an event of withdrawal and a failure of all remaining shareholders to continue the business of the Trust and to appoint a successor Sponsor as provided above within 120 days of such event of withdrawal, shareholders holding shares representing at least a majority (over 50%) of the net asset value (not including shares held by the Sponsor and its affiliates) may elect to continue the business of the Trust by forming a new statutory trust, or reconstituted trust, on the same terms and provisions as set forth in the Trust Agreement. Any such election must also provide for the election of a Sponsor to the reconstituted trust. If such an election is made, all shareholders of the Trust shall be bound thereby and continue as shareholders of the reconstituted trust.
- The occurrence of any event which would make unlawful the continued existence of the Trust.
- In the event of the suspension, revocation or termination of the Sponsor's registration as a commodity pool operator, or membership as a commodity pool operator with the NFA (if, in either case, such registration is required at such time unless at the time there is at least one remaining Sponsor whose registration or membership has not been suspended, revoked or terminated).

- The Trust becomes insolvent or bankrupt.
- The shareholders holding shares representing at least seventy-five percent (75%) of the net asset value (which excludes the shares of the Sponsor) vote to dissolve the Fund, notice of which is sent to the Sponsor not less than ninety (90) business days prior to the effective date of termination.
- The determination of the Sponsor that the aggregate net assets of the Fund in relation to the operating expenses of the Trust make it unreasonable or imprudent to continue the business of the Trust.
- The Trust is required to be registered as an investment company under the Investment Company Act of 1940.
- DTC is unable or unwilling to continue to perform its functions, and a comparable replacement is unavailable.

#### **Provisions of Law**

According to applicable law, indemnification of the Sponsor is payable only if the Sponsor has determined, in good faith, that the act, omission or conduct that gave rise to the claim for indemnification was in the best interest of the Trust and the Fund and the act, omission or activity that was the basis for such loss, liability, damage, cost or expense was not the result of negligence or misconduct and such liability or loss was not the result of negligence or misconduct by the Sponsor, and such indemnification or agreement to hold harmless is recoverable only out of the assets of the Fund.

#### ***Provisions of Federal and State Securities Laws***

This offering is made pursuant to federal and state securities laws. The SEC and state securities agencies take the position that indemnification of the Sponsor that arises out of an alleged violation of such laws is prohibited unless certain conditions are met.

These conditions require that no indemnification of the Sponsor or any underwriter for the Fund may be made in respect of any losses, liabilities or expenses arising from or out of an alleged violation of federal or state securities laws unless: (i) there has been a successful adjudication on the merits of each count involving alleged securities law violations as to the party seeking indemnification and the court approves the indemnification; (ii) such claim has been dismissed with prejudice on the merits by a court of competent jurisdiction as to the party seeking indemnification; or (iii) a court of competent jurisdiction approves a settlement of the claims against the party seeking indemnification and finds that indemnification of the settlement and related costs should be made, provided that, before seeking such approval, the Sponsor or other indemnitee must apprise the court of the position held by regulatory agencies against such indemnification. These agencies are the SEC and the securities administrator of the State or States in which the plaintiffs claim they were offered or sold interests.

#### ***Provisions of the 1933 Act and NASAA Guidelines***

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the 1933 Act may be permitted to the Sponsor or its directors, officers, or persons controlling the Trust and the Fund, the Sponsor has been informed that SEC and the various State administrators believe that such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the 1933 Act and the North American Securities Administrators Association, Inc. ("NASAA") commodity pool guidelines and is therefore unenforceable.

#### **Books and Records**

The books and records of the Fund may be made available for inspection and copying (upon payment of reasonable reproduction costs) by Shareholders of the Fund or their representatives for any purposes reasonably related to a Shareholder's interest as a beneficial owner of the Fund upon reasonable advance notice during regular business hours at the office of the Sponsor. The Sponsor will maintain and preserve the books and records of each Fund for a period of not less than six years.

## Statements, Filings, and Reports

The Trust will furnish to DTC Participants for distribution to shareholders annual reports (as of the end of each fiscal year) for the Fund as are required to be provided to shareholders by the CFTC and the NFA. These annual reports will contain financial statements prepared by the Sponsor and audited by an independent registered public accounting firm designated by the Sponsor. The Trust will also post monthly reports to the Fund's website ([www.risingrateetf.com](http://www.risingrateetf.com)). These monthly reports will contain certain unaudited financial information regarding the Fund, including the Fund's NAV. The Sponsor will furnish to the shareholders other reports or information which the Sponsor, in its discretion, determines to be necessary or appropriate. In addition, under SEC rules the Trust will be required to file quarterly and annual reports for the Fund with the SEC, which need not be sent to shareholders but will be publicly available through the SEC. The Trust will post the same information that would otherwise be provided in the Trust's CFTC, NFA and SEC reports on the Fund's website [www.risingrateetf.com](http://www.risingrateetf.com).

The Sponsor is responsible for the registration and qualification of the Shares under the federal securities laws, federal commodities laws, and laws of any other jurisdiction as the Sponsor may select. The Sponsor is responsible for preparing all required reports, but has entered into an agreement with the Administrator to prepare these reports on the Trust's behalf.

The accountants' report on its audit of the Fund's financial statements will be furnished by the Trust to shareholders upon request. The Trust will make such elections, file such tax returns, and prepare, disseminate and file such tax reports for the Fund, as it is advised by its counsel or accountants are from time to time required by any applicable statute, rule or regulation.

## Emerging Growth Company Status

The Fund is an "emerging growth company" as defined under the JOBS Act. The Fund will remain an "emerging growth company" for up to five years, or until the earliest of:

- the last day of the first fiscal year in which its total annual gross revenues exceed \$1 billion,
- the date that it becomes a "large accelerated filer" as defined in Rule 12b-2 under Exchange Act, which would occur if the market value of its shares that are held by non-affiliates exceeds \$700 million as of the last business day of its most recently completed second fiscal quarter, or
- the date on which it has issued more than \$1 billion in non-convertible debt during the preceding three year period.

As an "emerging growth company," the Fund may take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements that are applicable to other public companies that are not "emerging growth companies," including, but not limited to, not being required to comply with the auditor attestation requirements of Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act as long as it is a "non-accelerated filer," which includes issuers that had a public float of less than \$75 million as of the last business day of their most recently completed second fiscal quarter, issuers that have not been subject to the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act for a period of at least 12 calendar months and issuers that have not filed at least one annual report pursuant thereto.

In addition, Section 107 of the JOBS Act provides that an "emerging growth company" can take advantage of the extended transition period provided in Section 7(a)(2)(B) of the Securities Act for complying with new or revised accounting standards. Under this provision, an "emerging growth company" can delay the adoption of certain accounting standards until those standards would otherwise apply to private companies.

However, the Fund is choosing to "opt out" of such extended transition period and, as a result, will comply with new or revised accounting standards on the relevant dates on which adoption of such standards is required for non-emerging growth companies. Section 107 of the JOBS Act provides that this decision to opt out of the extended transition period for complying with new or revised accounting standards is irrevocable.

## **Fiscal Year**

The fiscal year of the Fund is July 1 to June 30. The Sponsor may select an alternate fiscal year.

## **Governing Law; Consent to Delaware Jurisdiction**

The rights of the Sponsor, the Fund, DTC (as registered owner of the Fund's global certificate for shares) and the shareholders, are governed by the laws of the State of Delaware. The Sponsor, the Fund, DTC, and by accepting shares, each DTC Participant and each shareholder, consent to the jurisdiction of the courts of the State of Delaware and any federal courts located in Delaware. Such consent is not required for any person to assert a claim of Delaware jurisdiction over the Sponsor or the Fund.

## **Legal Matters**

### ***Litigation and Claims***

Samuel Masucci III, a principal of the Sponsor, is a named defendant in PureShares LLC and Andrew Chanin vs. ETF Managers Group, LLC, et al., a civil action in Superior Court of New Jersey, Chancery Division, Union County. The matter is primarily a contract dispute and is currently scheduled for trial in spring, 2018. Plaintiff has alleged, inter alia, breach of contract, defamation, interference with contractual relations, misappropriation of trade secrets and intentional infliction of mental distress. The defendants believe all of the claims in the matter to be without merit and are vigorously contesting the matter.

Samuel Masucci III, a principal of the Sponsor, was a named defendant in Fox Creek Capital, Inc. vs. ETF Managers Group, LLC, et al., a civil action in Superior Court of New Jersey, Chancery Division, Union County. The matter was filed by way of Order to Show Cause on April 28, 2017, and the Plaintiff alleged breach of an NDA, misappropriation of trade secrets and confidential information, breach of covenant of good faith and fair dealing, unfair competition, fraud in the inducement, conversion, breach of fiduciary duty, constructive trust, unjust enrichment, civil conspiracy, alter ego and piercing the corporate veil. Defendants vigorously and successfully contested the matter in Court resulting in the Order to Show Cause being denied by the Court. Further, the matter was dismissed in its entirety by the Plaintiffs, by way of voluntary dismissal that was filed on May 22, 2017.

Samuel Masucci III, a principal of the Sponsor, is a named defendant in NASDAQ, Inc. vs. Exchange Traded Managers Group, LLC, et al., a civil action in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York filed on October 26, 2017. The matter is primarily a contract dispute and is not yet scheduled for trial. Plaintiff has alleged, *inter alia*, breach of contract, conversion, unfair competition, unjust enrichment, and breach of duty of good faith and fair dealing. The defendants believe all of the claims in the matter to be without merit and are vigorously contesting the matter.

### ***Legal Opinion***

Sullivan & Worcester LLP is counsel to advise the Fund, the Trust and the Sponsor with respect to the shares being offered hereby and has passed upon the validity of the shares being issued hereunder. Sullivan & Worcester LLP has also provided the Sponsor with its opinion with respect to federal income tax matters addressed herein.

### ***Experts***

WithumSmith & Brown, P.C. an independent registered public accounting firm, has audited the financial statements of the Fund. Connolly & Company, P.C., an independent certified public accounting firm, has audited the financial statements of the Sponsor.

## **U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations**

The following discussion summarizes the material U.S. federal income tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposition of shares in the Fund, and the U.S. federal income tax treatment of the Fund, as of the date hereof. This discussion is applicable to a beneficial owner of shares who purchases shares in the offering to which this prospectus relates, including a beneficial owner who purchases shares from an Authorized Participant. Except where noted otherwise, it deals only with shares held as capital assets and does not deal with special situations, such as those of dealers in securities or currencies, financial institutions, tax-exempt entities, insurance companies, persons holding shares as a part of a position in a “straddle” or as part of a “hedging,” “conversion” or other integrated transaction for federal income tax purposes, traders in securities or commodities that elect to use a mark-to-market method of accounting, or holders of shares whose “functional currency” is not the U.S. dollar. Furthermore, the discussion below is based upon the provisions of the Code, as amended, and regulations (“Treasury Regulations”), rulings and judicial decisions thereunder as of the date hereof, and such authorities may be repealed, revoked or modified so as to result in U.S. federal income tax consequences different from those discussed below.

Persons considering the purchase, ownership or disposition of shares should consult their own tax advisors concerning the United States federal income tax consequences in light of their particular situations as well as any consequences arising under the laws of any other taxing jurisdiction. As used herein, a “U.S. shareholder” of a share means a beneficial owner of a share that is, for United States federal income tax purposes, (i) a citizen or resident of the United States, (ii) a corporation or partnership created or organized in or under the laws of the United States or any political subdivision thereof, (iii) an estate the income of which is subject to United States federal income taxation regardless of its source or (iv) a trust (X) that is subject to the supervision of a court within the United States and the control of one or more United States persons as described in section 7701(a)(30) of the Code or (Y) that has a valid election in effect under applicable Treasury Regulations to be treated as a United States person. A “Non-U.S. shareholder” is a holder that is not a U.S. shareholder. If a partnership holds our shares, the tax treatment of a partner will generally depend upon the status of the partner and the activities of the partnership. If you are a partner of a partnership holding our shares, you should consult your own tax advisor regarding the tax consequences.

The Sponsor, on behalf of the Fund, has received the opinion of Sullivan & Worcester LLP, counsel to the Fund, that the material U.S. federal income tax consequences to the Fund and to U.S. shareholders and Non-U.S. shareholders will be as described below. In rendering its opinion, Sullivan & Worcester LLP has relied on the facts described in this prospectus as well as certain factual representations made by the Fund and the Sponsor. The opinion of Sullivan & Worcester LLP is not binding on the IRS, and as a result, the IRS may not agree with the tax positions taken by the Fund. If challenged by the IRS, the Fund’s tax positions might not be sustained by the courts. No ruling has been requested from the IRS with respect to any matter affecting the Fund or prospective investors.

**EACH PROSPECTIVE INVESTOR IS ADVISED TO CONSULT ITS OWN TAX ADVISOR AS TO HOW U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF AN INVESTMENT IN THE FUND APPLY TO YOU AND AS TO HOW THE APPLICABLE STATE, LOCAL OR FOREIGN TAXES APPLY TO YOU.**

### ***Tax Status of the Fund***

The Fund is organized and operated as a statutory trust in accordance with the provisions of the Trust Agreement and Delaware law. As a statutory trust, the Fund will be taxable as a partnership unless it elects to be taxable as a corporation under current tax law. The Fund does not intend to elect to be taxable as a corporation. Even if the Fund doesn’t elect to be taxed as a corporation, under the Code, an entity classified as a partnership that is deemed to be a “publicly traded partnership” is generally taxable as a corporation for federal income tax purposes. The Code provides an exception to this general rule for a publicly traded partnership whose gross income for each taxable year of its existence consists of at least 90% “qualifying income” (“qualifying income exception”). For this purpose, section 7704 defines “qualifying income” as including, in pertinent part, interest (other than from a financial business), dividends and gains from the sale or disposition of capital assets held for the production of interest or dividends. In addition, in the case of a partnership a principal activity of which is the buying and selling of commodities (other than as inventory) or of futures, forwards and options with respect to commodities, “qualifying income” includes income and gains from such commodities and futures, forwards and options with respect to commodities. The Fund and the Sponsor have represented the following:



- At least 90% of the Fund's gross income for each taxable year will constitute "qualifying income" within the meaning of Code section 7704 (as described above);
- the Fund is organized and operated in accordance with its governing agreements and applicable law;
- the Fund has not elected, and will not elect, to be classified as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

Based in part on these representations, Sullivan & Worcester LLP is of the opinion that the Fund classifies as a partnership for federal income tax purposes and that it is not taxable as a corporation for such purposes.

If the Fund failed to satisfy the qualifying income exception in any year, other than a failure that is determined by the IRS to be inadvertent and that is cured within a reasonable time after discovery, the Fund would be taxable as a corporation for federal income tax purposes and would pay federal income tax on its income at regular corporate rates. In that event, shareholders would not report their share of the Fund's income or loss on their returns.

In addition, distributions to shareholders would be treated as dividends to the extent of the Fund's current and accumulated earnings and profits. To the extent a distribution exceeded the Fund's earnings and profits, the distribution would be treated as a return of capital to the extent of a shareholder's basis in its shares, and thereafter as gain from the sale of shares. Accordingly, if the Fund were to be taxable as a corporation, it would likely have a material adverse effect on the economic return from an investment in the Fund and on the value of the shares.

The remainder of this summary assumes that the Fund is classified as a partnership for federal income tax purposes and that it is not taxable as a corporation.

### ***U.S. Shareholders***

#### *Tax Consequences of Ownership of Shares*

*Taxation of the Fund's Income.* No U.S. federal income tax is paid by the Fund on its income. Instead, the Fund files annual information returns, and each U.S. shareholder is required to report on its U.S. federal income tax return its allocable share of the income, gain, loss and deduction of the Fund. For example, shareholders must take into account their share of ordinary income realized by the Fund from accruals of interest on U.S. Treasuries and other investments, and their share of gain from Treasury Interests. These items must be reported without regard to the amount (if any) of cash or property the shareholder receives as a distribution from the Fund during the taxable year. Consequently, a shareholder may be allocated income or gain by the Fund but receive no cash distribution with which to pay its tax liability resulting from the allocation, or may receive a distribution that is insufficient to pay such liability. Because the Sponsor currently does not intend to make distributions, it is likely that in any year in which the Fund realizes net income and/or gain a U.S. shareholder will be required to pay taxes on its allocable share of such income or gain from sources other than the Fund distributions. In addition, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012, individuals with income in excess of \$200,000 (\$250,000 in the case of married individuals filing jointly) and certain estates and trusts are subject to an additional 3.8% tax on their "net investment income," which generally includes net income from interest, dividends, annuities, royalties, and rents, and net capital gains (other than certain amounts earned from trades or businesses). Also included as income subject to the additional 3.8% tax is income from businesses involved in the trading of financial instruments or commodities.

*Allocations of the Fund's Profit and Loss.* Under Code section 704, the determination of a partner's distributive share of any item of income, gain, loss, deduction or credit is governed by the applicable organizational document unless the allocation provided by such document lacks "substantial economic effect."

An allocation that lacks substantial economic effect nonetheless will be respected if it is in accordance with the partners' interests in the partnership, determined by taking into account all facts and circumstances relating to the economic arrangements among the partners.

In general, the Fund applies a monthly closing-of-the-books convention in determining allocations of economic profit or loss to shareholders. Income, gain, loss and deduction are determined on a monthly “mark-to-market” basis, taking into account our accrued income and deductions and realized and unrealized gains and losses for the month. These items are allocated among the holders of shares in proportion to the number of shares owned by them as of the close of business on the last business day of the month. Items of taxable income, deduction, gain, loss and credit recognized by the Fund for federal income tax purposes for any taxable year are allocated among holders in a manner that equitably reflects the allocation of economic profit or loss. The allocation is intended to eliminate disparities between a partner’s basis in its partnership interest and its share of the tax bases of the partnership’s assets, so that the partner’s allocable share of taxable gain or loss on a disposition of an asset will correspond to its share of the appreciation or depreciation in the value of the asset since it acquired its interest.

The Fund applies certain conventions in determining and allocating items for tax purposes in order to reduce the complexity and costs of administration. The Sponsor believes that application of these conventions is consistent with the intent of the partnership provisions of the Code, and that the resulting allocations will have substantial economic effect or otherwise will be respected as being in accordance with shareholders’ interests in the Fund for federal income tax purposes. The Code and existing Treasury Regulations do not expressly permit adoption of all of these conventions although the monthly allocation convention described above is now permitted under recently adopted final Treasury Regulations. The Sponsor is authorized to revise our allocation method to conform to any method permitted under future Treasury Regulations.

The assumptions and conventions used in making tax allocations may cause a shareholder to be allocated more or less income or loss for federal income tax purposes than its proportionate share of the economic income or loss realized by the Fund during the period it held its shares. This “mismatch” between taxable and economic income or loss in some cases may be temporary, reversing itself in a later year when the shares are sold, but could be permanent. For example, a shareholder could be allocated income accruing before it purchased its shares, resulting in an increase in the basis of the shares (see “Tax Basis of Shares,” below). On a subsequent disposition of the shares, the additional basis might produce a capital loss the deduction of which may be limited (see “Limitations on Deductibility of Losses and Certain Expenses,” below).

*Mark to Market of Certain Exchange-Traded Contracts.* For federal income tax purposes, the Fund generally is required to use a “mark-to-market” method of accounting under which unrealized gains and losses on instruments constituting “section 1256 contracts” are recognized currently. A section 1256 contract is defined as: (1) a futures contract that is traded on or subject to the rules of a national securities exchange which is registered with the SEC, a domestic board of trade designated as a contract market by the CFTC, or any other board of trade or exchange designated by the Secretary of the Treasury, and with respect to which the amount required to be deposited and the amount that may be withdrawn depends on a system of “marking to market”; (2) a forward contract on exchange-traded foreign currencies, where the contracts are traded in the interbank market; (3) a non-equity option traded on or subject to the rules of a qualified board or exchange; (4) a dealer equity option; or (5) a dealer securities futures contract.

Under these rules, section 1256 contracts held by the Fund at the end of each taxable year, including for example futures contracts and options on futures contracts traded on a U.S. exchange or board of trade or certain foreign exchanges, are treated as if they were sold by the Fund for their fair market value on the last business day of the taxable year. A shareholder’s distributive share of the Fund’s net gain or loss with respect to each section 1256 contract generally is treated as long-term capital gain or loss to the extent of 60 percent thereof, and as short-term capital gain or loss to the extent of 40 percent thereof, without regard to the actual holding period.

Many of the Fund’s Futures Contracts and some of their other commodity interests will qualify as “section 1256 contracts” under the Code. Gain or loss recognized through disposition, termination or marking-to-market of the Fund’s section 1256 contracts will be subject to 60/40 treatment and allocated to shareholders in accordance with the monthly allocation convention. Under recently enacted legislation, cleared swaps and other commodity swaps will most likely not qualify as section 1256 contracts. If a commodity swap is not treated as a section 1256 contract, any gain or loss on the swap recognized at the time of disposition or termination will be long-term or short-term capital gain or loss depending on the holding period of the swap.

*Limitations on Deductibility of Losses and Certain Expenses.* A number of different provisions of the Code may defer or disallow the deduction of losses or expenses allocated to you by the Fund, including but not limited to those described below.

A shareholder's deduction of its allocable share of any loss of the Fund is limited to the lesser of (1) the tax basis in its shares or (2) in the case of a shareholder that is an individual or a closely held corporation, the amount which the shareholder is considered to have "at risk" with respect to our activities. In general, the amount at risk will be your invested capital plus your share of any recourse debt of the Fund for which you are liable. Losses in excess of the lesser of tax basis or the amount at risk must be deferred until years in which the Fund generates additional taxable income against which to offset such carryover losses or until additional capital is placed at risk.

Noncorporate taxpayers are permitted to deduct capital losses only to the extent of their capital gains for the taxable year plus \$3,000 of other income. Unused capital losses can be carried forward and used to offset capital gains in future years. In addition, a noncorporate taxpayer may elect to carry back net losses on section 1256 contracts to each of the three preceding years and use them to offset section 1256 contract gains in those years, subject to certain limitations. Corporate taxpayers generally may deduct capital losses only to the extent of capital gains, subject to special carryback and carryforward rules.

Expenses incurred by noncorporate taxpayers constituting "miscellaneous itemized deductions," generally including investment-related expenses (other than interest and certain other specified expenses), are not deductible for years before 2026. Although the matter is not free from doubt, we believe management fees we pay to the Sponsor and other expenses we incur constitute investment-related expenses subject to the disallowance for those years rather than expenses incurred in connection with a trade or business, and will report these expenses consistent with that interpretation. For 2026 and later years, the Code imposes additional limitations on the amount of certain itemized deductions allowable to individuals with adjusted gross income in excess of certain amounts by reducing the otherwise allowable portion of such deductions by an amount equal to the lesser of:

- 3% of the individual's adjusted gross income in excess of certain threshold amounts; or
- 80% of the amount of certain itemized deductions otherwise allowable for the taxable year.

Noncorporate shareholders generally may deduct "investment interest expense" only to the extent of their "net investment income." Investment interest expense of a shareholder will generally include any interest accrued by the Fund and any interest paid or accrued on direct borrowings by a shareholder to purchase or carry its shares, such as interest with respect to a margin account. Net investment income generally includes gross income from property held for investment (including "portfolio income" under the passive loss rules but not, absent an election, long-term capital gains or certain qualifying dividend income) less deductible expenses other than interest directly connected with the production of investment income.

To the extent that we allocate losses or expenses to you that must be deferred or disallowed as a result of these or other limitations in the Code, you may be taxed on income in excess of your economic income or distributions (if any) on your shares. As one example, you could be allocated and required to pay tax on your share of interest income accrued by the Fund for a particular taxable year, and in the same year allocated a share of a capital loss that you cannot deduct currently because you have insufficient capital gains against which to offset the loss. As another example, you could be allocated and required to pay tax on your share of interest income and capital gain for a year, but be unable to deduct some or all of your share of management fees and/or margin account interest incurred by you with respect to your shares. Shareholders are urged to consult their own professional tax advisors regarding the effect of limitations under the Code on your ability to deduct your allocable share of the Fund's losses and expenses.

*Tax Basis of Shares.* A shareholder's tax basis in its shares is important in determining (1) the amount of taxable gain it will realize on the sale or other disposition of its shares, (2) the amount of non-taxable distributions that it may receive from the Fund and (3) its ability to utilize its distributive share of any losses of the Fund on its tax return. A shareholder's initial tax basis of its shares will equal its cost for the shares plus its share of the Fund's liabilities (if any) at the time of purchase. In general, a shareholder's "share" of those liabilities will equal the sum of (i) the entire amount of any otherwise nonrecourse liability of the Fund as to which the shareholder or an affiliate is the creditor (a "partner nonrecourse liability") and (ii) a *pro rata* share of any nonrecourse liabilities of the Fund that are not partner nonrecourse liabilities as to any shareholder.

A shareholder's tax basis in its shares generally will be (1) increased by (a) its allocable share of the Fund's taxable income and gain and (b) any additional contributions by the shareholder to the Fund and (2) decreased (but not below zero) by (a) its allocable share of the Fund's tax deductions and losses and (b) any distributions by the Fund to the shareholder. For this purpose, an increase in a shareholder's share of the Fund's liabilities will be treated as a contribution of cash by the shareholder to the Fund and a decrease in that share will be treated as a distribution of cash by the Fund to the shareholder. Pursuant to certain IRS rulings, a shareholder will be required to maintain a single, "unified" basis in all shares that it owns. As a result, when a shareholder that acquired its shares at different prices sells less than all of its shares, such shareholder will not be entitled to specify particular shares (e.g., those with a higher basis) as having been sold. Rather, it must determine its gain or loss on the sale by using an "equitable apportionment" method to allocate a portion of its unified basis in its shares to the shares sold.

*Treatment of Fund Distributions.* If the Fund makes non-liquidating distributions to shareholders, such distributions generally will not be taxable to the shareholders for federal income tax purposes except to the extent that the sum of (i) the amount of cash and (ii) the fair market value of marketable securities distributed exceeds the shareholder's adjusted basis of its interest in the Fund immediately before the distribution. Any such distributions in excess of a shareholder's tax basis generally will be treated as gain from the sale or exchange of shares.

*Constructive Termination of the Partnership.* We will be considered to have been terminated for tax purposes if there is a sale or exchange of 50 percent or more of the total interests in our shares within a 12-month period. A termination would result in the closing of our taxable year for all shareholders. The closing of our taxable year may result in more than 12 months of our taxable income or loss being includable in its taxable income for the year of termination. We would be required to make new tax elections after a termination. A termination could result in tax penalties if we were unable to determine that the termination had occurred. Moreover, a termination might either accelerate the application of, or subject us to, any tax legislation enacted before the termination. For taxable years of the Fund beginning after December 31, 2017, this technical termination rule is repealed.

*Tax Consequences of Disposition of Shares.* If a shareholder sells its shares, it will recognize gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount realized and its adjusted tax basis for the shares sold. A shareholder's amount realized will be the sum of the cash or the fair market value of other property received plus its share of any Fund debt outstanding.

Gain or loss recognized by a shareholder on the sale or exchange of shares held for more than one year will generally be taxable as long-term capital gain or loss; otherwise, such gain or loss will generally be taxable as short-term capital gain or loss. A special election is available under the Treasury Regulations that will allow shareholders to identify and use the actual holding periods for the shares sold for purposes of determining whether the gain or loss recognized on a sale of shares will give rise to long-term or short-term capital gain or loss. It is expected that most shareholders will be eligible to elect, and generally will elect, to identify and use the actual holding period for shares sold. If a shareholder fails to make the election or is not able to identify the holding periods of the shares sold, the shareholder will have a split holding period in the shares sold. Under such circumstances, a shareholder will be required to determine its holding period in the shares sold by first determining the portion of its entire interest in the Fund that would give rise to long-term capital gain or loss if its entire interest were sold and the portion that would give rise to short-term capital gain or loss if the entire interest were sold. The shareholder would then treat each share sold as giving rise to long-term capital gain or loss and short-term capital gain or loss in the same proportions as if it had sold its entire interest in the Fund.

Under Section 751 of the Code, a portion of a shareholder's gain or loss from the sale of shares (regardless of the holding period for such shares), will be separately computed and taxed as ordinary income or loss to the extent attributable to "unrealized receivables" or "inventory" owned by the Fund. The term "unrealized receivables" includes, among other things, market discount bonds and short-term debt instruments to the extent such items would give rise to ordinary income if sold by the Fund.

If some or all of your shares are lent by your broker or other agent to a third party - for example, for use by the third party in covering a short sale - you may be considered as having made a taxable disposition of the loaned shares, in which case -

- you may recognize taxable gain or loss to the same extent as if you had sold the shares for cash;

- any of the Fund's income, gain, loss or deduction allocable to those shares during the period of the loan will not be reportable by you for tax purposes; and
- any distributions you receive with respect to the shares will be fully taxable, most likely as ordinary income.

Shareholders desiring to avoid these and other possible consequences of a deemed disposition of their shares should consider modifying any applicable brokerage account agreements to prohibit the lending of their shares.

#### *Other Tax Matters*

*Information Reporting.* We report tax information to the beneficial owners of shares. Shareholders who have become additional shareholders are treated as partners for federal income tax purposes. The IRS has ruled that assignees of partnership interests who have not been admitted to a partnership as partners but who have the capacity to exercise substantial dominion and control over the assigned partnership interests will be considered partners for federal income tax purposes. On the basis of such ruling, except as otherwise provided herein, we treat the following persons as partners for federal income tax purposes: (1) assignees of shares who are pending admission as shareholders, and (2) shareholders whose shares are held in street name or by another nominee and who have the right to direct the nominee in the exercise of all substantive rights attendant to the ownership of their shares. The Fund will furnish shareholders each year with tax information on IRS Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), which will be used by the shareholders in completing their tax returns.

Persons who hold an interest in the Fund as a nominee for another person are required to furnish to us the following information: (1) the name, address and taxpayer identification number of the beneficial owner and the nominee; (2) whether the beneficial owner is (a) a person that is not a U.S. person, (b) a foreign government, an international organization or any wholly-owned agency or instrumentality of either of the foregoing, or (c) a tax-exempt entity; (3) the amount and description of shares acquired or transferred for the beneficial owner; and (4) certain information including the dates of acquisitions and transfers, means of acquisitions and transfers, and acquisition cost for purchases, as well as the amount of net proceeds from sales. Brokers and financial institutions are required to furnish additional information, including whether they are U.S. persons and certain information on shares they acquire, hold or transfer for their own account. A penalty of \$100 per failure, up to a maximum of \$1,500,000 per calendar year, is imposed by the Code, as amended for failure to report such information to us, which penalty amounts could be higher if the nominee intentionally disregards the requirement to report correct information. The nominee is required to supply the beneficial owner of the shares with the information furnished to us.

*Partnership Audit Procedures.* The IRS may audit the federal income tax returns filed by the Fund. Adjustments resulting from any such audit may require each shareholder to adjust a prior year's tax liability and could result in an audit of the shareholder's own return. Any audit of a shareholder's return could result in adjustments of non-partnership items as well as the Fund items. Partnerships are generally treated as separate entities for purposes of federal tax audits, judicial review of administrative adjustments by the IRS, and tax settlement proceedings. The tax treatment of partnership items of income, gain, loss and deduction are determined at the partnership level in a unified partnership proceeding rather than in separate proceedings with the shareholders. The Code provides for one shareholder to be designated as the "tax matters partner" and represent the partnership purposes of these proceedings. The Trust Agreement appoints the Sponsor as the tax matters partner of the Fund. Recent tax legislation has substantially amended the unified audit procedures applicable to partnerships. Under the revised rules, there is an increased centralization of the administrative process, including a provision that generally requires that the payment of additional taxes resulting from an IRS examination of the partnership's returns be made at the partnership level. Extensive proposed regulations have been promulgated interpreting these new provisions.

*Tax Shelter Disclosure Rules.* In certain circumstances the Code and Treasury Regulations require that the IRS be notified of taxable transactions through a disclosure statement attached to a taxpayer's United States federal income tax return. In addition, certain "material advisers" must maintain a list of persons participating in such transactions and furnish the list to the IRS upon written request. These disclosure rules may apply to transactions irrespective of whether they are structured to achieve particular tax benefits. They could require disclosure by the Fund or shareholders (1) if a shareholder incurs a loss in excess a specified threshold from a sale or redemption of its shares, (2) if the Fund engages in transactions producing differences between its taxable income and its income for financial reporting purposes, or (3) possibly in other circumstances. While these rules generally do not require disclosure of a loss recognized on the disposition of an asset in which the taxpayer has a "qualifying basis" (generally a basis equal to the amount of cash paid by the taxpayer for such asset), they apply to a loss recognized with respect to interests in a pass-through entity, such as the shares, even if the taxpayer's basis in such interests is equal to the amount of cash it paid. In addition, under recently enacted legislation, significant penalties may be imposed in connection with a failure to comply with these reporting requirements. *Investors should consult their own tax advisors concerning the application of these reporting requirements to their specific situation.*

*Tax-Exempt Organizations.* Subject to numerous exceptions, qualified retirement plans and individual retirement accounts, charitable organizations and certain other organizations that otherwise are exempt from federal income tax (collectively “exempt organizations”) nonetheless are subject to the tax on unrelated business taxable income (“UBTI”). Generally, UBTI means the gross income derived by an exempt organization from a trade or business that it regularly carries on, the conduct of which is not substantially related to the exercise or performance of its exempt purpose or function, less allowable deductions directly connected with that trade or business. If the Fund were to regularly carry on (directly or indirectly) a trade or business that is unrelated with respect to an exempt organization shareholder, then in computing its UBTI, the shareholder must include its share of (1) the Fund’s gross income from the unrelated trade or business, whether or not distributed, and (2) the Fund’s allowable deductions directly connected with that gross income.

UBTI generally does not include dividends, interest, or payments with respect to securities loans and gains from the sale of property (other than property held for sale to customers in the ordinary course of a trade or business). Nonetheless, income on, and gain from the disposition of, “debt-financed property” is UBTI. Debt-financed property generally is income-producing property (including securities), the use of which is not substantially related to the exempt organization’s tax-exempt purposes, and with respect to which there is “acquisition indebtedness” at any time during the taxable year (or, if the property was disposed of during the taxable year, the 12-month period ending with the disposition). Acquisition indebtedness includes debt incurred to acquire property, debt incurred before the acquisition of property if the debt would not have been incurred but for the acquisition, and debt incurred subsequent to the acquisition of property if the debt would not have been incurred but for the acquisition and at the time of acquisition the incurrence of debt was foreseeable. The portion of the income from debt-financed property attributable to acquisition indebtedness is equal to the ratio of the average outstanding principal amount of acquisition indebtedness over the average adjusted basis of the property for the year. The Fund currently does not anticipate that it will borrow money to acquire investments; however, the Fund cannot be certain that it will not borrow for such purpose in the future. In addition, an exempt organization shareholder that incurs acquisition indebtedness to purchase its shares in the Fund may have UBTI.

The federal tax rate applicable to an exempt organization shareholder on its UBTI generally will be either the corporate or trust tax rate, depending upon the shareholder’s form of organization. The Fund may report to each such shareholder information as to the portion, if any, of the shareholder’s income and gains from the Fund for any year that will be treated as UBTI; the calculation of that amount is complex, and there can be no assurance that the Fund’s calculation of UBTI will be accepted by the Service. An exempt organization shareholder will be required to make payments of estimated federal income tax with respect to its UBTI.

*Regulated Investment Companies.* Under recently enacted legislation, interests in and income from “qualified publicly traded partnerships” satisfying certain gross income tests are treated as qualifying assets and income, respectively, for purposes of determining eligibility for regulated investment company (“RIC”) status. A RIC may invest up to 25% of its assets in interests in a qualified publicly traded partnership. The determination of whether a publicly traded partnership such as the Fund is a qualified publicly traded partnership is made on an annual basis. The Fund expects to be a qualified publicly traded partnership in each of its taxable years. However, such qualification is not assured.

#### ***Non-U.S. Shareholders***

Generally, non-U.S. persons who derive U.S. source income or gain from investing or engaging in a U.S. business are taxable on two categories of income. The first category consists of amounts that are fixed, determinable, annual and periodic income, such as interest, dividends and rent that are not connected with the operation of a U.S. trade or business (“FDAP”). The second category is income that is effectively connected with the conduct of a U.S. trade or business (“ECI”). FDAP income (other than interest that is considered “portfolio interest”) is generally subject to a 30% withholding tax, which may be reduced for certain categories of income by a treaty between the U.S. and the recipient’s country of residence. In contrast, ECI is generally subject to U.S. tax on a net basis at graduated rates upon the filing of a U.S. tax return. Where a non-U.S. person has ECI as a result of an investment in a partnership, the ECI is subject to a withholding tax at a rate of 37% for individual shareholders and a rate of 21% for corporate shareholders.

*Withholding on Allocations and Distributions.* The Code provides that a non-U.S. person who is a partner in a partnership that is engaged in a U.S. trade or business during a taxable year will also be considered to be engaged in a U.S. trade or business during that year. Classifying an activity by a partnership as an investment or an operating business is a factual determination. Under certain safe harbors in the Code, an investment fund whose activities consist of trading in stocks, securities, or commodities for its own account generally will not be considered to be engaged in a U.S. trade or business unless it is a dealer in such stocks, securities, or commodities. This safe harbor applies to investments in commodities only if the commodities are of a kind customarily dealt in on an organized commodity exchange and if the transaction is of a kind customarily consummated at such place. Although the matter is not free from doubt, the Fund believes that the activities directly conducted by the Fund do not result in the Fund being engaged in a trade or business within the United States. However, there can be no assurance that the IRS would not successfully assert that the Fund's activities constitute a U.S. trade or business.

In the event that the Fund's activities were considered to constitute a U.S. trade or business, the Fund would be required to withhold at the highest rate specified in Code section 1 (currently 37%) on distributions of our income to individual Non-U.S. Shareholders and the highest rate specified in Code section 11(b) (currently 21%) on distributions of our income to corporate Non-U.S. Shareholders, when such income is distributed. A non-U.S. shareholder with ECI will generally be required to file a U.S. federal income tax return, and the return will provide the non-U.S. shareholder with the mechanism to seek a refund of any withholding in excess of such shareholder's actual U.S. federal income tax liability. Any amount withheld by the Fund on behalf of a non-U.S. shareholder will be treated as a distribution to the non-U.S. shareholder to the extent possible. In some cases, the Fund may not be able to match the economic cost of satisfying its withholding obligations to a particular non-U.S. shareholder, which may result in such cost being borne by the Fund, generally, and accordingly, by all shareholders.

If the Fund is not treated as engaged in a U.S. trade or business, a non-U.S. shareholder may nevertheless be treated as having FDAP income, which would be subject to a 30% withholding tax (possibly subject to reduction by treaty), with respect to some or all of its distributions from the Fund or its allocable share of the Fund income. Amounts withheld on behalf of a non-U.S. shareholder will be treated as being distributed to such shareholder.

To the extent any interest income allocated to a non-U.S. shareholder that otherwise constitutes FDAP is considered "portfolio interest," neither the allocation of such interest income to the non-U.S. shareholder nor a subsequent distribution of such interest income to the non-U.S. shareholder will be subject to withholding, provided that the non-U.S. shareholder is not otherwise engaged in a trade or business in the U.S. and provides the Fund with a timely and properly completed and executed IRS Form W-8BEN or other applicable form. In general, "portfolio interest" is interest paid on debt obligations issued in registered form, unless the "recipient" owns 10% or more of the voting power of the issuer.

It is anticipated that most of the Fund's interest income will qualify as "portfolio interest." In order for the Fund to avoid withholding on any interest income allocable to non-U.S. shareholders that would qualify as "portfolio interest," it will be necessary for all non-U.S. shareholders to provide the Fund with a timely and properly completed and executed Form W-8BEN (or other applicable form). If a non-U.S. shareholder fails to provide a properly completed Form W-8BEN, the Sponsor may request that the non-U.S. shareholder provide, within 15 days after the request by the Sponsor, a properly completed Form W-8BEN. If a non-U.S. shareholder fails to comply with this request, the shares owned by such non-U.S. shareholder will be subject to redemption.

*Gain from Sale of Shares.* Gain from the sale or exchange of the shares may be taxable to a non-U.S. shareholder if the non-U.S. shareholder is a nonresident alien individual who is present in the U.S. for 183 days or more during the taxable year. In such case, the nonresident alien individual will be subject to a 30% withholding tax on the amount of such individual's gain.

*Branch Profits Tax on Corporate Non-U.S. Shareholders.* In addition to the taxes noted above, any non-U.S. shareholders that are corporations may also be subject to an additional tax, the branch profits tax, at a rate of 30%. The branch profits tax is imposed on a non-U.S. corporation's dividend equivalent amount, which generally consists of the corporation's after-tax earnings and profits that are effectively connected with the corporation's U.S. trade or business but are not reinvested in a U.S. business. This tax may be reduced or eliminated by an income tax treaty between the United States and the country in which the non-U.S. shareholder is a "qualified resident."

*Certain information reporting and withholding requirement.* Legislation that became generally effective after June 30, 2014, generally imposes a 30% withholding tax on payments of certain types of income to foreign financial institutions that fail to enter into an agreement with the United States Treasury to report certain required information with respect to accounts held by U.S. persons (or held by foreign entities that have U.S. persons as substantial owners). The types of income subject to the tax include U.S.-source interest and dividends and the gross proceeds from the sale of any property that could produce U.S.-source interest or dividends. The information required to be reported includes the identity and taxpayer identification number of each account holder that is a U.S. person and transaction activity within the holder's account. In addition, subject to certain exceptions, this legislation also imposes a 30% withholding tax on payments to foreign entities that are not financial institutions unless the foreign entity certifies that it does not have a greater than 10% U.S. owner or provides the withholding agent with identifying information on each greater than 10% U.S. owner. Depending on the status of a non-U.S. shareholder and the status of the intermediaries through which it holds shares, a non-U.S. shareholder could be subject to this 30% withholding tax with respect to distributions on its shares and proceeds from the sale of its shares. Under certain circumstances, a non-U.S. shareholder might be eligible for refund or credit of such taxes. Under Treasury Regulations, some of the provisions described above are currently operative, while others will become applicable in the next several years.

*Prospective non-U.S. shareholders should consult their tax advisor with regard to these and other issues unique to non-U.S. shareholders.*

### **Other Tax Considerations**

In addition to federal income taxes, shareholders may be subject to other taxes, such as state and local income taxes, unincorporated business taxes, business franchise taxes, and estate, inheritance or intangible taxes that may be imposed by the various jurisdictions in which the Fund does business or owns property or where the shareholders reside. Although an analysis of those various taxes is not presented here, each prospective shareholder should consider their potential impact on its investment in the Fund. It is each shareholder's responsibility to file the appropriate U.S. federal, state, local, and foreign tax returns. Sullivan & Worcester LLP has not provided an opinion concerning any aspects of state, local or foreign tax or U.S. federal tax other than those U.S. federal income tax issues discussed herein.

### **Investment by ERISA Accounts**

#### *General*

Most employee benefit plans and individual retirement accounts ("IRAs") are subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended ("ERISA") or the Code, or both. This section discusses certain considerations that arise under ERISA and the Code that a fiduciary of an employee benefit plan as defined in ERISA or a plan as defined in Section 4975 of the Code who has investment discretion should take into account before deciding to invest the plan's assets in the Fund. Employee benefit plans and plans are collectively referred to below as plans, and fiduciaries with investment discretion are referred to below as plan fiduciaries.

This summary is based on the provisions of ERISA and the Code as of the date hereof. This summary is not intended to be complete, but only to address certain questions under ERISA and the Code likely to be raised by your advisors. The summary does not include state or local law.

**Potential plan investors are urged to consult with their own professional advisors concerning the appropriateness of an investment in the Fund and the manner in which shares should be purchased.**



### ***Special Investment Considerations***

Each plan fiduciary must consider the facts and circumstances that are relevant to an investment in the Fund, including the role that an investment in the Fund would play in the plan's overall investment portfolio. Each plan fiduciary, before deciding to invest in the Fund, must be satisfied that the investment is prudent for the plan, that the investments of the plan are diversified so as to minimize the risk of large losses and that an investment in the Fund complies with the terms of the plan.

### ***The Fund and Plan Assets***

A regulation issued under ERISA contains rules for determining when an investment by a plan in an equity interest of a Delaware business trust will result in the underlying assets of the Delaware business trust being deemed plan assets for purposes of ERISA and Section 4975 of the Code. Those rules provide that assets of a Delaware business trust will not be plan assets of a plan that purchases an equity interest in the Delaware business trust if the equity interest purchased is a publicly-offered security. If the underlying assets of a Delaware business trust are considered to be assets of any plan for purposes of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code, the operations of that Delaware business trust would be subject to and, in some cases, limited by, the provisions of ERISA and Section 4975 of the Code.

The publicly-offered security exception described above applies if the equity interest is a security that is:

1. freely transferable (determined based on the relevant facts and circumstances);
2. part of a class of securities that is widely held (meaning that the class of securities is owned by 100 or more investors independent of the issuer and of each other); and
3. either (a) part of a class of securities registered under Section 12(b) or 12(g) of the Exchange Act or (b) sold to the plan as part of a public offering pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933 and the class of which such security is a part is registered under the Exchange Act within 120 days (or such later time as may be allowed by the SEC) after the end of the fiscal year of the issuer in which the offering of such security occurred.

The plan asset regulations under ERISA state that the determination of whether a security is freely transferable is to be made based on all the relevant facts and circumstances. In the case of a security that is part of an offering in which the minimum investment is \$10,000 or less, the following requirements, alone or in combination, ordinarily will not affect a finding that the security is freely transferable: (1) a requirement that no transfer or assignment of the security or rights relating to the security be made that would violate any federal or state law, (2) a requirement that no transfer or assignment be made without advance written notice given to the entity that issued the security, and (3) any restriction on the substitution of assignee as a shareholder of a partnership, including a general partner consent requirement, provided that the economic benefits of ownership of the assignor may be transferred or assigned without regard to such restriction or consent (other than compliance with any of the foregoing restrictions).

The Sponsor believes that the conditions described above are satisfied with respect to the shares. The Sponsor believes that the shares therefore constitute publicly-offered securities, and the underlying assets of the Fund are not considered to constitute plan assets of any plan that purchases shares.

### ***Prohibited Transactions***

ERISA and the Code generally prohibit certain transactions involving the plan and persons who have certain specified relationships to the plan.

In general, shares may not be purchased with the assets of a plan if the Sponsor, the clearing brokers, the trading advisors (if any), or any of their affiliates, agents or employees either:

- exercise any discretionary authority or discretionary control with respect to management of the plan;

- exercise any authority or control with respect to management or disposition of the assets of the plan;
- render investment advice for a fee or other compensation, direct or indirect, with respect to any moneys or other property of the plan;
- have any authority or responsibility to render investment advice with respect to any monies or other property of the plan; or
- have any discretionary authority or discretionary responsibility in the administration of the plan.

Also, a prohibited transaction may occur under ERISA or the Code when circumstances indicate that (1) the investment in a share is made or retained for the purpose of avoiding application of the fiduciary standards of ERISA, (2) the investment in a share constitutes an arrangement under which the Fund is expected to engage in transactions that would otherwise be prohibited if entered into directly by the plan purchasing the share, (3) the investing plan, by itself, has the authority or influence to cause the Fund to engage in such transactions, or (4) a person who is prohibited from transacting with the investing plan may, but only with the aid of certain of its affiliates and the investing plan, cause the Fund to engage in such transactions with such person.

#### *Special IRA Rules*

IRAs are not subject to ERISA's fiduciary standards, but are subject to their own rules, including the prohibited transaction rules of Section 4975 of the Code, which generally mirror ERISA's prohibited transaction rules. For example, IRAs are subject to special custody rules and must maintain a qualifying IRA custodial arrangement separate and distinct from the Fund and its custodial arrangement. Otherwise, if a separate qualifying custodial arrangement is not maintained, an investment in the shares will be treated as a distribution from the IRA. Second, IRAs are prohibited from investing in certain commingled investments, and the Sponsor makes no representation regarding whether an investment in shares is an inappropriate commingled investment for an IRA. Third, in applying the prohibited transaction provisions of Section 4975 of the Code, in addition to the rules summarized above, the individual for whose benefit the IRA is maintained is also treated as the creator of the IRA. For example, if the owner or beneficiary of an IRA enters into any transaction, arrangement, or agreement involving the assets of his or her IRA to benefit the IRA owner or beneficiary (or his or her relatives or business affiliates) personally, or with the understanding that such benefit will occur, directly or indirectly, such transaction could give rise to a prohibited transaction that is not exempted by any available exemption. Moreover, in the case of an IRA, the consequences of a non-exempt prohibited transaction are that the IRA's assets will be treated as if they were distributed, causing immediate taxation of the assets (including any early distribution penalty tax applicable under Section 72 of the Code), in addition to any other fines or penalties that may apply.

#### *Exempt Plans*

Certain employee benefit plans may be governmental plans or church plans. Governmental plans and church plans are generally not subject to ERISA, nor do the above-described prohibited transaction provisions described above apply to them. These plans are, however, subject to prohibitions against certain related-party transactions under Section 503 of the Code, which operate similar to the prohibited transaction rules described above. In addition, the fiduciary of any governmental or church plan must consider any applicable state or local laws and any restrictions and duties of common law imposed upon the plan.

No view is expressed as to whether an investment in the Fund (and any continued investment in the Fund), or the operation and administration of the Fund, is appropriate or permissible for any governmental plan or church plan under Code Section 503, or under any state, county, local or other law relating to that type of plan.

**Allowing an investment in the Fund is not to be construed as a representation by the Fund, the Sponsor, any trading advisor, any clearing broker, the Distributor or legal counsel or other advisors to such parties or any other party that this investment meets some or all of the relevant legal requirements with respect to investments by any particular plan or that this investment is appropriate for any such particular plan. The person with investment discretion should consult with the plan's attorney and financial advisors as to the propriety of an investment in the Fund in light of the circumstances of the particular plan, current tax law and ERISA.**

## **Form of Shares**

### ***Registered Form***

Fund shares are issued in registered form in accordance with the Trust Agreement. U.S. Bank has been appointed registrar and transfer agent for the purpose of transferring shares in certificated form. U.S. Bank keeps a record of all limited partners and holders of the shares in certificated form in the registry (the "Register"). The Sponsor recognizes transfers of shares in certificated form only if done in accordance with the Trust Agreement. The beneficial interests in such shares are held in book-entry form through participants and/or accountholders in the Depository Trust Company ("DTC").

### ***Book Entry***

Individual certificates are not issued for the shares. Instead, shares are represented by one or more global certificates, which are deposited by the Administrator with, or on behalf of, DTC and registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC. The global certificates evidence all of the shares outstanding at any time. Shareholders are limited to (1) participants in DTC such as banks, brokers, dealers and trust companies ("DTC Participants"), (2) banks, brokers, dealers and trust companies who maintain, either directly or indirectly, a custodial relationship with, or clear through, a DTC Participant ("Indirect Participants"), and (3) persons holding interests in the shares through DTC Participants or Indirect Participants, in each case who satisfy the requirements for transfers of shares.

Shareholders will be shown on, and the transfer of shares will be effected only through, in the case of DTC Participants, the records maintained by the Depository and, in the case of Indirect Participants and Shareholders holding through a DTC Participant or an Indirect Participant, through those records or the records of the relevant DTC Participants or Indirect Participants. Shareholders are expected to receive, from or through the broker or bank that maintains the account through which the shareholders has purchased shares, a written confirmation relating to their purchase of shares.

### ***DTC***

DTC has advised us as follows. It is a limited purpose trust company organized under the laws of the State of New York and is a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Exchange Act. DTC holds securities for DTC Participants and facilitates the clearance and settlement of transactions between DTC Participants through electronic book-entry changes in accounts of DTC Participants.

### ***Transfer of Shares***

The shares are only transferable through the book-entry system of DTC. Shareholders who are not DTC Participants may transfer their shares through DTC by instructing the DTC Participant holding their shares (or by instructing the Indirect Participant or other entity through which their shares are held) to transfer the shares. Transfers are made in accordance with standard securities industry practice.

Transfers of interests in shares with DTC are made in accordance with the usual rules and operating procedures of DTC and the nature of the transfer. DTC has established procedures to facilitate transfers among the participants and/or accountholders of DTC. Because DTC can only act on behalf of DTC Participants, who in turn act on behalf of Indirect Participants, the ability of a person or entity having an interest in a global certificate to pledge such interest to persons or entities that do not participate in DTC, or otherwise take actions in respect of such interest, may be affected by the lack of a certificate or other definitive document representing such interest.

DTC has advised us that it will take any action permitted to be taken by a shareholder (including, without limitation, the presentation of a global certificate for exchange) only at the direction of one or more DTC Participants in whose account with DTC interests in global certificates are credited and only in respect of such portion of the aggregate principal amount of the global certificate as to which such DTC Participant or Participants has or have given such direction.

## Calculating NAV

The Fund's NAV is calculated by:

- Taking the current market value of its total assets;
- Subtracting any liabilities; and
- Dividing that total by the total number of outstanding shares.

The Administrator calculates the NAV of the Fund once each NYSE Arca trading day. The NAV for a particular trading day is released after 4:00 p.m. New York time. Trading during the core trading session on the NYSE Arca typically closes at 4:00 p.m. New York time. The Administrator uses the CME closing price (determined at the earlier of the close of the CME or 2:30 p.m. New York time) for the contracts traded on the CME, but calculates or determines the value of all other Fund investments using market quotations, if available, or other information customarily used to determine the fair value of such investments as of the earlier of the close of the NYSE Arca or 4:00 p.m. New York time, in accordance with the current Administrative Agency Agreement among U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, the Fund and the Sponsor. "Other information" customarily used in determining fair value includes information consisting of market data in the relevant market supplied by one or more third parties including, without limitation, relevant rates, prices, yields, yield curves, volatilities, spreads, correlations or other market data in the relevant market; or information of the types described above from internal sources if that information is of the same type used by the Fund in the regular course of its business for the valuation of similar transactions. The information may include costs of funding, to the extent costs of funding are not and would not be a component of the other information being utilized. Third parties supplying quotations or market data may include, without limitation, dealers in the relevant markets, end-users of the relevant product, information vendors, brokers and other sources of market information.

In addition, in order to provide updated information relating to the Fund for use by investors and market professionals, the NYSE Arca calculates and disseminates throughout the core trading session on each trading day an updated indicative fund value. The indicative fund value is calculated by using the prior day's closing NAV per share of the Fund as a base and updating that value throughout the trading day to reflect changes in the most recently reported trade price for the futures and options held by the Fund traded on the CME. The indicative fund value share basis disseminated during NYSE Arca core trading session hours should not be viewed as an actual real time update of the NAV, because the NAV is calculated only once at the end of each trading day based upon the relevant end of day values of the Fund's investments.

The indicative fund value is disseminated on a per share basis every 15 seconds during regular NYSE Arca core trading session hours of 9:30 a.m. New York time to 4:00 p.m. New York time. The normal trading hours of the CME are 10:00 a.m. New York time to 2:30 p.m. New York time. This means that there is a gap in time at the beginning and the end of each day during which the Fund's shares are traded on the NYSE Arca, but real-time CME trading prices for contracts traded on the CME are not available. During such gaps in time the indicative fund value will be calculated based on the end of day price of such contracts from the CME's immediately preceding trading session. In addition, other investments and U.S. Treasuries held by the Fund will be valued by the Administrator, using rates and points received from client-approved third party vendors (such as Reuters and WM Company) and advisor quotes. These investments will not be included in the indicative fund value.

The NYSE Arca disseminates the indicative fund value through the facilities of CTA/CQ High Speed Lines. In addition, the indicative fund value is published on the NYSE Arca's website and is available through on-line information services such as Bloomberg and Reuters.

Dissemination of the indicative fund value provides additional information that is not otherwise available to the public and is useful to investors and market professionals in connection with the trading of the Fund shares on the NYSE Arca. Investors and market professionals are able throughout the trading day to compare the market price of the Fund and the indicative fund value. If the market price of the Fund shares diverges significantly from the indicative fund value, market professionals will have an incentive to execute arbitrage trades. For example, if the Fund appears to be trading at a discount compared to the indicative fund value, a market professional could buy the Fund shares on the NYSE Arca and take the opposite position in Treasury Instruments. Such arbitrage trades can tighten the tracking between the market price of the Fund and the indicative fund value and thus can be beneficial to all market participants.

## **Creation and Redemption of Shares**

The Fund creates and redeems shares from time to time, but only in one or more Creation Baskets or Redemption Baskets. The creation and redemption of baskets are only made in exchange for delivery to the Fund or the distribution by the Fund of the amount of Treasuries and any cash represented by the baskets being created or redeemed, the amount of which is based on the combined NAV of the number of shares included in the baskets being created or redeemed determined as of 4:00 p.m. New York time on the day the order to create or redeem baskets is properly received.

Authorized Participants are the only persons that may place orders to create and redeem baskets. Authorized Participants must be (1) registered broker-dealers or other securities market participants, such as banks and other financial institutions, that are not required to register as broker-dealers to engage in securities transactions described below, and (2) DTC Participants. To become an Authorized Participant, a person must enter into an Authorized Participant Agreement with the Sponsor. The Authorized Participant Agreement provides the procedures for the creation and redemption of baskets and for the delivery of the Treasuries and any cash required for such creation and redemptions. The Authorized Participant Agreement and the related procedures attached thereto may be amended by the Fund, without the consent of any limited partner or shareholder or Authorized Participant. Authorized Participants will pay a transaction fee of \$500 to the Custodian for each order they place to create or redeem one or more baskets. Authorized Participants who make deposits with the Fund in exchange for baskets receive no fees, commissions or other form of compensation or inducement of any kind from either the Fund or the Sponsor, and no such person will have any obligation or responsibility to the Sponsor or the Fund to effect any sale or resale of shares.

Certain Authorized Participants are expected to be capable of participating directly in the Treasury market and the related derivatives market. In some cases, Authorized Participants or their affiliates may from time to time buy or sell Treasuries and related derivatives and may profit in these instances. The Sponsor believes that the size and operation of the Treasury market make it unlikely that an Authorized Participant's direct activities in such markets will significantly affect the price of Treasuries, related derivatives or the price of the shares.

Each Authorized Participant is required to be registered as a broker-dealer under the Exchange Act and is a member in good standing with FINRA, or exempt from being or otherwise not required to be registered as a broker-dealer or a member of FINRA, and qualified to act as a broker or dealer in the states or other jurisdictions where the nature of its business so requires. Certain Authorized Participants may also be regulated under federal and state banking laws and regulations. Each Authorized Participant has its own set of rules and procedures, internal controls and information barriers as it determines is appropriate in light of its own regulatory regime.

Under the Authorized Participant Agreement, the Sponsor has agreed to indemnify the Authorized Participants against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the 1933 Act, and to contribute to the payments the Authorized Participants may be required to make in respect of those liabilities.

The following description of the procedures for the creation and redemption of baskets is only a summary and an investor should refer to the relevant provisions of the Trust Agreement and the form of Authorized Participant Agreement for more detail.

### ***Creation Procedures***

On any business day, an Authorized Participant may place an order with the Transfer Agent, and accepted by the Distributor, to create one or more baskets. For purposes of processing purchase and redemption orders, a "business day" means any day other than a day when any of the NYSE Arca, the CME or the New York Stock Exchange is closed for regular trading. Purchase orders must be placed by 12:00 p.m. New York time or the close of regular trading on the NYSE Arca, whichever is earlier. The day on which a valid purchase order is received in accordance with the terms of the Authorized Participant Agreement is referred to as the purchase order date.

By placing a purchase order, an Authorized Participant agrees to deposit U.S. Treasuries, cash or a combination of U.S. Treasuries and cash, as described below. Prior to the delivery of baskets for a purchase order, the Authorized Participant must also have wired to the Custodian the non-refundable transaction fee due for the purchase order.

The manner by which creations are made is dictated by the terms of the Authorized Participant Agreement. By placing a purchase order, an Authorized Participant agrees to deposit U.S. Treasuries, cash, or a combination of U.S. Treasuries and cash with the Custodian of the Fund. If an Authorized Participant fails to so deposit, the order shall be cancelled.

#### ***Determination of Required Deposits***

The total deposit required to create each basket ("Creation Basket Deposit") is the amount of U.S. Treasuries and/or cash that is in the same proportion to the total assets of the Fund (net of estimated accrued but unpaid fees, expenses and other liabilities) on the purchase order date as the number of shares to be created under the purchase order is in proportion to the total number of shares outstanding on the purchase order date. The Sponsor determines, directly in its sole discretion or in consultation with the Administrator, the requirements for U.S. Treasuries and the amount of cash, including the maximum permitted remaining maturity of a Treasury and proportions of each Treasury and cash that may be included in deposits to create baskets. The Sponsor will publish such requirements at the beginning of each business day. The amount of cash deposit required is the difference between the aggregate market value of the U.S. Treasuries required to be included in a Creation Basket Deposit as of 4:00 p.m. New York time on the date the order to purchase is properly received and the total required deposit.

#### ***Delivery of Required Deposits***

An Authorized Participant who places a purchase order is responsible for transferring to the Fund's account with the Custodian the required amount of U.S. Treasuries and cash by the end of the third business day following the purchase order date. Upon receipt of the deposit amount, the Administrator directs DTC to credit the number of shares represented by the baskets ordered to the Authorized Participant's DTC account on the third business day following the purchase order date. The expense and risk of delivery and ownership of U.S. Treasuries until such U.S. Treasuries have been received by the Custodian on behalf of the Fund is borne solely by the Authorized Participant.

Because orders to purchase baskets must be placed by 12:00 p.m., New York time, but the total payment required to create a basket during the continuous offering period will not be determined until after 4:00 p.m., New York time, on the date the purchase order is received, Authorized Participants will not know the total amount of the payment required to create a basket at the time they submit an irrevocable purchase order for the basket. The Fund's NAV and the total amount of the payment required to create a basket could rise or fall substantially between the time a purchase order is submitted and the time the amount of the purchase price in respect thereof is determined.

#### ***Rejection of Purchase Orders***

The Sponsor acting by itself or through the Distributor and/or Transfer Agent shall have the absolute right but no obligation to reject a purchase order or a Creation Basket Deposit if:

- it determines that the investment alternative available to the Fund at that time will nonenable it to meet its investment objective;
- it determines that the purchase order or the Creation Basket Deposit is not in proper form;
- it believes that the purchase order or the Creation Basket Deposit would have adverse tax consequences to the Fund, the limited partners or its shareholders;

- the acceptance or receipt of the Creation Basket Deposit would, in the opinion of counsel to the Sponsor, be unlawful; or
- circumstances outside the control of the Sponsor, Distributor, Transfer Agent or Custodian make it, for all practical purposes, not feasible to process creations of baskets.

None of the Sponsor, Distributor, Transfer Agent or Custodian will be liable for the rejection of any purchase order or Creation Basket Deposit.

**Redemption Procedures.** The procedures by which an Authorized Participant can redeem one or more baskets mirror the procedures for the creation of baskets. On any business day, an Authorized Participant may place an order with the Transfer Agent, and accepted by the Distributor, to redeem one or more baskets. Redemption orders must be placed by 12:00 p.m. New York time or the close of regular trading on the NYSE Arca, whichever is earlier. A redemption order so received will be effective on the date it is received in satisfactory form in accordance with the terms of the Authorized Participant Agreement. The redemption procedures allow Authorized Participants to redeem baskets and do not entitle an individual shareholder to redeem any shares in an amount less than a Redemption Basket, or to redeem baskets other than through an Authorized Participant.

By placing a redemption order, an Authorized Participant agrees to deliver the baskets to be redeemed through DTC's book-entry system to the Fund, as described below. Prior to the delivery of the redemption distribution for a redemption order, the Authorized Participant must also have wired to the Fund's account at the Custodian the non-refundable transaction fee due for the redemption order.

The manner by which redemptions are made is dictated by the terms of the Authorized Participant Agreement. By placing a redemption order, an Authorized Participant agrees to (1) deliver the Redemption Basket to be redeemed through DTC's book-entry system to the Fund's account with the Custodian not later than 3:00 p.m. New York time on the third business day following the effective date of the redemption order ("Redemption Distribution Date"), and (2) if required by the Sponsor in its sole discretion, enter into or arrange for a block trade, an exchange for related position, or any other transaction (through itself or a designated acceptable broker) with the Fund for the sale of a number and type of futures contracts at the closing settlement price for such contracts on the Redemption Order Date. If an Authorized Participant fails to consummate (1) and (2) above, the order shall be cancelled. The number and type of contracts specified shall be determined by the Sponsor, in its sole discretion, to meet the Fund's investment objective and shall be sold as a result of the Authorized Participant's redemption of shares.

#### ***Determination of Redemption Distribution***

The redemption distribution from the Fund consists of a transfer to the redeeming Authorized Participant of an amount of U.S. Treasuries and/or cash that is in the same proportion to the total assets of the Fund (net of estimated accrued but unpaid fees, expenses and other liabilities) on the date the order to redeem is properly received as the number of shares to be redeemed under the redemption order is in proportion to the total number of shares outstanding on the date the order is received. The Sponsor, directly or in consultation with the Administrator, determines the requirements for U.S. Treasuries and the amounts of cash, including the maximum permitted remaining maturity of a Treasury, and the proportions of U.S. Treasuries and cash that may be included in distributions to redeem baskets. The Sponsor will publish an estimate of the redemption distribution per basket as of the beginning of each business day.

#### ***Delivery of Redemption Distribution***

The redemption distribution due from the Fund will be delivered to the Authorized Participant by 3:00 p.m. New York time on the third business day following the redemption order date if, by 3:00 p.m. New York time on such third business day, the Fund's DTC account has been credited with the shares represented by the baskets to be redeemed. If the Fund's DTC account has not been credited with all of the shares represented by the baskets to be redeemed by such time, the redemption distribution will be delivered to the extent of whole baskets received. Any remainder of the redemption distribution will be delivered on the next business day to the extent of remaining shares represented by the whole baskets received if the Fund receives the fee applicable to the extension of the redemption distribution date which the Sponsor may, from time to time, determine and the remaining baskets to be redeemed are credited to the Fund's DTC account by 3:00 p.m. New York time on such next business day. Any further outstanding amount of the redemption order will be cancelled. Pursuant to information from the Sponsor, the Custodian will also be authorized to deliver the redemption distribution notwithstanding that the baskets to be redeemed are not credited to the Fund's DTC account by 3:00 p.m. New York time on the third business day following the redemption order date if the Authorized Participant has collateralized its obligation to deliver the baskets through DTC's book entry-system on such terms as the Sponsor may from time to time determine.

### ***Suspension or Rejection of Redemption Orders***

The Sponsor may, in its discretion, suspend the right of redemption, or postpone the redemption settlement date, (1) for any period during which the NYSE Arca or the CME is closed other than customary weekend or holiday closings, or trading on the NYSE Arca or the CME is suspended or restricted, (2) for any period during which an emergency exists as a result of which delivery, disposal or evaluation of U.S. Treasuries is not reasonably practicable, or (3) for such other period as the Sponsor determines to be necessary for the protection of the limited partners or shareholders. For example, the Sponsor may determine that it is necessary to suspend redemptions to allow for the orderly liquidation of the Fund's assets at an appropriate value to fund a redemption. If the Sponsor has difficulty liquidating its positions, e.g., because of a market disruption event in the futures markets or a suspension of trading by the exchange where the futures contracts are listed, it may be appropriate to suspend redemptions until such time as such circumstances are rectified. None of the Sponsor, the Distributor, the Transfer Agent, the Administrator, or the Custodian will be liable to any person or in any way for any loss or damages that may result from any such suspension or postponement.

Redemption orders must be made in whole baskets. The Sponsor will reject a redemption order if the order is not in proper form as described in the Authorized Participant Agreement or if the fulfillment of the order, in the opinion of its counsel, might be unlawful. The Sponsor may also reject a redemption order if the number of shares being redeemed would reduce the remaining outstanding shares to 50,000 shares (minimum NYSE Arca listing requirement) or less, unless the Sponsor has reason to believe that the placer of the redemption order does in fact possess all the outstanding shares and can deliver them.

### ***Creation and Redemption Transaction Fee***

To compensate the Fund for its expenses in connection with the creation and redemption of baskets, an Authorized Participant is required to pay a transaction fee to the Custodian of \$500 per order to create or redeem baskets, regardless of the number of baskets in such order. An order may include multiple baskets. The transaction fee may be reduced, increased or otherwise changed by the Sponsor. The Sponsor will notify DTC of any change in the transaction fee and will not implement any increase in the fee for the redemption of baskets until 30 days after the date of the notice.

### ***Tax Responsibility***

Authorized Participants are responsible for any transfer tax, sales or use tax, stamp tax, recording tax, value added tax or similar tax or governmental charge applicable to the creation or redemption of baskets, regardless of whether or not such tax or charge is imposed directly on the Authorized Participant, and agree to indemnify the Sponsor and the Fund if they are required by law to pay any such tax, together with any applicable penalties, additions to tax and interest thereon.

### ***Secondary Market Transactions***

As noted, the Fund creates and redeems shares from time to time, but only in one or more Creation Baskets or Redemption Baskets. The creation and redemption of baskets are only made in exchange for delivery to the Fund or the distribution by the Fund of the amount of U.S. Treasuries and cash represented by the baskets being created or redeemed, the amount of which will be based on the aggregate NAV of the number of shares included in the baskets being created or redeemed determined on the day the order to create or redeem baskets is properly received.



As discussed above, Authorized Participants are the only persons that may place orders to create and redeem baskets. Authorized Participants must be registered broker-dealers or other securities market participants, such as banks and other financial institutions that are not required to register as broker-dealers to engage in securities transactions. An Authorized Participant is under no obligation to create or redeem baskets, and an Authorized Participant is under no obligation to offer to the public shares of any baskets it does create. Authorized Participants that do offer to the public shares from the baskets they create will do so at per-share offering prices that are expected to reflect, among other factors, the trading price of the shares on the NYSE Arca, the NAV of the Fund at the time the Authorized Participant purchased the Creation Baskets and the NAV of the shares at the time of the offer of the shares to the public, the supply of and demand for shares at the time of sale, and the liquidity of the futures contract market and the market for Treasury Instruments. The prices of shares offered by Authorized Participants are expected to fall between the Fund's NAV and the trading price of the shares on the NYSE Arca at the time of sale. Shares initially comprising the same basket but offered by Authorized Participants to the public at different times may have different offering prices. An order for one or more baskets may be placed by an Authorized Participant on behalf of multiple clients. Authorized Participants that make deposits with the Fund in exchange for baskets receive no fees, commissions or other form of compensation or inducement of any kind from either the Fund or the Sponsor, and no such person has any obligation or responsibility to the Sponsor or the Fund to effect any sale or resale of shares. Shares trade in the secondary market on the NYSE Arca. Shares may trade in the secondary market at prices that are lower or higher relative to their NAV per share. The amount of the discount or premium in the trading price relative to the NAV per share may be influenced by various factors, including the number of investors who seek to purchase or sell shares in the secondary market and the liquidity of the futures contracts market and the market for Treasury Instruments. While the shares trade during the core trading session on the NYSE Arca until 4:00 p.m. New York time, liquidity in the market for Treasury Interests may be reduced after the close of the CME at 2:30 p.m. New York time. As a result, during this time, trading spreads, and the resulting premium or discount, on the shares may widen.

There are a minimum number of Baskets and associated shares specified for the Fund. Once the minimum number of baskets is reached, there can be no more basket redemptions until there has been a creation basket. In such case, market makers may be less willing to purchase shares from investors in the secondary market, which may in turn limit the ability of shareholders of the Fund to sell their shares in the secondary market. As of the date of this prospectus these minimum levels for the Fund are 50,000 shares, representing one Basket.

All proceeds from the sale of Creation Baskets will be invested as quickly as practicable in the investments described in this prospectus. The Fund's cash and investments are held through the Custodian, in accounts with the Fund's commodity futures brokers or in demand deposits with highly-rated financial institutions. There is no stated maximum time period for the Fund's operations and the Fund will continue until all shares are redeemed or the Fund is liquidated pursuant to the terms of the Trust Agreement.

There is no specified limit on the maximum number of Creation Baskets that can be sold, although the Funds may not sell shares in Creation Baskets if such shares have not been registered with the SEC under an effective registration statement.

## **Plan of Distribution**

### ***Buying and Selling Shares***

Most investors buy and sell shares of the Fund in secondary market transactions through brokers. Shares trade on the NYSE Arca under the ticker symbol "RISE." Shares are bought and sold throughout the trading day like other publicly traded securities. When buying or selling shares through a broker, most investors incur customary brokerage commissions and charges. Investors are encouraged to review the terms of their brokerage account for details on applicable charges.

### ***Distributor and Authorized Participants***

The offering of the Fund's shares is a best efforts offering. The Fund continuously offers Creation Baskets consisting of 50,000 shares through the Distributor, to Authorized Participants. All Authorized Participants pay a \$500 fee for each order to create or redeem one or more Creation Baskets or Redemption Baskets. Sit Fixed Income Advisors II, LLC made an initial investment of \$5,000,000 in exchange for 200,000 shares.

The Distributor provides statutory distribution services to the Fund. The Fund pays an annual fee for its distribution services equal to 0.02% of average Fund net assets, with a minimum of \$15,000 payable annually. The fee has two components, with a portion of the fee paid to the Distributor for the statutory distribution services and a portion paid to the Sponsor for the related administrative services. In no event will the aggregate compensation paid to the Distributor and the Sponsor or any affiliate of the Sponsor in connection with the offering of shares exceed ten percent (10%) of the gross proceeds of the offering. The activities of the Distributor may result in its being deemed a participant in a distribution in a manner that would render it a statutory underwriter and subject it to the prospectus delivery and liability provisions of the 1933 Act.

The offering of baskets is being made in compliance with Conduct Rule 2310 of FINRA. Accordingly, Authorized Participants will not make any sales to any account over which they have discretionary authority without the prior written approval of a purchaser of shares.

The per share price of shares offered in Creation Baskets on any subsequent day will be the total NAV of the Fund calculated shortly after the close of the core trading session on the NYSE Arca on that day divided by the number of issued and outstanding shares. An Authorized Participant is not required to sell any specific number or dollar amount of shares.

By executing an Authorized Participant Agreement, an Authorized Participant becomes part of the group of parties eligible to purchase baskets from, and put baskets for redemption to, the Fund. An Authorized Participant is under no obligation to create or redeem baskets, and an Authorized Participant is under no obligation to offer to the public shares of any baskets it does create.

As of November 30, 2017, the Fund had the following Authorized Participants:

JP Morgan Securities LLC  
Nomura Securities International, Inc.  
Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC  
SG Americas Securities, LLC

Because new shares can be created and issued on an ongoing basis, at any point during the life of the Fund, a “distribution,” as such term is used in the 1933 Act, will be occurring. Authorized Participants, other broker-dealers and other persons are cautioned that some of their activities may result in their being deemed participants in a distribution in a manner that could render them statutory underwriters and subject them to the prospectus delivery and liability provisions of the 1933 Act. For example, the Initial Authorized Participant was a statutory underwriter with respect to its initial purchase of Creation Baskets. In addition, any purchaser who purchases shares with a view towards distribution of such shares may be deemed to be a statutory underwriter. Authorized Participants may also be required to comply with the prospectus-delivery requirements in connection with the sale of shares to customers. For example, an Authorized Participant, other broker-dealer firm or its client may be deemed a statutory underwriter if it purchases a basket from the Fund, breaks the basket down into the constituent shares and sells the shares to its customers; or if it chooses to couple the creation of a supply of new shares with an active selling effort involving solicitation of secondary market demand for the shares. Authorized Participants may also engage in secondary market transactions in shares that would not be deemed “underwriting”. For example, an Authorized Participant may act in the capacity of a broker or dealer with respect to shares that were previously distributed by other Authorized Participants. A determination of whether a particular market participant is an underwriter must take into account all the facts and circumstances pertaining to the activities of the broker-dealer or its client in the particular case, and the examples mentioned above should not be considered a complete description of all the activities that would lead to designation as an underwriter and subject them to the prospectus-delivery and liability provisions of the 1933 Act.

Dealers who are neither Authorized Participants nor “underwriters” but are nonetheless participating in a distribution (as contrasted to ordinary secondary trading transactions), and thus dealing with shares that are part of an “unsold allotment” within the meaning of Section 4(3)(C) of the 1933 Act, would be unable to take advantage of the prospectus-delivery exemption provided by Section 4(3) of the 1933 Act.

The Sponsor may qualify the shares in states selected by the Sponsor and intends that sales be made through broker-dealers who are members of FINRA. Investors intending to create or redeem baskets through Authorized Participants in transactions not involving a broker-dealer registered in such investor's state of domicile or residence should consult their legal advisor regarding applicable broker-dealer or securities regulatory requirements under the state securities laws prior to such creation or redemption.

While the Authorized Participants may be indemnified by the Sponsor, they will not be entitled to receive a discount or commission from the Fund for their purchases of Creation Baskets.

#### **Use of Proceeds**

The Sponsor causes the Fund to transfer the proceeds from the sale of Creation Baskets to the Custodian or other custodian for trading activities. The Sponsor will invest the proceeds in U.S. Treasuries with a maturity of 397 days or less, cash and/or cash equivalents and in futures contracts and options on futures contracts on U.S. Treasuries. When the Fund purchases a futures contract, the Fund is required to deposit with the selling FCM on behalf of the exchange a portion of the value of the contract or other interest as security to ensure payment for the obligation at maturity. This deposit is known as initial margin. The Fund will receive or pay, depending on market movement, variation margin as the value of the futures position increase or decreases. The Fund will pay premiums on the options contracts that it purchases. The Sponsor will invest the assets that remain after margin and collateral are posted in U.S. Treasuries, cash and/or cash equivalents. Subject to these margin and collateral requirements, the Sponsor has sole authority to determine the percentage of assets that are:

- held on deposit with the FCM or other custodian,
- used for other investments, and
- held in bank accounts to pay current obligations and as reserves.

Approximately 10% of the Fund's assets are expected to normally be committed as margin for futures contracts. However, from time to time, the percentage of assets committed as margin may be substantially more, or less, than such range. Ongoing margin and collateral payments will generally be required for exchange-traded contracts based on changes in their value. In light of the differing requirements for initial payments under exchange-traded contracts and the fluctuating nature of ongoing margin and collateral payments, it is not possible to estimate what portion of the Fund's assets will be posted as margin or collateral at any given time. The U.S. Treasuries, cash and cash equivalents held by the Fund will constitute reserves that will be available to meet ongoing margin and collateral requirements. All interest income will be used for the Fund's benefit. The Sponsor invests the balance of the Fund's assets not invested in futures or options on U.S. Treasuries with a maturity of 397 days or less, cash and cash equivalents and such funds are available as reserves for changes in margin. All interest income is used for the Fund's benefit.

An FCM, counterparty, government agency or commodity exchange could increase margin or collateral requirements applicable to the Fund to hold trading positions at any time. Moreover, margin is merely a security deposit and has no bearing on the profit or loss potential for any positions held.

The assets of the Fund posted as margin for futures contracts will be held in segregation pursuant to the CEA and CFTC regulations.

#### **Information You Should Know**

This prospectus contains information you should consider when making an investment decision about the shares. You may rely on the information contained in this prospectus. Neither the Fund nor the Sponsor has authorized any person to provide you with different information and, if anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. This prospectus is not an offer to sell the shares in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale of the shares is not permitted.

The information contained in this prospectus was obtained from us and other sources believed by us to be reliable.

You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus or any applicable prospectus supplement or any information incorporated by reference to this prospectus. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with any information that is different. If you receive any unauthorized information, you must not rely on it. You should disregard anything we said in an earlier document that is inconsistent with what is included in this prospectus or any applicable prospectus supplement or any information incorporated by reference to this prospectus. Where the context requires, when we refer to this “prospectus,” we are referring to this prospectus and (if applicable) the relevant prospectus supplement.

You should not assume that the information in this prospectus or any applicable prospectus supplement is current as of any date other than the date on the front page of this prospectus or the date on the front page of any applicable prospectus supplement.

We include cross references in this prospectus to captions in these materials where you can find further related discussions. The table of contents tells you where to find these captions.

### **Summary of Promotional and Sales Material**

The Fund will utilize the following sales material:

- the Fund’s website, [www.risingrateetf.com](http://www.risingrateetf.com);
- the Fund fact sheet available on the Fund’s website.

### **Where You Can Find More Information**

The Sponsor has filed on behalf of the Fund a registration statement on Form S-1 with the SEC under the 1933 Act. This prospectus does not contain all of the information set forth in the registration statement (including the exhibits to the registration statement), parts of which have been omitted in accordance with the rules and regulations of the SEC. For further information about the Fund or the shares, please refer to the registration statement, which you may inspect, without charge, at the public reference facilities of the SEC at the below address or online at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov), or obtain at prescribed rates from the public reference facilities of the SEC at the below address. Information about the Fund and the shares can also be obtained from the Fund’s website, which is [www.risingrateetf.com](http://www.risingrateetf.com). The Fund’s website address is only provided here as a convenience to you and the information contained on or connected to the website is not part of this prospectus or the registration statement of which this prospectus is part. The Fund is subject to the informational requirements of the Exchange Act and the Sponsor and the Fund will each, on behalf of the Fund, file certain reports and other information with the SEC. The Sponsor will file an updated prospectus annually for the Fund pursuant to the 1933 Act. The reports and other information can be inspected at the public reference facilities of the SEC located at 100 F Street, NE, Washington, D.C. 20549 and online at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov). You may also obtain copies of such material from the public reference facilities of the SEC at 100 F Street, NE, Washington, D.C. 20549, at prescribed rates. You may obtain more information concerning the operation of the public reference facilities of the SEC by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 or visiting online at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov).

### **Privacy Policy**

The Fund and the Sponsor may collect or have access to certain nonpublic personal information about current and former investors. Nonpublic personal information may include information received from investors, such as an investor’s name, social security number and address, as well as information received from brokerage firms about investor holdings and transactions in shares of the Fund.

The Fund and the Sponsor do not disclose nonpublic personal information except as required by law or as described in their Privacy Policy. In general, the Fund and the Sponsor restrict access to the nonpublic personal information they collect about investors to those of their and their affiliates’ employees and service providers who need access to such information to provide products and services to investors.

The Fund and the Sponsor maintain safeguards that comply with federal law to protect investors' nonpublic personal information. These safeguards are reasonably designed to (1) ensure the security and confidentiality of investors' records and information, (2) protect against any anticipated threats or hazards to the security or integrity of investors' records and information, and (3) protect against unauthorized access to or use of investors' records or information that could result in substantial harm or inconvenience to any investor. Third-party service providers with whom the Fund and the Sponsor share nonpublic personal information about investors must agree to follow appropriate standards of security and confidentiality, which includes safeguarding such nonpublic personal information physically, electronically and procedurally.

A copy of the Fund and the Sponsor's current Privacy Policy is provided to investors annually and is also available upon request.

#### **Incorporation By Reference of Certain Information**

We are a smaller reporting company, as defined in Rule 405 (17 CFR 230, 405) and file annual, quarterly and current reports and other information with the SEC. The rules of the SEC allow us to "incorporate by reference" information that we file with them, which means that we can disclose important information to you by referring you to those documents. The information incorporated by reference is an important part of this prospectus. All documents filed by us with the SEC pursuant to Sections 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act before the termination or completion of this offering of our shares shall be deemed to be incorporated by reference in this prospectus and to be a part of it from the filing dates of such documents. This includes but is not limited to the documents set forth below that have been previously filed with the SEC:

- Our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, filed with the SEC on September 28, 2017;
- Our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2017, filed with the SEC on November 13, 2017; and
- The Sponsor's Audited Statements of Financial Condition as of December 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014, on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 28, 2017.

Any statement contained in a document incorporated by reference in this prospectus shall be deemed to be modified or superseded for purposes of this prospectus to the extent that a statement contained in this prospectus or in any other subsequently filed document that also is or is deemed to be incorporated by reference in this prospectus modifies or supersedes such statement. Any statement so modified or superseded shall not be deemed, except as so modified or superseded, to constitute a part of this prospectus. Likewise, statements in or portions of a future document incorporated by reference in this prospectus may update and replace statements in and portions of this prospectus or the above listed documents.

Additional information about the Fund's investments is or will be available in the Fund's annual and quarterly reports. In the annual report you will find a discussion of the market conditions and investment strategies that significantly affected the Fund's performance during the last fiscal year, as applicable.

To make shareholder inquiries, for more detailed information on the Fund, or to request any of the documents incorporated by reference in this prospectus free of charge, please:

Call: 844-ETF-MGRS (844-383-6477)  
Monday through Friday  
8:00 a.m. – 8:00 p.m. (Eastern time)

Write: ETF Managers Group Commodity Trust I  
c/o ETF Managers Capital LLC  
30 Maple Street,  
Suite 2  
Summit, NJ 07901

Visit: [www.risingrateetf.com](http://www.risingrateetf.com)

Information about the Funds can be reviewed and copied at the SEC's Public Reference Room in Washington, D.C., and information on the operation of the Public Reference Room may be obtained by calling the SEC at 1-202-551-8090. Reports and other information about the Fund are available on the EDGAR Database on the SEC's Internet site at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov), and copies of this information may be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: [publicinfo@sec.gov](mailto:publicinfo@sec.gov), or by writing the SEC's Public Reference Section, Washington, D.C. 20549-1520.

No person is authorized to give any information or to make any representations about any Fund and its shares not contained in this Prospectus and you should not rely on any other information. Read and keep this Prospectus for future reference.

ETF Managers Group Commodity Trust I  
30 Maple Street, Suite 2  
Summit, NJ 07901

The Fund is distributed by  
ETFMG Financial LLC  
30 Maple Street, Suite 2  
Summit, NJ 07901

## APPENDIX A

### Glossary of Defined Terms

In this prospectus, each of the following terms has the meanings set forth after such term:

**Administrator:** U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC.

**Authorized Participant:** One that purchases or redeems Creation Baskets or Redemption Baskets, respectively, from or to the Fund.

**Business Day:** Any day other than a day when any of the NYSE Arca, the CME or the New York Stock Exchange is closed for regular trading.

**CFTC:** Commodity Futures Trading Commission, an independent agency with the mandate to regulate commodity futures and options in the United States.

**Code:** Internal Revenue Code.

**Commodity Pool:** An enterprise in which several individuals contribute funds in order to trade futures or future options collectively.

**Commodity Pool Operator or CPO:** Any person engaged in a business which is of the nature of an investment trust, syndicate, or similar enterprise, and who, in connection therewith, solicits, accepts, or receives from others, funds, securities, or property, either directly or through capital contributions, the sale of stock or other forms of securities, or otherwise, for the purpose of trading in any commodity for future delivery or commodity option on or subject to the rules of any contract market.

**Creation Basket:** A block of 50,000 shares used by the Fund to issue shares.

**Custodian:** U.S. Bank, a national banking association chartered by the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency.

**Distributor:** ETFMG Financial LLC

**Dodd-Frank Act:** The Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act that was signed into law July 21, 2010.

**DTC:** The Depository Trust Company. DTC will act as the securities depository for the shares.

**DTC Participant:** An entity that has an account with DTC.

**Exchange Act:** The Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

**FINRA:** Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, formerly the National Association of Securities Dealers.

**Fund:** Sit Rising Rate ETF, a series of the Trust.

**Indirect Participants:** Banks, brokers, dealers and trust companies that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a DTC Participant, either directly or indirectly.

**Limited Liability Company (LLC):** A type of business ownership combining several features of corporation and partnership structures.

**Margin:** The amount of equity required for an investment in futures contracts.

**NAV:** Net asset value per share of the Fund.

**NFA:** National Futures Association.

**1933 Act:** The Securities Act of 1933.

**Option:** The right, but not the obligation, to buy or sell a futures contract or forward contract at a specified price on or before a specified date.

**Prudential Regulators:** the CFTC, the SEC and the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Farm Credit System and the Federal Housing Finance Agency, collectively.

**Redemption Basket:** A block of 50,000 shares used by Authorized Participants to redeem shares.

**SEC:** Securities and Exchange Commission.

**Secondary Market:** The stock exchanges and the over-the-counter market. Securities are first issued as a primary offering to the public. When the securities are traded from that first holder to another, the issues trade in these secondary markets.

**Shareholders:** Holder of Shares.

**Shares:** Common shares representing fractional undivided beneficial interests in the Fund.

**Treasuries:** Obligations of the U.S. government.

**Trust:** The ETF Managers Group Commodity Trust I, a Delaware statutory trust.

**Valuation Day:** Any day as of which the Fund calculates its NAV.

**You:** The owner of shares.